Editor: Andrés Báez Moreno

## COMPUTATION OF TAXABLE BUSINESS PROFITS

Book-Tax Conformity and Other Issues



### **Computation of Taxable Business Profits**

### Why this book?

Each state that levies taxes on business profits faces the inevitable challenge of deciding how to compute these profits. With both individual entrepreneurs and companies obligated by commercial law to ascertain annual profit or loss, the key question emerges: to what extent, if at all, should the calculation of taxable business profits adhere to commercial accounting rules?

While the response to this question may differ, mirroring the diversity of domestic tax systems, this book strives to unveil shared normative patterns and fiscal policy rationales outlined in the 25 national reports it contains. Crucially, it also contemplates the most significant deviations from these established patterns.

Additionally, the book delves into four overarching issues: (i) the underlying rationale behind the book-tax conformity principle; (ii) the EU law dimension of the topic; (iii) the prospective role of book-tax conformity within the internationalization initiatives of corporate taxation (Pillars One and Two, BEFIT); and (iv) procedural aspects governing the interplay between accounting and tax law. These topics align with the thematic reports featured in the book, forming the foundation for discussions at the 2023 EATLP Congress hosted at the University of Luxembourg.

**Title:** Computation of Taxable Business Profits

Date of publication: May 2024

**ISBN:** 978-90-8722-882-8 (print), 978-90-8722-897-2 (PDF),

978-90-8722-896-5 (e-pub)

Type of publication: Book Number of pages: 857

**Terms:** Shipping fees apply. Shipping information is available on our website.

Price (print/online): EUR 105 | USD 115 (VAT excl.)
Price (eBook: e-Pub or PDF): EUR 84 | USD 92 (VAT excl.)

### **Order information**

To order the book, please visit www.ibfd.org/shop/book. You can purchase a copy of the book by means of your credit card, or on the basis of an invoice. Our books encompass a wide variety of topics, and are available in one or more of the following formats:

- · IBFD Print books
- IBFD eBooks downloadable on a variety of electronic devices
- IBFD Online books accessible online through the IBFD Tax Research Platform

### **Computation of Taxable Business Profits**

## Computation of Taxable Business Profits

**Book-Tax Conformity and Other Issues** 

2023 EATLP Congress Luxembourg 8 – 10 June 2023

> Editor: Andrés Báez Moreno



Volume 22 EATLP International Tax Series

### **IBFD**

Visitors' address: Rietlandpark 301 1019 DW Amsterdam The Netherlands

Postal address: P.O. Box 20237 1000 HE Amsterdam The Netherlands

Telephone: 31-20-554 0100

Email: info@ibfd.org

www.ibfd.org

© 2024 EATLP

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the written prior permission of the publisher. Applications for permission to reproduce all or part of this publication should be directed to: permissions@ibfd.org.

### Disclaimer

This publication has been carefully compiled by IBFD and/or its author, but no representation is made or warranty given (either express or implied) as to the completeness or accuracy of the information it contains. IBFD and/or the author are not liable for the information in this publication or any decision or consequence based on the use of it. IBFD and/or the author will not be liable for any direct or consequential damages arising from the use of the information contained in this publication. However, IBFD will be liable for damages that are the result of an intentional act (*opzet*) or gross negligence (*grove schuld*) on IBFD's part. In no event shall IBFD's total liability exceed the price of the ordered product. The information contained in this publication is not intended to be an advice on any particular matter. No subscriber or other reader should act on the basis of any matter contained in this publication without considering appropriate professional advice.

The IBFD and/or the author cannot be held responsible for external content, broken links or risks within the external websites that are referenced as hyperlinks within this publication.

Where photocopying of parts of this publication is permitted under article 16B of the 1912 Copyright Act jo. the Decree of 20 June 1974, Stb. 351, as amended by the Decree of 23 August 1985, Stb. 471, and article 17 of the 1912 Copyright Act, legally due fees must be paid to Stichting Reprorecht (P.O. Box 882, 1180 AW Amstelveen). Where the use of parts of this publication for the purpose of anthologies, readers and other compilations (article 16 of the 1912 Copyright Act) is concerned, one should address the publisher.

ISBN 978-90-8722-882-8 (print) ISBN 978-90-8722-896-5 (eBook, ePub); 978-90-8722-897-2 (eBook, PDF) ISSN 1574-9789 (print); 2589-9112 (electronic) NUR 826

### **Preface**

This volume results from a research project on the relationship between accounting and tax conducted on behalf of the European Association of Tax Law Professors (EATLP) in the academic year 2022-2023. However, the work started much earlier, when the Academic Committee of the EATLP selected this topic during the EATLP Online Congress 2021. The General Reporter immediately began work, assisted by a committee of tax lawyers and accountants, on designing a questionnaire that would make it possible to draw up the National Reports of the various branches of the EATLP. The Academic Committee approved the final version of the questionnaire during the EATLP Congress 2022 at Wirtschafts Universität Wien so that the National Reporters could begin drafting the documents due by the end of 2022. Based on the 25 National Reports received, the General Reporter drew up its conclusions document (see chapter 1, General Report) and proposed to five renowned authors the elaboration of the topical reports on which the 2023 EATLP Congress in Luxembourg would be based. These distinguished academics produced four topical reports on the pros and cons of linking commercial accounts and taxable profits, the topic's European and procedural law facets, and the future of book-tax conformity under Pillars One and Two and the Business in Europe Framework for Income Taxation

The editor has found nothing but help and goodwill at every door he has knocked on in the three years of the project. It is, therefore, time to be grateful. Of course, my main thanks go to the national and topical reporters whose contributions form the backbone of this book. It would be too long to mention them by name and unnecessary as they appear in each relevant chapter. However, I would like to mention in particular the academics who, without being tax lawyers, made a decisive contribution to the work of an association (the EATLP), which, in principle, was alien to them. Their help was crucial in the Committee of Experts, who helped the editor prepare the questionnaire (Prof. David Alexander and Prof. Dr Christoph Spengel), in developing the Congress itself as chairs or speakers (Prof. Dr Chris Nobes and Prof. Dr Erlend Kvaal), in preparing topical reports, and even in all these functions simultaneously (Prof. Dr Eva Eberhartinger). Special thanks are also due to Prof. Dr Daniel Gutmann, who, far beyond his commitments as Academic Chairman of the EATLP, was fully involved in the project, facilitating some problematic aspects with his savoir faire and overcoming some blockages with unquestionable auctoritas. I would also like to thank Dr Marina Castro Bosque for her invaluable help in the hard editing of the book's contents. Her proactive attitude – even going so far as to make

### **Preface**

pertinent suggestions on a topic where she is not, or at least was not, a specialist – shows that her many successes in her fledgling academic career have not been accidental. The editor is also grateful to the IBFD for publishing this volume, in their usual efficient manner.

Madrid, 21 October 2023 Andrés Báez Moreno

### **About the Editor**

**Andrés Báez Moreno** – Prof. Dr Andrés Báez Moreno is a Spanish Associate Professor of Tax Law at Universidad Carlos III de Madrid where he regularly teaches Spanish tax law, international taxation and accounting law.

He holds a PhD in Taxation (2005) and an LLM in Public Law (2002) from the Universidad Carlos III de Madrid. His areas of expertise are domestic company taxation and international taxation, both of companies and individuals, fields in which he has published three books and more than 50 articles and contributions in periodicals and collective books published in Spain, the United States, the United Kingdom, Germany and the Netherlands. In 2022 he was granted the 8th IBFD Frans Vanistendael Award.

He is also a lawyer at the Madrid Bar with over 15 years of experience. He regularly acts as an expert witness before the Spanish tax authorities and courts, providing legal opinions on Spanish and international corporate taxation. In recent years he has also specialized in the international taxation of individuals.

### **About the Authors**

**Nina Aguiar** – Professor of Tax Law at the Polytechnic University of Bragança (Portugal).

**Jürg B. Altorfer** – Doctor in Business Administration (Dr. oec. publ.); Retired Head of the Corporate Tax Authorities, Zurich (until 2021); Head, Working Party – Corporate Tax, Swiss Tax Conference, Zurich (until 2022) (Switzerland).

**Arco Bobeldijk** – Professor of Corporate Tax at Nyenrode Business University (Netherlands) and tax partner at Loyens & Loeff (Netherlands).

**Michel De Wolf** – UCLouvain & ULiège, Honorary Chairman of the Belgian Institute of Registered Auditors, member of the Belgian Accounting Standards Board (Belgium).

Emmanuel Dinh – Specialist in French and international tax law. Dinh is an associate professor at the University of Paris Dauphine-PSL, where he is the director of the Master of Corporate Taxation and the director of the School of Law. He also is an attorney-at-law and a partner in the French law firm Couderc Dinh & Associés (France).

**Eva Eberhartinger** – Professor of Business Taxation at the Department of Finance, Accounting and Statistics at WU Vienna University of Economics and Business (Austria).

**Benn Folkvord** – Professor of Tax Law at UiS Business School. He is the author of a number of articles and books as well as an editor in several professional journals (Norway).

**Denis Fontaine-Besset** – AS attorney-at-law, a partner of the French law firm Couderc Dinh & Associés. He is specialized in French and international tax law, including transfer pricing. He has extensive experience in tax matters applied to complex financial transactions, whether domestic or cross border (France).

**Judith Freedman** – Emeritus Professor, Faculty of Law, University of Oxford (United Kingdom).

**Ricardo André Galendi Júnior** – PhD from the University of Cologne; M.Sc. and a LLB from the University of São Paulo (Brazil).

**Gülşen Gedik** – Associate Professor in the Tax Law department, Faculty of Law, Marmara University. She graduated from Marmara University Faculty of Law and holds an LLM and a doctorate programme at the same university. She worked as a research assistant at Marmara University and as an assistant professor at Bursa Uludag University (Türkiye).

**Stefanie Geringer** – Postdoctoral Researcher in the Department of Tax Law at the University of Vienna and Certified Tax Adviser and Manager at BDO Austria (Austria).

**Dave Goyvaerts** – Postdoctoral Assistant, Ghent University (Belgium).

Mario Grandinetti – PhD, Associate Professor of Tax Law, University of Turin. His main research interests are corporate taxation, accounting and taxation and VAT (Italy).

**Werner Haslehner** – Professor of Law, ATOZ Chair for European and International Tax Law at the University of Luxembourg (Luxembourg).

**Emer Hunt** – Graduate of Trinity College Dublin (LLB), the London School of Economics and Political Science (LLM) and University College Dublin (PhD). She lectures in Irish and international tax law and in legal ethics in the Sutherland School of Law, University College Dublin (Ireland).

**Vangelis Kalaitzidakis** – MLaw, Doctor in Law (Dr. iur. des.), Certified Tax Expert, Attorney at Law and Senior Associate at Walder Wyss AG, Zurich (Switzerland).

**Sabine Kirchmayr** – Professor, Head of the Department of Tax Law, University of Vienna; tax adviser in Vienna (Austria).

**Inge Langhave** – Professor of Tax Law at Aarhus University. Before that she spent her academic career at the University of Southern Denmark. She teaches tax law and her research is mainly on national tax law (Denmark).

**Hugo López López** – Associate Financial and Tax Law Professor at Universidad Pública de Navarra. He has worked on domestic, EU and international tax law issues as an author, professor and consultant for over 20 years (Spain).

**Glen Loutzenhiser** – Professor of Tax Law, Faculty of Law, University of Oxford (United Kingdom).

**Aleksandra Maksimovska Stojkova** – Professor and chairing head of the Master's Studies of Financial Law programme at the Ss. Cyril and Methodius University, Iustinianus Primus Faculty of Law (North Macedonia).

**Félix Daniel Martínez Laguna** – PhD, Assistant Professor at the Tax Law Department of Universidad Autónoma de Madrid (Spain).

**Dániel Máté Kovács** – Adjunct Professor of Law in the Fiscal and Financial Law Department, Faculty of Law of Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest (Hungary).

**René Matteotti** – Professor of Law, Chair in Swiss, European and International Tax Law at the University of Zurich, and Of Counsel with Tax Partner AG, LLM Tax, Attorney at Law, Zurich (Switzerland).

**André Meyer** – LLM Taxation, Holder of the Chair of Civil Law and Tax Law, Company Law and Accounting Law at the University of Bayreuth (Germany).

**Savina Mihaylova-Goleminova** – Associate Professor in Financial and Tax Law at the Faculty of Economics and Business Administration, Sofia University (St. Kliment Ohridski) (Bulgaria).

**Ganeta Minkova** – Professor at Sofia University (St. Kliment Ohridski) and at the Institute of the State and the Law of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences (Bulgaria).

**Fitore Morina** – Professor Assistant in Financial Law at the Faculty of Law of the University of Prishtina (Kosovo).

**Elena Neshovska Kjoseva** – Associate Professor at the Iustinianus Primus Faculty of Law, Ss. Cyril and Methodius University (North Macedonia).

**Artor Nuhiu** – Professor Assistant in Economics and Corporate Governance at the Faculty of Law of the University of Prishtina (Kosovo).

**Cecília Olexová** – PhD, Associate Professor at the University of Economics in Bratislava, Faculty of Business Economics with seat in Košice, Department of Economics and Management (Slovakia).

**Stefan Olsson** – Professor in Tax Law, Karlstad Business School, Karlstad University, Sweden. He is also director of Fora for Accounting and Control at Karlstad Business School (Sweden).

**Bedri Peci** – Professor of Tax Law and Financial Law at Faculty of Law of the University of Prishtina (Kosovo).

**Michal Radvan** – Associate Professor of Financial Law at the Department of Financial Law and Economics, Faculty of Law, Masaryk University, Czech Republic. He specializes in tax law and local taxation (Czech Republic).

**Frank Salentiny** – Research Assistant and PhD Candidate in the Department of Law at the University of Luxembourg (Luxembourg).

**Eduardo Sanz Gadea** – Former Tax Inspector, Former Tax Director Deputy (Spain).

**Luís Eduardo Schoueri** – Professor of Tax Law at the University of São Paulo, Vice President of the Brazilian Institute of Tax Law and a Founding Partner of Lacaz Martins, Pereira Neto, Gurevich & Schoueri Advogados (Brazil).

**Roman Seer** – Professor of Tax Law at the Ruhr-University of Bochum and the Director of the Institute of Tax Law and Tax Procedural Law at the Ruhr-University of Bochum (Germany).

**Giovanni Strampelli** – Full Professor of Business Law and Director of the PhD in Legal Studies at Bocconi University, Milan. His research interests include corporate law, accounting law, bankruptcy law and securities regulation (Italy).

**Miroslav Štrkolec** – PhD, Professor at Pavol Jozef Šafárik University in Košice, Faculty of Law, Department of Financial Law, Tax Law and Economy (Slovakia).

**Maria Supera-Markowska** – PhD in Law, Assistant Professor at the Faculty of Law and Administration of the University of Warsaw, certified accountant (by Minister of Finance of Republic of Poland), Head of the Center for Spanish and European Law at the University of Warsaw (Poland).

**Eva Tomášková** – Associate Professor of Financial Law at the Department of Financial Law and Economics, Faculty of Law, Masaryk University, Czech Republic. She specializes in Public Finance, Management and Marketing (Czech Republic).

**Timo Torkkel** – Dr.Sc. (Econ.), Adjunct Professor (accounting and tax law). Torkel has worked as a tax consultant for over 25 years, and currently lectures in accounting and tax law in various universities and conducts research on the subject matter (Finland).

**Félix Alberto Vega Borrego** – Professor of Tax Law at the Universidad Autónoma de Madrid (Spain). He has worked on domestic, international and EU tax issues as a teacher, author and consultant for over 25 years (Spain).

**Juan Zornoza Pérez** – Public Finance and Tax Law Professor at Universidad Carlos III de Madrid. Counsel in Deloitte Tax & Legal. He has published five books and over 110 book chapters and articles in tax journals, on constitutional, corporate taxation, EU and international tax law issues (Spain).

1.3. 1.3.1.	Particular commercial and tax accounting issues Elements of financial statements that relate to a reporting	36
1.5.1.	entity's financial position and financial performance	37
1.3.1.1.	Assets: Recognition and attribution	37
1.3.1.1.	Recognition of assets	37
1.3.1.1.2.	Attribution of assets	39
1.3.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions: Recognition and	
	measurement	40
1.3.2.	Elements of financial statements that relate to a	
	reporting entity's financial performance	44
1.3.2.1.	Income (revenue)	44
1.3.2.2.	Expenses	46
1.3.3.	Valuation/measurement	47
1.3.3.1.	Valuation at recognition (historical cost)	47
1.3.3.2.	Downward update of historical cost (depreciation)	49
1.3.3.3.	Downward update of historical cost (impairments)	51
1.3.3.4.	Upward update of historical cost (fair value)	52
1.4.	Book-tax conformity: Specific application issues	53
1.4.1.	The application of accounting rules, standards and	
	principles in a tax context	54
1.4.2.	The interpretation of tax adjustment rules	58
	Part II	
	Thematic Reports	
Chapter 2:	Book-Tax Conformity: To Be or Not To Be?  Judith Freedman	63
2.1.	Introduction	63
2.2.	The concept of profit: A flexible concept dependent	
2.2.1.	on objectives	66
2.2.1.	The objectives of international accounting standards The objectives of tax accounting	67 68
2.2.2.	The process of setting accounting standards	70
4.4.3.	The process of setting accounting standards	70
2.3.	The advantages and disadvantages of BTC	71
2.3.1.	Advantages of conformity	71
2.3.2.	Disadvantages of conformity	74
2.4.	Clashes, compromises and adjudication	76

Chapter 3:	Relations between Accounting and Taxation from an EU Law Perspective: Issues for Discussion Hugo López López and Juan Zornoza Pérez	79
3.1.	Introduction	79
3.2.	The European Union regulatory framework	80
3.3.	The impact of European accounting regulations on tax matters	85
3.4.	The relationship between accounting and tax law from the perspective of EU law: Controversial issues	85
3.4.1.	The competence to adjudicate for a preliminary ruling	86
3.4.1.1.	The position of the ECJ	88
3.4.1.2.	Critical considerations	90
3.4.2.	The ECJ's interpretation of the (harmonized) accounting standard and its relevance on the	0.5
2 4 2 1	application of (non-harmonized) tax rules	95
3.4.2.1.	The true and fair view principle in the case law of the ECJ	96
3.4.2.2.	The impact of IAS on the interpretation of national	0.0
2.4.2	accounting law	99
3.4.3.	Legal certainty and fundamental rights	101
3.4.4.	Reverse dependence systems and Accounting	105
3.4.5.	Directive (2013/34) Book tax conformity and State aid Law	105 107
Chapter 4:	The Future of Book-Tax Conformity: Book-Tax	112
	Conformity, the Pillars and BEFIT Eva Eberhartinger	113
4.1.	Introduction	113
4.2.	BTC extended	115
4.2.1.	BTC in Pillar Two	115
4.2.2.	BTC in Pillar One	117
4.2.3.	BTC in BEFIT	118
4.3.	Effect of BTC	119
4.3.1.	Conceptual considerations	119

### **Table of Contents**

	4.3.2. 4.3.2.1. 4.3.2.2.	Empirical evidence Effect of BTC on accounting earnings Effect of BTC on tax planning	121 122 126
	4.4.	Conclusion	127
CI	napter 5:	<b>Procedural Aspects of Book-Tax Conformity</b> <i>Roman Seer</i>	131
	5.1.	Commercial accounting determination	
		and tax assessment	131
	5.1.1.	Meaning of book-tax conformity	131
	5.1.2.	Finality of tax assessment	131
	5.2.	Presumption of correctness of the accounting results	133
	5.2.1.	Criterion of correctness of the accounting positions	133
	5.2.2.	Need of protection of the taxpayer	135
	5.2.3.	Benefit of trust in formally proper book accounting	136
	5.3. 5.3.1.	Administrative power of business profit estimation Estimation in the absence of a tax return/tax	137
		accounting	137
	5.3.2.	Estimation in cases of incorrect or incomplete	
		tax accounting	139
	5.3.3.	Subsequent amendments of book accounts	139
	5.4.	Penalties and other surcharges	140
	5.4.1.	Administrative penalties against violation of tax	
		accounting duties	140
	5.4.2.	Interests	141
	5.4.3.	Criminal investigations and penalties	141
	5.5.	Final remarks and outlook	142

### Part III National Reports

Chapter 6:	Austria	147
-	Stefanie Geringer and Sabine Kirchmayr	
6.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	147
6.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
	and tax accounting	151
6.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	151
6.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
	consequences	152
6.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	156
6.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	157
6.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	157
6.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial position	157
6.3.1.1.1.	Assets	157
6.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	158
6.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	160
6.3.1.2.1	Income	160
6.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	161
6.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	162
6.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	162
6.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
	update of historical cost)	164
6.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	164
6.3.2.2.2.	Impairments	165
6.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
	value/market/fair value)	166
6.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	167
6.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	167
6.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	167
6.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	168
6.4.3.	Procedural issues	168

Cha	pter 7:	<b>Belgium</b> <i>Michel De Wolf and Dave Goyvaerts</i>	171
7	'.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	171
7	7.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	172
_	1	and tax accounting	173
	7.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	173
/	7.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	176
_		consequences	176
1	7.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	176
7	'.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	177
7	'.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	177
7	'.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial position	177
7	'.3.1.1.1.	ž v v ž	177
		Liabilities and provisions	178
	7.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial performance	180
7	7.3.1.2.1.	Income	180
	7.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	181
	7.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	181
	7.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	181
	1.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
		update of historical cost)	182
7	.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	182
	1.3.2.2.2.	Impairments	183
	1.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
		value/market/fair value)	184
7	7.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	184
7	'.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	184
7	'.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	184
	.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	186
	'.4.3.	Procedural issues	187

Chapter 8:	<b>Brazil</b> <i>Ricardo André Galendi Júnior and Luís Eduardo Schoueri</i>	189
8.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	189
8.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
0.2.1	and tax accounting	191
8.2.1. 8.2.2.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	191
0.2.2.	consequences	195
8.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	196
8.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	198
8.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	198
8.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial position	198
8.3.1.1.1.	Assets	198
8.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	200
8.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	201
8.3.1.2.1.	Income	201
8.3.1.2.2.	1	202
8.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	204
8.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	204
8.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
	update of historical cost)	206
8.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	206
8.3.2.2.2.	Impairments	208
8.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
	value/market/fair value)	210
8.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	211
8.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	212
8.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	212
8.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	212
8.4.3.	Procedural issues	213

Chapter 9:	<b>Bulgaria</b> Savina Mihaylova-Goleminova and Ganeta Minkova	215
9.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	215
9.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
	and tax accounting	218
9.2.1. 9.2.2.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	218
	consequences	224
9.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	226
9.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	226
9.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	226
9.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial position	226
9.3.1.1.1.	Assets	226
9.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	228
9.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	229
9.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	232
9.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	232
9.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
<i>y.</i> . <i>y.</i> . <i>z.</i> . <i>z</i> .	update of historical cost)	233
9.3.2.2.1.		233
9.3.2.2.2.	1	235
9.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	233
9.3.2.3.	value/market/fair value)	236
9.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	236
7.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	230
9.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	237
9.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	237
9.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	239
9.4.3.	Procedural issues	241
Chapter 10:	Czech Republic	243
enapter 10.	Eva Tomášková and Michal Radvan	213
10.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	243
10.2.	General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting	245

	10.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	246
	10.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
		consequences	249
	10.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	250
	10.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	251
	10.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	251
	10.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial position	251
	10.3.1.1.1.	Assets	251
	10.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	253
	10.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial performance	254
	10.3.1.2.1.	Income	254
	10.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	255
	10.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	255
	10.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	255
	10.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
		update of historical cost)	255
	10.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	255
	10.3.2.2.2.	Impairments	256
	10.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
		value/market/fair value)	258
	10.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	258
	10.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	259
	10.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	259
	10.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	260
	10.4.3.	Procedural issues	262
Ch	apter 11:	Denmark	265
		Inge Langhave	
	11.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	265
	11.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
	1101	and tax accounting	265
	11.2.1. 11.2.2.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	265
		consequences	268
	11.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	269

	11.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	269
	11.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	269
	11.3.1.1	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial position	269
	11.3.1.1.1.		269
	11.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	272
	11.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial performance	273
	11.3.1.2.1.		273
	11.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	273
	11.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	275
	11.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	275
	11.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
		update of historical cost)	275
	11.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	275
		Impairments	277
		Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
		value/market/fair value)	277
	11.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	278
		3	
	11.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	278
	11.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	278
	11.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	279
	11.4.3.	Procedural issues	279
Ch	apter 12:	Finland	283
	•	Timo Torkkel	
	12.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	283
		•	
	12.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
		and tax accounting	285
	12.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	285
	12.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
		consequences	287
	12.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	289
		• •	
	12.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	291
	12.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	291
	12.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial position	291

12.3.1.1.1	. Assets	291
12.3.1.1.2	. Liabilities and provisions	293
12.3.1.2.		
	a reporting entity's financial performance	295
12.3.1.2.1	. Income	295
12.3.1.2.2	. Expenses	295
12.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	296
12.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	296
12.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
	update of historical cost)	297
12.3.2.2.1	. Depreciation	297
12.3.2.2.2	. Impairments	299
12.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
	value/market/fair value)	300
12.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	300
12.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	301
12.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	301
12.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	302
12.4.3.	Procedural issues	304
Chapter 13:	France	307
	Emmanuel Dinh and Denis Fontaine-Besset	
	Emmanuet Dinn and Dents Tomaine-Bessei	
13.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	307
13.1. 13.2.		307
	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting	307
13.2. 13.2.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting  Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	
13.2.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting	311 311
13.2.1. 13.2.2.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting  Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and consequences	311
13.2. 13.2.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting  Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	311 311
13.2.1. 13.2.2.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting  Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and consequences	311 311 316
13.2.1. 13.2.2. 13.2.3.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting  Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and consequences  Reverse dependence: Existence and policy  Particular commercial/tax accounting issues  Elements of financial statements	311 311 316 320
13.2.1. 13.2.2. 13.2.3. 13.3.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting  Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and consequences  Reverse dependence: Existence and policy  Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	311 311 316 320 321
13.2.1. 13.2.2. 13.2.3. 13.3.1. 13.3.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting  Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and consequences  Reverse dependence: Existence and policy  Particular commercial/tax accounting issues  Elements of financial statements  Elements of financial statements which relate to a reporting entity's financial position	311 311 316 320 321
13.2.1. 13.2.2. 13.2.3. 13.3. 13.3.1. 13.3.1.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting  Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and consequences Reverse dependence: Existence and policy  Particular commercial/tax accounting issues Elements of financial statements Elements of financial statements which relate to a reporting entity's financial position . Assets	311 316 320 321 321 321 321
13.2.1. 13.2.2. 13.2.3. 13.3. 13.3.1. 13.3.1.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting  Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and consequences  Reverse dependence: Existence and policy  Particular commercial/tax accounting issues Elements of financial statements Elements of financial statements which relate to a reporting entity's financial position  . Assets . Liabilities and provisions	311 311 316 320 321 321 321
13.2.1. 13.2.2. 13.2.3. 13.3. 13.3.1. 13.3.1.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting  Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and consequences  Reverse dependence: Existence and policy  Particular commercial/tax accounting issues  Elements of financial statements  Elements of financial statements which relate to a reporting entity's financial position  Assets  Liabilities and provisions  Elements of financial statements which relate to	311 311 316 320 321 321 321 321 322
13.2.1. 13.2.2. 13.2.3. 13.3. 13.3.1. 13.3.1.1. 13.3.1.1.1	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion  General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting  Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and consequences  Reverse dependence: Existence and policy  Particular commercial/tax accounting issues Elements of financial statements Elements of financial statements which relate to a reporting entity's financial position  . Assets . Liabilities and provisions	311 316 320 321 321 321 321

12 2 1 2 2	F	225
13.3.1.2.2.		325
	Valuation/measurement	327
13.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	327
13.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
	update of historical cost)	327
	Depreciation	327
	Impairments	328
13.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
	value/market/fair value)	329
13.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	329
13.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	330
13.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	330
13.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	332
13.4.3.	Procedural issues	334
Chapter 14:	Germany	337
<b>p</b>	André Meyer	
14.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	337
14.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
	and tax accounting	344
14.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	344
14.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
	consequences	349
14.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	351
11.2.3.	The verse dependence. Existence and poney	551
14.3.	Particular commercial/Tax accounting issues	352
14.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	352
14.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial position	352
14.3.1.1.1.	Assets	352
14.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	355
14.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	356
14.3.1.2.1.		356
14.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	357
	Valuation/measurement	358
14.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	358
14.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
	update of historical cost)	359
	<del>-</del>	

14.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	359
14.3.2.2.2.	Impairments	361
14.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
	value/market/fair value)	362
14.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	363
14.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	364
14.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	364
14.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	366
14.4.3.	Procedural issues	367
Chapter 15:	Hungary	371
	Dániel Máté Kovács	
15.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	371
15.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
	and tax accounting	374
15.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	376
15.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and scope	380
15.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	380
15.2	Doubies les commercielles comments de la comme	201
15.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	381
15.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	382
15.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	202
170111	a reporting entity's financial position	382
15.3.1.1.1		382
	Liabilities and provisions	383
15.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	384
15.3.1.2.1.		384
15.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	385
	Valuation/measurement	385
15.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	385
15.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
	update of historical cost)	386
15.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	386
	Impairments	386
15.3.2.3	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
	value/market/fair value)	387
15.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	387

15.4. 15.4.1. 15.4.2. 15.4.3.	Specific interpretation and application issues Interpretation of accounting rules Abuse of commercial accounting rules Procedural issues	387 387 389 390
13.4.3.	Flocedulai issues	390
Chapter 16:	Ireland Emer Hunt	393
16.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	393
16.2.	General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting	394
16.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	394
16.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy, and	371
10.2.2.	consequences	398
16.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	400
16.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	401
Chapter 17:	Italy	407
Chapter 17.	Mario Grandinetti and Giovanni Strampelli	407
	marto Granainetti ana Giovanni Strampetti	
17.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	407
17.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
17.2.	and tax accounting	409
17.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	409
		409
17.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	412
17.2.2	consequences	413
17.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	424
17.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	425
17.3. 17.3.1.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues Elements of financial statements	
		425
17.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	105
17.2.1.1.1	a reporting entity's financial position	425
17.3.1.1.1		425
	Liabilities and provisions	428
17.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	429
17.3.1.2.1		429
17.3.1.2.2	. Expenses	430

	17.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	431
	17.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	431
	17.3.2.2.		
		update of historical cost)	433
		Depreciation	433
		Impairments	434
	17.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
		value/market/fair value)	436
	17.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	438
	17.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	438
	17.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	439
	17.4.3.	Procedural issues	439
Cŀ	napter 18:	Kosovo	447
	impter 101	Bedri Peci, Fitore Morina and Artor Nuhiu	,
	18.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	447
	18.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
		and tax accounting	450
	18.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	450
	18.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
		consequences	452
	18.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	453
	18.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	454
	18.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	454
	18.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial position	455
	18.3.1.1.1.	Assets	455
	18.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	457
	18.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial performance	458
	18.3.1.2.1.	Income	458
	18.3.1.2.2.		459
	18.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	460
	18.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	460
	18.3.2.2.	valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
		update of historical cost)	461
		Depreciation	462
	18.3.2.2.2.	Impairments	463

### **Table of Contents**

18.3.2.3. 18.3.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current value/market/fair value) Non-tax adjustments	463 464
	•	
18.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	464
18.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	464
18.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	466
18.4.3.	Procedural issues	467
Chapter 19:	<b>Luxembourg</b> Werner Haslehner and Frank Salentiny	469
19.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	469
19.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
	and tax accounting	472
19.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	472
19.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
	consequences	479
19.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	480
19.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	481
19.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	482
19.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial position	482
19.3.1.1.1.	Assets	482
19.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	486
19.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	487
19.3.1.2.1.	Income	487
19.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	488
19.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	489
	Valuation/measurement at recognition	489
19.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
	update of historical cost)	490
	Depreciation	490
	Impairments	492
19.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
	value/market/fair value)	494
19.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	494

19.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	495
19.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	495
19.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	497
19.4.3.	Procedural issues	498
Chapter 20:	The Netherlands Arco Bobeldijk	501
20.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	501
20.2.	General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting	503
20.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	503
20.2.1.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
	consequences	509
20.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	509
20.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	509
20.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	510
20.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial position	510
20.3.1.1.1	. Assets	510
20.3.1.1.2	. Liabilities and provisions	513
20.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	514
20.3.1.2.1	. Income	514
20.3.1.2.2	. Expenses	516
20.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	517
20.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	517
20.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
	update of historical cost)	519
20.3.2.2.1	. Depreciation	519
20.3.2.2.2	. Impairments	520
20.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
	value/market/fair value)	520
20.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	522
20.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	523
20.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	523
20.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	524
20.4.3.	Procedural issues	524

Chapter 21:	North Macedonia Aleksandra Maksimovska Stojkova and Elena Neshovska Kjoseva	527
21.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	527
21.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
	and tax accounting	530
21.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	530
21.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
	consequences	533
21.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	533
21.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	534
21.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	534
21.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial position	534
21.3.1.1.1.	Assets	534
21.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	537
21.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	538
21.3.1.2.1.	Income	538
21.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	539
21.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	540
21.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	540
21.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
	update of historical cost)	541
21.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	541
21.3.2.2.2.	Impairments	544
21.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
	value/market/fair value)	545
21.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	545
21.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	546
21.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	546
21.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	546
21.4.3.	Procedural issues	547

Chapter 22:	Norway Benn Folkvord	549
22.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	549
22.2.	General principles of relation between commercial and tax accounting	551
22.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	551
22.2.1.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	557
22.2.2	consequences	
22.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	558
22.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	559
22.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	559
22.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial position	559
22.3.1.1.1		559
	. Liabilities and provisions	559
22.3.1.2.	1	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	561
22.3.1.2.1.		561
	. Expenses	561
22.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	561
22.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	562
	Tion tan adjustinonis	
22.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	563
22.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	563
22.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	564
22.4.3.	Procedural issues	564
CI 4 22	D	
Chapter 23:	Poland	565
	Maria Supera-Markowska	
23.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	565
23.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	571
22.2.1	and tax accounting	571
23.2.1. 23.2.2.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	571
	consequences	577
23.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	585

	23.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	587
	23.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	587
	23.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial position	587
	23.3.1.1.1.		587
		Liabilities and provisions	587
	23.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial performance	588
	23.3.1.2.1.	Income	588
	23.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	590
	23.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	592
		Valuation/measurement at recognition	592
		Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
		update of historical cost)	593
	23.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	593
		Impairments	593
		Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
		value/market/fair value)	594
	23.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	595
	23.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	596
	23.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	596
	23.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	597
	23.4.3.	Procedural issues	599
Cł	napter 24:	Portugal	603
	•	Nina Aguiar	
	24.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	603
	24.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
		and tax accounting	610
	24.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	610
	24.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
		consequences	611
	24.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	616
	24.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	619
	24.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	619
	24.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial position	619
	24.3.1.1.1.	Assets	619

	24.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	621
	24.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial performance	622
	24.3.1.2.1.		622
	24.3.1.2.2.		622
		Valuation/measurement	624
		Valuation/measurement at recognition	624
	24.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	<b>60.1</b>
	242224	update of historical cost)	624
		Depreciation	624
		Impairments	625
	24.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	<b>60</b> 5
	2422	value/market/fair value)	627
	24.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	627
	24.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	628
	24.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	628
	24.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	629
	24.4.3.	Procedural issues	630
CI	napter 25:	Slovakia	633
	<b></b>	Miroslav Štrkolec and Cecília Olexová	
	25.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	633
	23.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	033
	25.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
		and tax accounting	634
	25.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	634
	25.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
		consequences	637
	25.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	640
	25.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	642
	25.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	642
	25.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial position	642
	25.3.1.1.1.		642
		Liabilities and provisions	644
		Elements of financial statements which relate to	~
	· - · - · - ·	a reporting entity's financial performance	646
	25.3.1.2.1.		646
	25.3.1.2.2.		646
	43.3.1.4.4.	Expenses	OTO

	25.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	648
	25.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	648
	25.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
		update of historical cost)	649
	25.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	649
		Impairments	650
		Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
		value/market/fair value)	650
	25.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	651
	25.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	653
	25.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	653
	25.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	655
	25.4.3.	Procedural issues	655
	. 26	G .	655
Cr	napter 26:	Spain	657
		Hugo López López, Félix Daniel Martínez Laguna,	
		Eduardo Sanz Gadea and Félix Alberto Vega Borrego	
	26.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	657
	26.2.	General principles of the relationship between	
	20.2.	commercial and tax accounting	660
	26.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	660
	26.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy	000
	20.2.2.	and consequences	665
	26.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	666
	20.2.3.	Reverse dependence. Existence and poncy	000
	26.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	667
	26.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	667
	26.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial position	667
	26.3.1.1.1.	Assets	667
	26.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	669
	26.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial performance	670
	26.3.1.2.1.	Income	670
	26.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	671
	26.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	674
	26.3.2.1.		674
	26.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
		update of historical cost)	674

		Depreciation Impairments	674 675
	26.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
		value/market/fair value)	677
	26.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	677
	26.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	678
	26.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	678
	26.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	680
	26.4.3.	Procedural issues	681
Cł	napter 27:	Sweden	685
	•	Stefan Olsson	
	27.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	685
	27.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
		and tax accounting	688
	27.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	688
	27.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy	
		and consequences	695
	27.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	696
	27.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	697
	27.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	697
	27.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial position	697
	27.3.1.1.1.	Assets	697
	27.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	701
	27.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements, which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial performance	703
	27.3.1.2.1.	Income	703
	27.3.1.2.2.	1	704
		Valuation/measurement	704
		Valuation/measurement at recognition	704
	27.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
		update of historical cost)	705
		Depreciation	705
		Impairments	706
	27.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
		value/market/fair value)	707
	27.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	708

	27.4. 27.4.1. 27.4.2. 27.4.3.	Specific interpretation and application issues Interpretation of accounting rules Abuse of commercial accounting rules Procedural issues	708 708 709 710
Ch	apter 28:	Switzerland Jürg B. Altorfer, Vangelis Kalaitzidakis and René Matteotti	713
	28.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	713
	28.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	715
	20.2.1	and tax accounting	715
	28.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	717
	28.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	700
	20.2.2	consequences	723
	28.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	724
	28.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	724
	28.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	724
	28.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
		a reporting entity's financial position	724
	28.3.1.1.1.	Assets	724
		Liabilities and provisions	731
	28.3.1.2.	*	
		a reporting entity's financial performance	734
	28.3.1.2.1.		734
	28.3.1.2.2.		736
		Valuation/measurement	737
	28.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	737
	28.3.2.2.		
		update of historical cost)	738
	28.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	739
		Impairments	741
	28.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
		value/market/fair value)	742
	28.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	744
	28.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	744
	28.4.2.	Procedural issues	745

Chapter 29:	<b>Türkiye</b> Gülşen Gedik	749
29.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	749
29.2.	General principles of relation between commercial	
	and tax accounting	750
29.2.1	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	750
29.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
	consequences	753
29.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	754
29.3.	Particular commercial/tax accounting issues	755
29.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	755
29.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial position	755
29.3.1.1.1.	Assets	755
29.3.1.1.2	Liabilities and provisions	757
29.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	759
29.3.1.2.1.	Income	759
29.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	759
29.3.2	Valuation/measurement	760
29.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	760
	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
	update of historical cost)	763
29.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	763
	Impairments	764
	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
	value/market/fair value)	767
29.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	767
29.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	768
29.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	768
29.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	769
29.4.3.	Procedural issues	770

Chapter 30:	United Kingdom Judith Freedman and Glen Loutzenhiser	773
30.1.	Relevance of the topic and status of its discussion	773
30.2.	General principles of the relation between commercial	
	and tax accounting	779
30.2.1.	Material dependence: Existence, policy and scope	779
30.2.2.	Formal dependence: Existence, policy and	
	consequences	785
30.2.3.	Reverse dependence: Existence and policy	786
30.3.	Particular Commercial/Tax Accounting Issues	786
30.3.1.	Elements of financial statements	786
30.3.1.1.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial position	786
30.3.1.1.1.	Assets	786
30.3.1.1.2.	Liabilities and provisions	788
30.3.1.2.	Elements of financial statements which relate to	
	a reporting entity's financial performance	790
30.3.1.2.1.	Income	790
30.3.1.2.2.	Expenses	791
30.3.2.	Valuation/measurement	793
30.3.2.1.	Valuation/measurement at recognition	793
30.3.2.2.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (downward	
	update of historical cost)	794
30.3.2.2.1.	Depreciation	794
30.3.2.2.2.	Impairments	794
30.3.2.3.	Valuation/measurement after recognition (current	
	value/market/fair value)	795
30.3.3.	Non-tax adjustments	795
30.4.	Specific interpretation and application issues	795
30.4.1.	Interpretation of accounting rules	795
30.4.2.	Abuse of commercial accounting rules	797
30.4.3.	Procedural issues	798

### Part IV Appendix

Appendix: Questionnaire: Computation of Taxable Business

**Profits: Book-Tax Conformity and Other Issues** 801

# **Notes**

Notes



### The Home of International Taxation

### Contact

### **IBFD Head Office**

Tel.: +31-20-554 0100 (GMT+2)

Email: info@ibfd.org

### Visitors' Address:

Rietlandpark 301 1019 DW, Amsterdam The Netherlands

### Postal Address:

P.O. Box 20237 1000 HE Amsterdam The Netherlands