

Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights

Below you will find a questionnaire filled in by Yuri Varela, Lawyer at *Portatax* and OPTR National Reporter of Chile.

This set of questionnaires comprises the National Reporter's assessment of the country's practice during 2024 in protecting taxpayers' rights and the level of fulfilment of the minimum standards and best practices on the practical protection of taxpayers' rights identified by Prof. Dr. Philip Baker and Prof. Dr. Pasquale Pistone at the 2015 IFA Congress on "The Practical Protection of Taxpayers' Fundamental Rights."

OPTR - 2024 Questionnaire 1 - Country Practice

Dear National Reporter,

I would like to thank you for your participation in the IBFD's Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights (OPTR).

This form collects the information on the practical implementation in domestic law of legal procedures, safeguards and guarantees associated with taxpayers' rights in a wide range of situations for the practical protection of taxpayers' rights, as monitored by the IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

We kindly ask you to assess assertively (yes/no) the level of practical implementation of said procedures, safeguards and guarantees associated with taxpayers' rights in your country. When answering, please bear in mind the actual practice regarding each situation, regardless of whether a given procedure, safeguard or guarantee has been formally adopted in your country.

This form should be filled in as soon as any of the events mentioned above occurs and edited as many times as necessary to cover all relevant developments occurred in 2024, until no later than 10 January 2025. We appreciate very much your cooperation in this regard.

Feel free to contact us for any clarification you may need. We look forward to your valuable contribution to this remarkable project.

Kind regards,

Dr Sam van der Vlugt Scientific Coordinator IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

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^{*} Better if filled in using Google Chrome © or Mozilla Firefox ©

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✓ Taxpayers / Tax	x Practitioners	
Tax Administr	tion	
Judiciary		
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Academia		
Other:		

Questionnaire 1 - Country Practice

Instructions:

- 1. Please answer all questions. The form will not allow you to continue/submit your responses until you have answered all questions.
- 2. For assertive questions, please answer with "yes" or "no" by clicking on the corresponding button.
- 3. For questions that require you to specify a period of time (namely, Q. 26 and Q. 45), please select the time applicable in your country to carry out the procedures indicated in the questions in practice, within the options provided.
- 4. For questions with more than one possible answer (namely, Q. 56), please check all necessary boxes to reflect better the practical situation of your country regarding the issue, by clicking on them.
- 5. When completed, please submit the survey.
- 6. Once you have submitted the survey, you will receive an email acknowledging your participation in the OPTR and providing a backup of your answers.

3. Is it possible in your country for taxpayers to communicate electronically with the tax authority?	*
Yes	
○ No	
4. If yes, are there systems in place to prevent unauthorised access to the channel of communication?	*
Yes	
○ No	
5. In your country, is there a system of "cooperative compliance" / "enhanced relationship"which applies to some taxpayers only?	*
Yes	
○ No	
5A. If yes, are there rules or procedures in place to ensure this system is available to all eligible taxpayers on a non-preferential/non discriminatory/non arbitrary basis?	*
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 5)	
Yes	
O No	

6. Are compliance obligations imposed on third parties subject to limits that ensure they are * necessary and proportionate?
Yes
No
7. Are there special arrangements for individuals who face particular difficulties (e.g. the disabled, the elderly, other special cases) to receive assistance in complying with their tax obligations?
Yes
No
7A. Are there special arrangements in circumstances of force majeure? *
Yes
O No
7B. If yes to 7A, do said arrangements operate automatically? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 7A)
○ Yes
No

Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No
Area 2 - The issue of tax assessment
8. Does a dialogue take place in your country between the taxpayer and the tax authority *before the issue of an assessment in order to reach an agreed assessment?
Yes
○ No
9. If yes, can the taxpayer request a meeting with the tax officer? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 8)
Yes
○ No
10. If a systematic error in the assessment of tax comes to light (e.g. the tax authority loses * a tax case and it is clear that tax has been collected on a wrong basis), does the tax authority act ex officio to notify all affected taxpayers and arrange repayments to them?
○ Yes
No

Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No
Area 3 - Confidentiality and data protection
N.B. From 2024 all questions of this area also refer to data protection
11. Is information held by your tax authority automatically encrypted? *
Yes
O No
11A. Do data protection rights apply to all information held by tax authorities? *
Yes
O No
11B. If yes to 11A, does it include the tight to access data and correct inaccuracies? *
Yes
○ No
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 11A)

11C. If yes to 11A, is all data (at some point) destroyed once its purpose has been fulfilled? *
Yes
No
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 11A)
12. Is access to information held by the tax authority about a specific taxpayer accessible * only to the tax official(s) dealing with that taxpayer's affairs?
Yes
O No
13. If yes, must the tax official identify himself/herself before accessing information held * about a specific taxpayer?
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 12)
Yes
O No
14. Is access to information held about a taxpayer audited internally to check if there has been any unauthorised access to that information?
Yes
○ No

14A. If yes to 14, are victims of an unauthorised disclosure entitled to be informed and paid a * compensation?
Yes
No
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 14)
15. Are there examples of tax officials who have been criminally prosecuted in the last decade for unauthorised access to taxpayers' data?
Yes
O No
15A. Are tax officials entitled to work remotely? *
Yes
O No
15B. If yes to 15A, are equivalent measures taken to ensure confidentiality and data protection to the ones that apply when the official is working from a tax office?
Yes
O No
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 15A)

15C. If yes to 15B, are those measures audited? *
YesNoNot applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 15A & 15B)
16. Is information about the tax liability of specific taxpayers publicly available in your country?
YesNo
16A. If yes to 16, is access limited only to those who have a legitimate interest? *
○ Yes○ No
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 16)
16B. Can information held by tax authorities be supplied to other authorities? *
YesNo

16C. If yes to 16 B, is the supply to other public authorities permitted only when authorised * by law and with appropriate safeguards?
Yes
O No
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 16B)
17. Is "naming and shaming" of non-compliant taxpayers practised in your country? *
O Yes
No
17A. If yes to 17, is personal data that places the individual at risk not disclosable? *
○ Yes
O No
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 17)
18. Is there a system in your country by which the courts may authorise the public disclosure * of information held by the tax authority about specific taxpayers (e.g. habeas data or freedom of information)?
○ Yes
No

18A. Is there legislation that protects whistleblowers that disclose confidential information * held by revenue authorities (or third parties holding data for tax purposes)?
Yes
○ No
19. Is there a system of protection of legally privileged communications between the taxpayer and its advisors?
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
○ Yes
No
20. If yes, does this extend to advisors other than those who are legally qualified (e.g. *accountants, tax advisors)?
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 19)
O Yes
O No

20A. Are there mandatory disclosure requirements (e.g. mandatory disclosure of tax planning arrangements)?
Yes
No
20B. If yes to 20A, are those mandatory disclosure obligations so drafted as not to affect the * relations with professional advisers?
○ Yes
○ No
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 20A)
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
○ Yes
No
Area 4 - Normal audits
21. Does the principle ne bis in idem apply to tax audits (i.e. that the taxpayer can only receive one audit in respect of the same taxable period)?
Yes
○ No

22. If yes, does this mean only one audit per tax per year? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 21)YesNo
23. Does the principle audi alteram partem apply in the tax audit process (i.e. does the taxpayer have to be notified of all decisions taken in the process and have the right to object and be heard before the decision is finalised)?
YesNo
23A. If yes to 23, does this principle also apply to online meetings? *
YesNo.
NoNot applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 23)
24. Does the taxpayer have the right to request an audit (e.g. if the taxpayer wishes to get finality of taxation for a particular year)?
YesNo

25. Are there time limits applicable to the conduct of a normal audit in your of audit must be concluded within so many months?	country (e.g. the *
Yes	
○ No	
26. If yes, what is the normal limit in months? *	Dropdown
1. There is no limit (click here if you answered "No" to question 25)	
2. 1-3 months	
3. 4-6 months	
4. 7-9 months	
5. 10-12 months	
6. 13-15 months	
7. 16-18 months	
8. 19-21 months	
9. 22-24 months	
10. More than 24 months	
27. Does the taxpayer have the right to be represented by a person of its choprocess?	pice in the audit *
Yes	
O No	

28. May the opinion of independent experts be used in the audit process? *
YesNo
29. Does the taxpayer have the right to receive a full report on the conclusions of the audit at * the end of the process?
Yes
No
29A. Once a tax audit is completed, are there rules that prevent further evidence being *
collected, further arguments being put forward and no further tax charges being brought?
Yes
No
30. Are there limits to the frequency of audits of the same taxpayer (e.g. in respect to different periods or different taxes)?
○ Yes
No

Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No
Area 5 - More intensive audits
31. Is the principle nemo tenetur applied in tax investigations (i.e. the principle against self- * incrimination?
O Yes
No
32. If yes, is there a restriction on the use of information supplied by the taxpayer in a subsequent penalty procedure/criminal procedure?
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 31)
○ Yes
○ No

 33. If yes to nemo tenetur, can the taxpayer raise this principle to refuse to supply basic accounting information to the tax authority? Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 31) Yes 	*
No	
 34. Is there a procedure applied in your country to identify a point in time during an investigation when it becomes likely that the taxpayer may be liable for a penalty or a criminal charge, and from that time onwards the taxpayer's right not to self-incriminate is recognised? Yes No 	*
35. If yes, is there a requirement to give the taxpayer a warning that the taxpayer can rely on the right of non-self-incrimination?	*
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 34)	
○ Yes	
○ No	
36. Is authorisation by a court always needed before the tax authority may enter and search premises?	*
O Yes	
No	

37. May the tax authority enter and search the dwelling places of individuals? *
YesNo
38. Is a court order required before the tax authority can use interception of communications * (e.g. telephone tapping or access to electronic communications)?
Yes
○ No
38A. Does access to bank information for tax purposes require prior judicial authorisation? *
Yes
○ No
39. Is there a procedure in place to ensure that legally privileged material is not taken in the *course of a search?
O Yes
No

39A. If evidence is collected as a result of a search that was not authorised by the judiciary is * that evidence admissible?
Yes
○ No
39B. If digital data is copied or removed, are there provisions to ensure that this does not affect the normal operation of the electronic information system?
Yes
○ No
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No
Area 6 - Reviews and appeals

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

40. Is there a procedure for an internal review of an assessment/decision before the taxpayer appeals to the judiciary?	
Yes	
○ No	
40A. Do taxpayers have an alternative of taking an appeal to an arbitration tribunal in place * of the tax courts?	
Yes	
No	
41. Does the taxpayer need permission to appeal to the first instance tribunal? *	
○ Yes	
No	
42. Does the taxpayer need permission to appeal to the second or higher instance tribunals? *	
O Yes	
No	

43. Is it necessary for the taxpayer to bring his case first before an administrative court to quash the assessment/decision, before the case can proceed to a judicial hearing?
○ Yes
No
44. Are there time limits applicable for a tax case to complete the judicial appeal process? *
O Yes
No
45. If yes, what is the normal time it takes for a tax case to be concluded on appeal?
1. There is no limit (click here if you answered "No" to question 44)
2. 1-3 months
3. 4-6 months
4. 7-9 months
5. 10-12 months
6. 13-15 months
7. 16-18 months
8. 19-21 months
9. 22-24 months
10. More than 24 months

46. Are there any arrangements for alternative dispute resolution (e.g. mediation or arbitration) before a tax case proceeds to the judiciary?
Yes
No
46A. Does a taxpayer have the right to request an online hearing or object to it? *
Yes
No
47. Is there a system for the simplified resolution of tax disputes (e.g. by a determination on * the file, or by e/filing)?
Yes
No
48. Is the principle audi alteram partem (i.e. each party has a right to a hearing) applied in all * tax appeals?
Yes
O No

49. Does the taxpayer have to pay some/all the tax before an appeal can be made (i.e. solve * et repete)?
O Yes
No
50. If yes, are there exceptions recognised where the taxpayer does not need to pay before appealing (i.e. can obtain an interim suspension of the tax debt?)
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 49)
Yes
O No
51. Does the loser have to pay the costs in a tax appeal? *
Yes
○ No
52. If yes, are there situations recognised where the loser does not need to pay the costs (e.g. because of the conduct of the other party)?
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 51)
Yes
O No

53. If there is usually a public hearing, can the taxpayer request a hearing in camera (i.e. not * in public) to preserve secrecy/confidentiality?
Yes
○ No
54. Are judgments of tax tribunals published? *
Yes
○ No
55. If yes, can the taxpayer preserve its anonymity in the judgment? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 54)
Yes
No
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to
be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No

56. Does the principle ne bis in idem apply in your country to prevent either: *	
The principle does not apply in my country	
✓ The imposition of a tax penalty and the tax liability	
✓ The imposition of more than one tax penalty for the same conduct	
The imposition of a tax penalty and a criminal liability	
57. If ne bis in idem is recognised, does this prevent two parallel sets of court proceedings arising from the same factual circumstances (e.g. a tax court and a criminal court)?	*
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 56)	
O Yes	
No	
58. If the taxpayer makes a voluntary disclosure of a tax liability, can this result in a reduced or a zero penalty?	*
Yes	
○ No	
58A. Is there a legislative cap to prevent interest, penalties and surcharges to exceed the	*
amount of tax due?	
amount of tax due?	

Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
○ Yes
No
Area 8 - Enforcement of taxes
59. Is a court order always necessary before the tax authorities can access a taxpayer's bank * account or other assets?
Yes
○ No
60. Does the taxpayer have the right to request a deferred payment of taxes or a payment in *instalments (perhaps with a guarantee)?
Yes
○ No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
○ Yes
No

61. Does the taxpayer have the right to be informed before information relating to him is exchanged in response to a specific request?	*
Yes	
O No	
62. Does the taxpayer have a right to be informed before information is sought from third parties in response to a specific request for exchange of information?	*
O Yes	
No	
63. If no to either of the previous two questions, did your country previously recognise the right of taxpayers to be informed and was such right removed in the context of the peer review by the Forum on Transparency and Exchange of Information?	*
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to either question 61 or question 62)	
O Yes	
○ No	
64. Does the taxpayer have the right to be heard by the tax authority before the exchange of information relating to him with another country?	*
O Yes	
No	

65. Does the taxpayer have the right to challenge before the judiciary the exchange of information relating to him with another country?	*
O Yes	
No	
65A. If information is sought from a third party, does that third party have the right to challenge the legality of the request before the judiciary?	*
Yes	
No	
6ED, le evaluage of information prohibited with any state if it is forescentle that the data	*
65B. Is exchange of information prohibited with any state if it is foreseeable that the data would be used in a way that is repressive or that it would undermine the protection of fundamental rights?	·
○ Yes	
No	
66. Does the taxpayer have the right to see any information received from another country that relates to him?	*
O Yes	
No	

66A. In the event of a leak of confidential information, is exchange of information with that * state suspended?
Yes
No
66B. Are there time-limits after which data that has been exchanged are to be destroyed or anonymously archived?
O Yes
No
67. Does the taxpayer have the right in all cases to require a mutual agreement procedure is * initiated?
○ Yes
No
68. Does the taxpayer have a right to see the communications exchanged in the context of a * mutual agreement procedure?
Yes
No

68A. Does a taxpayer have a right to be given a statement of reasons how a solution was reached through mutual agreement procedures?
○ Yes
No
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
O Yes
No
Area 10 - Legislation
69. Is there a prohibition on retrospective tax legislation in your country? *
O Yes
No
70. If no, are there restrictions on the adoption of retrospective tax legislation in your country?
Not applicable (click here if you answered "Yes" to question 69)
Yes
No

71. Is there a procedure in your country for public consultation before the adopting of all (or * most) tax legislation?
Yes
No
72. Is tax legislation subject to constitutional review which can strike down unconstitutional * laws?
Yes
○ No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
○ Yes
No
Area 11 - Revenue practice and guidance
73. Does the tax authority in your country publish guidance (e.g. revenue manuals, circulars, * etc.) as to how it applies your tax law?
Yes
O No

74. Does your country have a generalised system of advanced rulings available to taxpayers? *
Yes
○ No
75. If yes, is it legally binding? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 74)
Yes
No
76. If a binding ruling is refused, does the taxpayer have a right to appeal? *
Yes
No
77. If your country publishes guidance as to how it applies your tax law, can taxpayers acting * in good faith rely on that published guidance (i.e. protection of legitimate expectations)?
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 76)
Yes
○ No

Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes No
Area 12 - Institutional framework for protecting taxpayers' rights
78. Is there a taxpayers' charter or taxpayers' bill of rights in your country? *
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
Yes
○ No
79. If yes, are its provisions legally effective? *
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
○ No

80. Is there a (tax) ombudsman / taxpayers' advocate / equivalent position in your country? *
Yes
○ No
81. If yes, can the ombudsman intervene in an on-going dispute between the taxpayer and the tax authority (before it goes to court)?
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 80)
Yes
○ No
82. If yes to a (tax) ombudsman, is he/she independent from the tax authority? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 80)
Yes
O No
83. Is there a taxpayers' charter or taxpayers' bill of rights in your country? * Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
Yes
O No

84. If yes, are its provisions legally effective? * Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
○ No
85. Is there a (tax) ombudsman / taxpayers' advocate / equivalent position in your country? *
Yes
○ No
86. If yes, can the ombudsman intervene in an on-going dispute between the taxpayer and the tax authority (before it goes to court)?
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 85)
Yes
O No
87. If yes to a (tax) ombudsman, is he/she independent from the tax authority? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 80)
Yes
○ No

Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No
Area 13 - Artificial Intelligence (AI)/Automated Analytical Systems (AAS)
88. Are taxpayers who are subject to a tax compliance procedure that involves AI/AAS * informed of that fact?
Yes
No
Not applicable (in case no Al/AAS is used)
89. In communications between a tax authority and a taxpayer that employs AI/AAS, is it stated that the tax authorities is represented only by a machine?
Yes
No
O Not applicable

90. If a decision relating to tax administration has been taken by the use of AI/AAS, is the taxpayer provided with basic details of the procedure applied?	*
O Yes	
No	
O Not applicable	
91. Do the tax authorities publish details of the type of AI/AAS employed with specific information about the purpose for which they are used?	*
Yes	
No	
92. Does a system exist for voluntary registration of AI/AAS? *	
Yes	
No	
93. If yes to 92, does the tax authority register all AI/AAS tools or algorithms with that system?	*
Yes	
O No	
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 92)	

94. Are decisions that may have a significant impact on a taxpayer taken exclusively by AI/AAS?	*
Yes	
○ No	
O Not applicable	
95. If decisions impacting a taxpayer are taken by AI/AAS, are they overseen by a suitably qualified individual before the decision is notified?	*
Yes	
No	
O Not applicable	
96. If an audit employs material generated by AI/AAS, is that material available to taxpayers and their advisors?	*
Yes	
No	
O Not applicable	

97. If yes to 96, is an explanation provided and does the taxpayer have an effective remedy against unlawful or inaccurate use of AI/AAS?
Yes
○ No
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to Question 96)
98. Do tax authorities publish guidance notes explaining the way in which they use AI/AAS? *
O Yes
No
99. If revenue authorities use AI/AAS, do they publish guidelines and points of contact for taxpayers who have questions or concerns about those procedures?
Yes
No
O Not applicable
100. Does the tax administration appoint a senior official with overriding responsibility for * AI/AAS in the tax administration?
Yes
No
O Not applicable

Google Forms

OPTR - 2024 Questionnaire 2 - Standards of Protection

Dear National Reporter,

I would like to thank you for your participation in the IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights (OPTR).

This form collects the information on developments occurred in 2024 regarding the implementation of 57 minimum standards and 44 best practices, distributed into 86 benchmarks, for the practical protection of taxpayers' rights as monitored by the OPTR.

We kindly ask you to provide an impartial, non-judgmental summary of events occurred in 2024 that in your opinion affect the level of compliance of a given minimum standard/best practice in your country. These events may include, without limitation, legislation enacted, administrative rulings and/or circulars issued, case law and tax administration practices implemented, among others, as requested by this form.

In ALL cases back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials, and provide full details for identifying the documents related to the reported developments. Either a (soft) copy or internet links to make said documents available (and therefore, quotable) are greatly appreciated.

You are also kindly required to assess whether the events you described represent either a step towards or a step away from the practical implementation of the given minimum standard/best practice in your country. Full instructions are provided below.

This form should be filled in as soon as any of the events mentioned above occurs and edited as many times as necessary to cover all relevant developments occurred in 2024, until no later than 10 January 2025. We appreciate very much your cooperation in this regard.

Feel free to contact us for any clarification you may need. We look forward to your valuable contribution to this remarkable project.

Kind regards,

Dr Sam van der Vlugt Scientific Coordinator IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

^{*} Better if filled in using Google Chrome © or Mozilla Firefox ©

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Instructions

- 1. Please answer all questions. The form will not allow you to continue/submit your responses until you have answered all questions.
- 2. All questions are two or three-tiered (namely, either with parts "MS" and/or "BP", and "S"). They comprise a minimum standard (MS) and /or a best practice (BP), and a "summary of relevant facts in 2024" (S). The latter is a space for providing a summarized account on facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way.
- 3. Please Indicate, by clicking on the corresponding button, whether there was an improvement or a

decrease of the level of compliance of the relevant standard/best practice in your country in 2024. If there were no changes, please indicate so by clicking on the corresponding button.

- 4. In ALL cases where an assessment of either improvement or decrease is reported, please refer the relevant novelties in the space provided under "summary of relevant facts in 2024", for each question. Please give a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. In case there is nothing to report for a given minimum standard/best practice, please answer "no changes".
- 5. If any, make additional, non-judgmental commentaries at the space provided under "summary of relevant facts in 2024".
- 6. In ALL cases back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcomed to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org.
- 7. When completed, please submit the survey.
- 8. Once you have submitted the survey, you will receive an email acknowledging your participation in the OPTR and providing a backup of your answers.
- 9. The email will also include an "edit your survey" link, in case you want to modify any of your answers. You will receive this email every time you submit partial responses.
- 10. An option to quit the survey and save your answers is provided at the end of each section. This survey has 12 sections, as many as those identified by Baker and Pistone in their 2015 IFA General Report.
- 11. If answering partially, please select "Yes" at the end of the section in which you are to submit your partial answers to the survey. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this survey.
- 12. For editing your answers, please use the last "edit your response" link provided to you via email. Please bear in mind that this is the only way the system will acknowledge your previous answers. If you use a link other than the last one provided, some (or all) changes might not be retrieved by the system.
- 13. When clicking on the last "edit your response" link, the system will lead you to the front page of the survey. Click on "Next" as many times as needed to get to the section you want to continue in. Once you have reached said section, please remember to change your answer to the question "Do you want to save your results and quit?" to "No", in order to be able to continue.

Area 1 - Identification of taxpayers, issuing tax returns and communicating with taxpayers

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org)
an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations

of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.	
1 (MS). Implement safeguards to prevent impersonation when issuing a unique identification * number	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
(BP) Methods of identifying taxpayers should employ the highest levels of identification * security, including dual authentication (without imposing an excessive burden on taxpayers to log in when accessing private information or engaging in communication with the revenue authorities)	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
1 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024	
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials.	

While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are

welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

2 (MS). The system of taxpayer identification should take account of religious sensitivities *
No changesShifted awayShifted towards
2 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
3 (MS). Impose obligations of confidentiality on third parties with respect to information gathered by them for tax purposes No changes Shifted away Shifted towards

3 (BP). Where tax is withheld by third parties, the taxpayer should be excluded from liability if \star the third party fails to pay over the tax
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
3 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
4 (MS). Where pre/populated returns are used, these should be sent to taxpayers to correct * errors.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

4 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
5 (MS). Provide a right to access to taxpayers to personal information held about them, and * a right to correct inaccuracies.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
5 (BP). Publish guidance on taxpayers' rights to access information and correct inaccuracies *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

6 (MS). Where communication with taxpayers is in electronic form, institute systems to prevent impersonation or interception

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- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

6 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

7 (MS). Where a system of "cooperative compliance" operates, ensure it is available on a *non-discriminatory and voluntary basis
O No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
7 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
8 (MS). Provide assistance for those who face difficulties in meeting compliance obligations, * including those with disabilities, those located in remote areas, and those unable or unwilling to use electronic forms of communication No changes Shifted away Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

9 (MS). Compliance obligations on third parties should only be imposed where necessary and in all cases the burden imposed on third parties should be proportionate and not excessive

*

- No Changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

9 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024.

n h	0 (MS). In circumstances of force majeure (e.g. pandemics / natural disasters), nechanisms should automatically apply to relieve taxpayers of compliance obligations that have become excessively difficult due to the circumstances. The point at which such circumstances start to apply and cease to apply should be clearly and publicly announced	*
(No changes	
(Shifted away	
	Shifted towards	
o p o s a	0 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024. Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.	t
fı ta	1 (BP). Tax compliance obligations should be designed so as to ensure that taxpayers can ulfil their compliance obligations without excessive cost and without the compulsory use of a ax agent, due regard being had to the type of taxpayer (individual / corporate / others) and the complexity of the taxpayer's tax affairs	
(No changes	
(Shifted away	
(Shifted towards	

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

12 (MS). Compliance obligations on third parties should only be imposed where necessary and in all cases the burden imposed on third parties should be proportionate and not excessive

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

12 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024.

Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No
Area 2 - The issue of tax assessment
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
13 (BP). Establish a constructive dialogue between taxpayers and revenue authorities to * ensure a fair assessment of taxes based on equality of arms
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

14 (BP). Use e-filing to speed up assessments and correction of errors, particularly systematic errors

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

14 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

15 (MS). Where a tax assessment indicates a repayment is due, that repayment should be * made without undue delay or unnecessary formalities.		
No changes		
Shifted away		
○ Shifted towards		
15 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.		
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to		
be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.		
Yes		
No		
Area 3 - Confidentiality and data protection		

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org)
an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

16 (MS). Provide a specific legal guarantee for confidentiality and data protection, with sanctions for officials who make unauthorised disclosures (and ensure sanctions are enforced).	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
16 (MS). Encrypt information held by a tax authority about taxpayers to the highest level attainable.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
16 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024	

17 (MS). Introduce an offence for tax officials covering up unauthorised disclosure of confidential information.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
17 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
18 (MS). Restrict access to data to those officials authorised to consult it. For encrypted data, use digital access codes.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

18 (MS). Ensure an effective fire-wall to prevent unauthorised access to data held by revenue authorities.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
18 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
19 (MS). Data protection rights apply to all information held by tax authorities. This includes * rights to access data and correct inaccuracies and the destruction (or anonymous archiving) of all data once its purpose has been fulfilled.
O No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

19 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you. 20 (MS). Audit data access periodically to identify cases of unauthorised access. * No changes Shifted away Shifted towards 20 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

21 (MS). Introduce administrative measures emphasizing confidentiality to tax officials. *

One No changes
One Shifted away
One Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

22 (MS). Where tax officials are permitted to work remotely (e.g. from home), equivalent measures should be taken to ensure confidentiality and data protection as if the official were working from a tax office. The measures taken to ensure confidentiality and data protection should be audited on a regular basis.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

22 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

23 (MS). Appoint data protection/privacy officers at senior level and local tax offices. *
No changesShifted awayShifted towards
23 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
24 (MS). If a breach of confidentiality occurs, investigate fully with an appropriate level of seniority by independent persons (e.g. judges). No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

25 (MS). Introduce an offence for tax officials and others covering up unauthorised disclosure of confidential information

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

25 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

26 (MS). Taxpayers who are victims of unauthorised disclosure of confidential information * should be entitled: a) to be informed as soon as possible of the unauthorised disclosure; and b) to full compensation, including damages (in cases where tax authorities and third parties have not maintained adequate standards of data protection).
No changes
○ Shifted away
Shifted towards
26 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
27 (MS). Exceptions to the general rule of confidentiality should be explicitly stated in the * law, narrowly drafted and interpreted. Data held by tax authorities (or third parties for tax purposes) should only be accessible to those who can show a legitimate interest in access to that data
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

27 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024	
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.	
28 (MS). Information held by a tax authority (or by third parties for tax purposes) should not be supplied to other public authorities unless the transfer is authorised by law and there are appropriate safeguards (e.g. a requirement of judicial authorisation).	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
28 (BP). Require judicial authorisation before any disclosure of confidential information by revenue authorities	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	

28 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you. 29 (MS). If "naming and shaming" is employed, ensure adequate safeguards (e.g. judicial authorisation after proceedings involving the taxpayer). No changes Shifted away Shifted towards 29 (BP). If "naming and shaming" is employed by any governmental body on the basis of tax * information, then personal data that places the individual at risk (e.g. the individual's home address) should not be disclosed. No changes Shifted away Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

30 (BP). Legislation should protect whistleblowers in appropriate cases (including where the * information disclosed demonstrates that a crime has been committed), in particular where the whistleblower discloses breaches of confidentiality and data protection by revenue authorities (and by third parties holding data for tax purposes).

	No	cha	nges
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- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

30 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

31 (MS). No disclosure of confidential taxpayer information to politicians, or where it might be * used for political purposes.	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
31 (BP). Parliamentary supervision of revenue authorities should involve independent officials, subject to confidentiality obligations, examining specific taxpayer data, and then reporting to Parliament.	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
31 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024	

32 (MS). Freedom of information legislation should allow a taxpayer to access information relevant to the tax system and how it impacts on that taxpayer (including all information about themselves). However, access to information by third parties should be subject to stringent safeguards: only if an independent tribunal concludes that the public interest in disclosure outweighs the right of confidentiality, and only after a hearing where the taxpayer has an opportunity to be heard.
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
32 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
33 (MS). If published, tax rulings should be anonymised and details that might identify the *taxpayer removed.
No changes
○ Shifted away
Shifted towards

33 (BP). Anonymised tax rulings should be published to allow taxpayers to understand * administrative practices. This should be subject to exceptions where publication would be potentially damaging to the taxpayer concerned
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
33 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
34 (BP). Anonymise all tax judgments and remove details that might identify the taxpayer. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

34 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you. 35 (MS). Legal professional privilege should apply to tax advice. * Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you. No changes Shifted away Shifted towards 35 (BP). Privilege from disclosure should apply to all tax advisors (not just lawyers) who supply similar advice to lawyers. Information imparted in circumstances of confidentiality may be privileged from disclosure. Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you. No changes Shifted away Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

36 (MS). Where tax authorities enter premises which may contain privileged material, arrangements should be made (e.g. an independent lawyer) to protect that privilege.

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

36 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

37 (MS). Mandatory disclosure requirements (if adopted) should be clearly drafted and only * apply to cases in which such disclosure is strictly necessary and proportionate. The disclosure obligation should not operate to adversely affect the relationship with professional advisors and other third parties to a disproportionate extent.
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
37 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
Do you want to save your regulte and quit? *
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No
Area 4 - Normal audits

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org)
an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated.

Thank you.
38 (MS). Audits should respect the following principles: (i) Proportionality. (2) Ne bis in idem * (prohibition of double jeopardy). (3) Audi alteram partem (right to be heard before any decision is taken). (4) Nemo tenetur se detegere (principle against self/incrimination). Tax notices issued in violation of these principles should be null and void.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
38 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
39 (MS). In application of proportionality, tax authorities may only request for information that * is strictly needed, not otherwise available, and must impose least burdensome impact on taxpayers.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

40 (BP). In application of ne bis in idem the taxpayer should only receive one audit per taxable period, except when facts that become known after the audit was completed.

*

- No changes
- Shift away
- Shift towards

40 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

41 (MS). In application of audi alteram partem, taxpayers should have the right to attend all relevant meetings with tax authorities (assisted by advisors), the right to provide factual information, and to present their views before decisions of the tax authorities become final. This should apply equally to on-line meetings.
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
41 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
42 (MS). In application of nemo tenetur, the right to remain silent should be respected in all *
tax audits.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

42 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you. 43 (BP). Tax audits should follow a pattern that is set out in published guidelines. *

43 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

Shifted away

Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

44 (BP). A manual of good practice in tax audits should be established at the global level. *

No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

45 (BP). Taxpayers should be entitled to request the start of a tax audit (to obtain finality). *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

45 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

46 (MS). Where tax authorities have resolved to start an audit, they should inform the taxpayer	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
46 (BP). Where tax authorities have resolved to start an audit, they should hold an initial meeting with the taxpayer in which they spell out the aims and procedure, together with timescale and targets. They should then disclose any additional evidence in their possession to the taxpayer.	* on
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	

47 (MS). Taxpayers should be informed of information gathering from third parties. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
47 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts
(legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
48 (MS). For normal audits there should be a limitation period for the start of the audit; this should only be extended where information comes to light that could not reasonably have been obtained previously. Once an audit has commenced, it should be conducted with a view to achieving certainty and finality as soon as reasonable, and adequate resources should be devoted to achieving that objective.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

48 (BP). Reasonable time limits should be fixed for the conduct of audits. *
No changesShifted awayShifted towards
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
49 (MS). Technical assistance (including representation) should be available at all stages of * the audit by experts selected by the taxpayer. No changes Shifted away Shifted towards

49 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
50 (MS). The completion of a tax audit should be accurately reflected in a document, notified * in its full text to the taxpayer.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
50 (BP). The drafting of the final audit report should involve participation by the taxpayer, * with the opportunity to correct inaccuracies of facts and to express the taxpayer's view.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

50 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you. 51 (MS). Once a tax audit is completed, no further evidence should be collected or included, * no further arguments brought forward by the tax authorities, and no further tax charges brought, unless in exceptional circumstances (e.g. where information comes to light that the taxpayer has concealed). No changes Shifted away Shifted towards 51 (BP). Following an audit, a report should be prepared even if the audit does not result in additional tax or refund. No changes Shifted away Shifted towards

51 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you. Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes Area 5 - More intensive audits Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

52 (BP). More intensive audits should be limited to the extent strictly necessary to ensure an * effective reaction to non-compliance.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

53 (MS). If there is point in an audit when it becomes foreseeable that the taxpayer may be * liable for a penalty or criminal charge, from that time the taxpayer should have stronger protection of his right to silence, and statements from the taxpayer should not be used in the audit procedure.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

53 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

54 (MS). Entering premises should be authorised by the judiciary. Judicial supervision of * the search should be available at all times.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
54 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
55 (MS). Authorisation within the revenue authorities should only be in cases of urgency, and *
subsequently reported to the judiciary for ex-post ratification.
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards

	P). Evidence obtained as a result of a search that was not authorised by the judiciary * d not be admissible.
• 1	No changes
O 9	Shifted away
	Shifted towards
55 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only i (legis judgm applic best p While	f answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts lation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-nental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If sable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. It is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are me to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
-	IS). Inspection of the taxpayer's home should require authorisation by the judiciary and *oe given in exceptional cases.
0	No changes
O 8	Shifted away
O 5	Shifted towards

56 (BP). Where tax authorities intend to search the taxpayer's premises, the taxpayer should * be informed and have an opportunity to appear before the judicial authority, subject to exception where there is evidence of danger that documents will be removed or destroyed.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
56 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
57 (BP). Access to bank information for tax purposes (including automatically-supplied information) should require judicial authorisation. No changes Shifted away Shifted towards

57 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024	
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.	
58 (MS). Authorisation by the judiciary should be necessary for the interception of telephone * communications and monitoring of internet access.	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
58 (BP). Specialised offices within the judiciary should be established to supervise the interception of telephone communications and monitoring of internet access.	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

59 (MS). Seizure of documents or data held on computer drives should be subject to a requirement to give reasons why seizure is indispensable, and to fix the time when the documents and data will be returned; seizure should be limited in time.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

59 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

60 (BP). If data are held on a computer hard drive, then a backup should be made in the presence of the taxpayer's advisors and the original left with the taxpayer.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
60 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024	
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of fa (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a r judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary mater While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.	the
61 (BP). If digital data is copied or removed, it should be done in a way that does not prevent or affect the normal operations of the electronic information system.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	

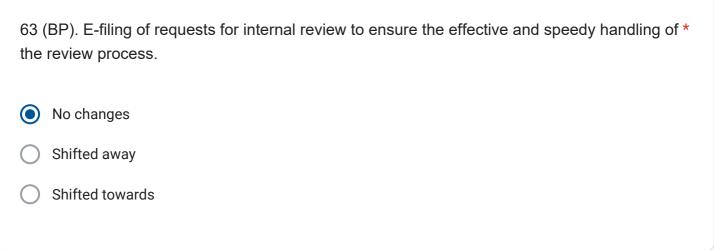
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

62 (MS). Where invasive techniques are applied, they should be limited in time to avoid a disproportionate impact on taxpayers.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

62 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No
Area 6 - Reviews and appeals
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.



64 (MS). The right to appeal should not depend upon prior exhaustion of administrative reviews.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
64 (BP). Taxpayers may have an alternative of taking an appeal to an arbitration tribunal in place of the tax courts.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	

65 (MS). Taxpayers should have a remedy to accelerate or terminate (including through reference to mediation or ADR) reviews and appeals in cases of excessive delay.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
65 (BP). Reviews and appeals should not exceed two years. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
66 (MS). Audi alteram partem should apply in administrative reviews and judicial appeals. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

66 (BP). The review or appeal of tax decisions should not place on the taxpayer an excessive or impossible burden of evidence. This should apply, in particular, where the burden is on the taxpayer to prove a negative (e.g. to prove the absence of motive) or to prove facts that occurred significantly in the past (e.g. more than 10 years previously).	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.	
67 (MS). Where tax must be paid in whole or in part before an appeal, there must be an effective mechanism for providing interim suspension of payment.	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	

6	7 (BP). An appeal should not require prior payment of tax in all cases. *
(No changes
	Shifted away
	Shifted towards
6	7 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
(I ju a b V	Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts degislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-udgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If pplicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the rest practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are velcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
6	8 (BP). The state should bear some or all of the costs of an appeal, whatever the outcome. *
(No changes
	Shifted away
(Shifted towards
e	(2) (S) Summary of relevant facts in 2024
С	8 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts
ju a	legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non- udgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If pplicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the est practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials.

While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are

welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

69 (MS). Legal assistance should be provided for those taxpayers who cannot afford it. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
69 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
70 (MS). Taxpayers should have the right to request the exclusion of the public from a tax appeal hearing.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

70 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you. 71 (MS). Taxpayers should have the right to request an online hearing or to object to an online hearing. No changes Shifted away Shifted towards 71 (MS). Tax judgments should be published. * No changes Shifted away Shifted towards

71 (BP). If tax judgments are published, the taxpayer should be able to ensure anonymity * (or at least the removal of confidential information).
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
71 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
○ Yes
No
Area 7 - Criminal and administrative sanctions

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org)
an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated.

Thank you.

72 (MS). Proportionality and ne bis in idem should apply to tax penalties. *
No changes
Shifted away Shifted towards
72 (BP). The cumulative effect of penalties, interest and surcharges should not exceed the * amount of tax due (and should only reach this amount in cases of the most serious violations).
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
72 (S) Summary of relevant facts in 2024

73 (BP). Where administrative and criminal sanctions may both apply, only one procedure * and one sanction should be applied.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
73 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
74 (BP). Voluntary disclosure should lead to reduction of penalties. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

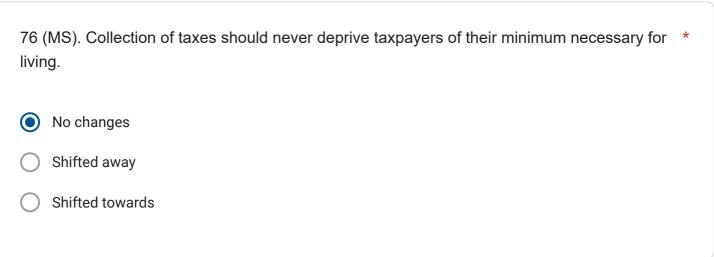
75 (MS). Sanctions should not be increased simply to encourage taxpayers to make voluntary disclosures.

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

75 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

Do you want to save your results and quit? *	
If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.	
○ Yes	
No	
Area 8 - Enforcement of taxes	
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.	



77 (BP). Authorisation by the judiciary should be required before seizing assets or bank accounts
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
77 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
78 (MS). Taxpayers should have the right to request delayed payment of arrears. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

79 (BP). Bankruptcy of taxpayers should be avoided, by partial remission of the debt or structured plans for deferred payment.

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

79 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

80 (MS). Temporary suspension of tax enforcement should follow natural disasters. * Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
80 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No
Area 9 - Cross-border situations

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org)
an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated.

Thank you.
81 (MS). The requesting state should notify the taxpayer of cross-border requests for information, unless it has specific grounds for considering that this would prejudice the process of investigation. The requested state should inform the taxpayer unless it has a reasoned request from the requesting state that the taxpayer should not be informed on grounds that it would prejudice the investigation.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
81 (BP). The taxpayer should be informed that a cross-border request for information is to be * made.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
81 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts

82 (MS). The taxpayer should have a right to bring a legal challenge to test the legality of the request for exchange of information.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
82 (BP). Where a cross-border request for information is made, the requested state should also be asked to supply information that assists the taxpayer.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
82 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024	

83 (BP). Provisions should be included in tax treaties setting specific conditions for exchange * of information.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
83 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts
(legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
84 (MS). If information is sought from third parties, judicial authorisation should be necessary and the third party should have a right to bring a legal challenge to test the legality of the request for exchange of information (on the same grounds as the taxpayer).
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

85 (MS). In the case of exchange of information on request, the taxpayer should be given access to information received by the requesting state (unless there are good justifications for not doing so).

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

85 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

86 (BP). Information should not be supplied in response to a request where the originating * cause was the acquisition of stolen or illegally obtained information.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
86 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
87 (BP). A requesting state should provide confirmation of confidentiality to the requested * state.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

88 (MS). A state should not be entitled to receive information if it is unable to provide independent, verifiable evidence that it observes high standards of data protection.

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

88 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

89 (MS). In the event of a leak of confidential information or data held by the tax authority of * a requesting state, all exchange of information with that state should be suspended until verifiable evidence has been provided that the cause of the leak has been permanently rectified.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
89 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
90 (MS). Data protection safeguards should apply to all exchanges of information. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

90 (BP). For automatic exchange of financial information, the taxpayer should be notified of * the proposed exchange in sufficient time to exercise data protection rights.
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
90 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
91 (MS). The taxpayer should be notified of an exchange of information and given sufficient * time to exercise data protection rights (including the right to correct inaccurate data).
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

92 (MS). Time limits should apply to the retention of data that is exchanged (and the data should be destroyed or anonymously archived within this time limit).

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

92 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

93 (MS). No exchange of information should be permitted with respect to any state if it is reasonably foreseeable that the recipient state will use the data in a way that is repressive or that would undermine the protection of fundamental rights.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
93 (BP). No exchange of information should be permitted with respect to any state if that state does not guarantee adequate data protection in its law and in practice.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
93 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024	

94 (MS). Taxpayers should have a right to request initiation of mutual agreement procedure	∍. *
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
94. (BP). Where mutual agreement procedure (or arbitration following mutual agreement procedure) reaches a solution or fails to reach a solution, the taxpayer should be given a statement of reasons how that solution was reached (or why no solution was reached).	*
No changes	
O Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
94 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024	
5. (5). Gammary 5. 1010 varie 1000 in 2021	

95 (MS). Taxpayers should have a right to participate in mutual agreement procedure by being heard and being informed as to the progress of the procedure.	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
95 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.	
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No	
Area 10 - Legislation	

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org)
an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

96 (MS). Retrospective tax legislation should only be permitted in limited circumstances which are spelt out in detail (and that respect the rule of law and the principle of legitimate expectation).	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
96 (BP). Retrospective tax legislation should ideally be banned completely. *	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	

97 (BP). Public consultation should precede the making of tax policy and tax law. *
No changesShifted awayShifted towards
97 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
98 (MS). All tax legislation should be reviewed on a regular basis to ensure that it supports * the gradual realisation of the rights set out in the International Covenant on Economic Social and Cultural rights.
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

99 (MS). All tax legislation should be reviewed on a regular basis to ensure that it is consistent with the realisation of the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

*

- No changes.
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

99 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No
Area 11 - Revenue practice and guidance
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
100 (MS). Taxpayers should be entitled to access all relevant legal material, comprising * legislation, administrative regulations, rulings, manuals and other guidance.
No changes
○ Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

101 (MS). Where legal material is available primarily on the internet, arrangements should be made to provide it to those who do not have access to the internet.

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

101 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

102 (MS). Where a state has a system of advance rulings, they should be binding on the tax * authorities (unless based on an incorrect presentation of the relevant circumstances).
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
102 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the
best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
103 (MS). Where a taxpayer relies upon published guidance of a revenue authority which subsequently proves to be inaccurate, changes should apply only prospectively.
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

() Yes

No

Area 12 - Institutional framework for protecting taxpayers' rights

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org)
an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

104 (MS). Adoption of a charter or statement of taxpayers' rights should be a minimum standard.	*
No changes Shifted every	
Shifted awayShifted towards	
104 (BP). A separate statement of taxpayers' rights under audit should be provided to taxpayers who are audited.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	

105 (BP). A charter or statement of taxpayers' rights should be legally enforceable. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
106 (BP). A taxpayer advocate or ombudsman should be established to scrutinise the operations of the tax authority, handle specific complaints, and intervene in appropriate cases. Best practice is the establishment of a separate office within the tax authority but independent from normal operations of that authority.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

107 (BP). The organisational structure for the protection of taxpayers' rights should operate at local level as well as nationally.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

107 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
YesNo
Area 13 - Artificial intelligence / Automated analytical systems

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

108 (MS). All taxpayers who are subject to a tax compliance procedure that involves artificial * intelligence or automated analytical systems should be informed that such procedures will be applied.

No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

108 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

109 (MS). All communications between a tax authority and a taxpayer that employ artificial * intelligence / automated analytical systems (e.g. via "chatbots" or automated correspondence) should state whether the tax authority is represented only by a machine or whether there is (or has been) human intervention.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
109 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
110 (MS). Where any decision relating to tax administration has been taken in respect of a taxpayer by the use of artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems, the taxpayer should be informed of that fact together with basic details of the procedure that has been applied.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

110 (BP). Where any decision relating to tax administration has been taken in respect of a * taxpayer by the use of artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems, the taxpayer should be given full details of the criteria and algorithms that were used to reach that decision.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
110 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
111 (BP). Tax authorities should publish details of the types of artificial intelligence / * automated analytical systems employed by the revenue authority with specific details about the purposes for which the artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems are being used.
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

112 (BP). Where a system exists for voluntary registration of artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems tools or algorithms the tax authority should register all such tools and algorithms it employs.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

112 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

113 (MS). No decisions that may have a significant impact on a taxpayer may be taken exclusively by artificial intelligence/automated analytical systems. All decisions affecting a taxpayer should be overseen by a suitably qualified individual before the decision is notified. This applies both to decisions by the tax authorities and by judicial authorities.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
113 (BP). No decisions impacting a taxpayer should be taken exclusively by artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems. All decisions affecting a taxpayer should be overseen by a suitably qualified individual before the decision is notified. This applies both to decisions by the tax authorities (in connection with audits and reviews) and by judicial authorities.	*
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
113 (S) Summary of relevant facts in 2024	

114 (MS). When an audit (or a more intense audit) employs any material generated by artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems, the material generated should be material available to taxpayers and their advisers, together with an explanation of how the material was derived by artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems. The taxpayer's legal remedies should be effective against unlawful or inaccurate use of artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems.	al
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
114 (BP). Where artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems are to be employed a tax authority (e.g. to identify under-declarations or evasion of tax), any taxpayers who make impacted (which may include all taxpayers) should be given prior warning of the proposaction and given an opportunity to make voluntary disclosure (without any additional potential penalty).	nay
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
114 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024	

115 (MS). All revenue authorities should publish guidance notes explaining the ways in which they use artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems in connection with tax compliance and administration, together with guidelines for the use of those procedures and points of contact for taxpayers who have questions or concerns about those procedures.
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
115 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org . Thank you.
116 (MS). Algorithms used by tax authorities should not use criteria that are foreseeably likely to have a discriminatory or distortive or disproportionate effect on the decisions taken as a consequence of the use of those algorithms.
No changes Shifted away
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

117 (MS). Where the use of artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems by a tax authority risks infringing any fundamental rights (e.g. the right to privacy) additional safeguards for those should be required.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

117 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2024

118 (MS). All tax administrations should appoint a senior official with overriding responsibility * for the use of artificial intelligence / automated analytical systems in tax administration by that tax authority.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

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Questionnaire N° 1. Country Practice.

1. Question No 123. 78 (taxpayers' charter or taxpayers' bill of rights)

Article 8 bis.- Without prejudice to the rights guaranteed by the Political Constitution of the Republic and the laws, the following are the rights of taxpayers:

- 1°. To be informed about the exercise of their rights, to facilitate compliance with their tax obligations and to obtain clear information on the meaning and scope of all the actions in which they are an interested party.
- 2°. To be attended to in a courteous, diligent and timely manner, with due respect and consideration.
- 3°. Obtain in a complete and timely manner the refunds to which they are entitled in accordance with the tax laws, duly updated.
- 4°. That the actions of the Internal Revenue Service (SII), whether or not they constitute audit actions or procedures:
- a) Indicate precisely the reasons that motivate the corresponding action. In effect, all actions of the SII must be well-founded, that is, express the facts, the law and the logical and legal reasoning to reach a conclusion, whether the respective legal norm expressly provides for it or not. In addition, they must expressly indicate the period within which it must be concluded, in which case the legal rules will apply when they exist, and in the absence of a period provided by law, the Director will establish the deadlines within which the actions must be completed.
 - b) Clear information is provided on the scope and content of the action.
- c) The nature and subject matter to be reviewed and the deadline for filing allegations or appeals are informed. Every taxpayer shall have the right to have the applicable limitation period certified, upon request.
- d) All taxpayers are informed, at any time and by expedited means, of their tax situation and the status of a procedure to which they are a party.
- (e) Accreditation of acts, contracts or operations entered into in Chile or abroad is admitted with the background information corresponding to the legal nature thereof and the place where they were granted, without the accreditation of acts or contracts being requested by requiring formalities or solemnities that are not established by law. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the Service, in the cases it so determines, may require that the documents be accompanied by a translation into Spanish or an apostille.
- f) Notification, at the end of the action in question, certifying that there are no pending steps with respect to the matter and for the period reviewed or that has been audited.
- 5°. That the SII does not initiate a new audit procedure, with respect to the same facts or taxes, under the terms of Article 59.
- 6°. To be informed about the officials of the SII under whose responsibility the proceedings in which he or she is an interested party are being processed. The foregoing shall not be applicable with respect to the matters dealt with in Article 161 number 10. Likewise, the right to be informed, if it has been the subject of a request for the exchange of information, provided that it does not imply a possible breach of tax obligations, being able to access it in any case.

- 7°. Obtain copies in electronic format, or certifications of the actions carried out or of the documents presented in the proceedings, in the terms provided for by law.
- 8°. To be exempt from providing documents that do not correspond to the procedure or that are already accompanied to the Service and to obtain, once the respective procedure has been completed, the return of the original documents provided. The SII shall make a well-founded assessment of any evidence or background information submitted to it.
- 9°. That in the acts of inspection, private life is respected and personal data is protected in accordance with the law; and that tax returns, except in cases of legal exception, are confidential, in the terms provided for in this Code.
- 10°. That the actions of the SII are carried out without unnecessary delays, requirements or waiting, and in the least costly manner for the taxpayer, certified by the official in charge, the receipt of all the requested information and insofar as it does not mean non-compliance with the tax provisions. The foregoing is without prejudice to the right of the Service to request new information if necessary in an audit procedure.
- 11°. To exercise the remedies and initiate the corresponding procedures, personally or represented; to make allegations and submit background information within the time limits provided for by law and that such background information be incorporated into the procedure in question and duly considered by the competent official.
- 12°. To raise, in a respectful and convenient manner, suggestions and complaints about the actions of the SII in which it has an interest or that affect it.
- 13°. Be certain that the tax effects of their acts or contracts are those provided for by law, without prejudice to the exercise of the corresponding powers of inspection in accordance with the law. In this regard, the SII must publish on its website the official letters, resolutions and circulars, except those that are reserved in accordance with the law. Likewise, the SII must maintain an updated record of the interpretative criteria issued by the Director in the exercise of his interpretative powers or by the Regional Directors in the exercise of the power established in Article 6, letter B No. 1, and of the judicial jurisprudence on tax matters.
- 14°. That the actions of the SII do not affect the normal development of operations or economic activities, except in the cases provided for by law. In the event that measures of this nature are taken by the SII, such as the one provided for in Article 8 ter, the taxpayer will have the right to be notified in advance of the reasons for such measures.
- 15th. To be notified of any restriction on reporting the acts and modifications referred to in Articles 68 and 69, or other actions that affect the life cycle of the taxpayer, the possibility of reporting modifications of another nature or to carry out any kind of actions before the Service.
- 16th. To be informed of all kinds of annotations made by the SII. Likewise, the Service must report on the taxpayer's personal site all the actions, requirements or interactions that the taxpayer registers with the SII in an updated manner, for the purposes of its knowledge and follow-up.
- 17°. To carry out the necessary rectifications, except in the cases established by law and without prejudice to the corresponding sanctions in accordance with the law.
- 18th. That, for all legal purposes and whatever the case, the tax limitation or expiration periods established in the law are respected.

19th. That it is presumed that the taxpayer is acting in good faith.

20°. That the SII maintains within its premises facilities that allow people to appear at the proceedings remotely and the provision of documents or background information digitally or physically. Likewise, it must facilitate compliance with obligations electronically for those taxpayers who lack the necessary technological means for such purposes, do not have access to electronic means or only act exceptionally through them.

The taxpayer may file an appeal for protection when he considers that his rights have been violated as a result of an act or omission of the Service, before the competent Regional Director or before the Director, as the case may be, if the action is carried out by the Regional Director, within tenth day from its occurrence, and all the background information that the taxpayer accompanies to the presentation must be received to substantiate the act or omission that gives rise to said appeal. Once the appeal for protection has been received, it must be resolved within five days, ordering the adoption of the corresponding measures. Any evidence that is given must be assessed with reason.

A complaint may be lodged with the Tax and Customs Judge against the decision of the Regional Director or the Director, as the case may be, in accordance with the procedure set forth in Paragraph 2 of Title III of Book Three of this Code.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, taxpayers may alternatively file a direct complaint against acts or omissions of the SII that violate any of the rights established in this article before the Tax and Customs Judge, in accordance with the procedure of paragraph 2 of Title III of Book Three of this Code.

The SII shall take the necessary measures to ensure that officials act in full and aware of the taxpayer's rights.

In every dependency of the SII, a poster shall be displayed, in a prominent place and clearly visible to the public, stating the rights of taxpayers expressed in the list contained in the first paragraph. They must also be displayed in a visible place on the SII website.

Questionnaire N° 2. Summary of relevant facts.

Question No. 21. 7

A new Article 8, No. 18 of the Chilean Tax Code is created, which defines the concept of "tax sustainability":

"Tax sustainability" means the set of measures that a taxpayer implements in order to promote mutual cooperation and transparency in compliance with their tax obligations.

Taxpayers will be able to obtain an annual certification indicating that their operations and tax strategies comply with tax sustainability. This certification may only be issued by those independent certifying companies that have previously registered with the Internal Revenue Service (SII) of Chile in a registry created for such purposes, and prove that they have the competence to carry out these functions. The Service, by resolution, will issue the necessary instructions for this purpose.

Likewise, the SII may sign cooperation agreements aimed at promoting tax sustainability with two or more companies, which will produce the same effect as the certification established in the previous paragraph. The SII, by resolution, will establish the minimum content that these agreements must contain in order to be considered to contribute to tax sustainability.

The SII shall maintain a tax transparency register that indicates the name and unique tax role of taxpayers who have the certification or have entered into cooperation agreements in accordance with this number."

Question No. 42. 16

Article 206, paragraph 2, of the Chilean Tax Code was modified, extending the obligation of confidentiality to public officials other than tax officials:

"The obligation of confidentiality established in the preceding paragraph also extends to officials or persons of public services or agencies who, by any means and by virtue of their functions, have become aware of information provided by the Internal Revenue Service that is subject to confidentiality in accordance with Article 35 or other laws. The SII, by resolution, shall establish the mechanisms to ensure due compliance with this obligation. Infringement of the reservation provided for in this subsection shall be punished with the same penalties applicable to officials of the Internal Revenue Service."

Question No. 48. 19

Law No. 21,719/2024 is enacted, which introduced important modifications to Law No. 19,628 of 1999, on the Protection of Private Life, and which is now renamed as the Law on "Protection of Personal Data", establishing a comprehensive regulatory framework to guarantee the right to privacy and adapt it to the challenges of the digital environment incorporating an approach focused on the protection of the fundamental rights of data subjects, addressing various aspects related to the processing of personal data, specific regulations for special categories, administrative procedures for protection and sanction, and the creation of a supervisory authority, called "Personal Data Protection Agency", whose mission will be to monitor compliance with the regulations, sanction infringements and promote good practices in the processing of personal data. It is important to note that this law has a deferred validity, as of

01.12.2026, which will allow data controllers to adapt to the new requirements and will give time for the creation of the Agency.

Question No. 84. 35 and 85. 35

Our legislation does not contemplate a complete and complete regulation of professional secrecy, but rather a procedural one. There are ethical regulations of the Bar Association, since they refer to certain duties of confidentiality and the obligation or duty to maintain professional secrecy. Consequently, there is no legal definition as far as professional secrecy is concerned.

Professional secrecy has express legal consecration in our law, being regulated in Article 360 of the Code of Civil Procedure, Article 303 and Articles 217 and 220 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (CPP) and Article 201 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. In addition, article 269 bis of the Criminal Code typifies the crime of violation of secrets, but this provision, although applicable to the professional secrecy of the lawyer, exceeds its scope of application since it generally punishes the violation of secrets, not only the violation of professional secrets.

However, despite the scarcity of its regulation, it can be pointed out that the procedural law, both in civil procedural matters and in criminal procedural matters, enshrines a univocal notion of professional secrecy. In both cases, professional secrecy refers to an exception to the duty to testify in court that weighs on any person who has the status of witness.

Question No. 137. 57

An additional procedure for the delivery of bank information was created that does not require judicial authorization in the first instance.

This procedure is part of an audit process and after summons to which the taxpayer is subjected by the tax administration, it can directly require the taxpayer to deliver their bank information within the deadlines established in the law, choosing the taxpayer to deliver their information or authorize the bank to send their information directly to the SII.

In the event that the taxpayer does not rule on the request or refuses to provide the information voluntarily, the SII may access the information only through the submission of a request for judicial authorization.

Question No 182. 74

The taxpayer's self-denunciation is created in the new article 100 sexies of the Tax Code.

Taxpayers may report to the Tax Administration tax differences that could constitute tax crimes and will be exempt from fine or criminal sanction.