

Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights

Below you will find a questionnaire filled in by Pietro Mastellone, Tax Associate at *Studio Legale Tributario Cordeiro Guerra & Associati*, Isabella Cugusi, Partner at *Isabella Cugusi Studio Legale* and Giovanna Tieghi, Professor at the *University of Padua*, all three OPTR National Reporters of Italy.

This set of questionnaires comprises the National Reporter's assessment of the country's practice during 2022 in protecting taxpayers' rights and the level of fulfillment of the minimum standards and best practices on the practical protection of taxpayers' rights identified by Prof. Dr. Philip Baker and Prof. Dr. Pasquale Pistone at the 2015 IFA Congress on "The Practical Protection of Taxpayers' Fundamental Rights."

OPTR - 2023 Questionnaire 1 - Country Practice

Dear National Reporter,

I would like to thank you for your participation in the IBFD's Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights (OPTR).

This form collects the information on the practical implementation in domestic law of legal procedures, safeguards and guarantees associated with taxpayers' rights in 82 situations for the practical protection of taxpayers' rights, as monitored by the IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

We kindly ask you to assess assertively (yes/no) the level of practical implementation of said procedures, safeguards and guarantees associated with taxpayers' rights in your country. When answering, please bear in mind the actual practice regarding each situation, regardless of whether a given procedure, safeguard or guarantee has been formally adopted in your country.

We would be very grateful if you submit us this questionnaire, duly filled out, by no later than 12 January 2024.

Feel free to contact us for any clarification you may need. We look forward to your valuable contribution to this remarkable project.

Kind regards,

Dr Alessandro Turina Scientific Coordinator IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

* Better if filled in using Google Chrome © or Mozilla Firefox ©

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Judiciary
Tax) Ombudsperson
Academia
Other:

Questionnaire 1 - Country Practice

Instructions:

1. Please answer all questions. The form will not allow you to continue/submit your responses until you have answered all questions.

2. For assertive questions, please answer with "yes" or "no" by clicking on the corresponding button.

3. For questions that require you to specify a period of time (namely, Q. 26 and Q. 45), please select the time applicable in your country to carry out the procedures indicated in the questions in practice, within the options provided.

4. For questions with more than one possible answer (namely, Q. 56), please check all necessary boxes to reflect better the practical situation of your country regarding the issue, by clicking on them.

5. When completed, please submit the survey.

6. Once you have submitted the survey, you will receive an email acknowledging your participation in the OPTR and providing a backup of your answers.

7. The email will also include an "edit your survey" link, in case you want to modify any of your answers. You will receive this email every time you submit partial responses.

8. An option to quit the survey and save your answers is provided at the end of each section.

9. If answering partially, please select "Yes" at the end of the section in which you are to submit your partial answers to the survey. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this survey.

10. For editing your answers, please use the last "edit your response" link provided to you via email. Please bear in mind that this is the only way the system will acknowledge your previous answers. If you use a link other than the last one provided, some (or all) changes might not be retrieved by the system.

11. When clicking on the last "edit your response" link, the system will lead you to the front page of the survey. Click on "Next" as many times as needed to get to the section you want to continue in. Once you have reached said section, please remember to change your answer to the question "Do you want to save your results and quit?" to "No", in order to be able to continue.

Area 1 - Identification of taxpayers, issuing tax returns and communicating with taxpayers

1. Do taxpayers have the right to see the information held about them by the tax authority? *

- Yes
-) No

2. If yes, can they request the correction of errors in the information? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
• Yes
O No

3. Is it possible in your country for taxpayers to communicate electronically with the tax authority?	*
• Yes	
O No	
4. If yes, are there systems in place to prevent unauthorised access to the channel of communication?	*
• Yes	
O No	

5. In your country, is there a system of "cooperative compliance" / "enhanced	*
relationship"which applies to some taxpayers only?	
• Yes	
O No	

6. If yes, are there rules or procedures in place to ensure this system is available to all eligible taxpayers on a non-preferential/non discriminatory/non arbitrary basis?	*
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 5)	
• Yes	
O No	

7. Are there special arrangements for individuals who face particular difficulties (e.g. the disabled, the elderly, other special cases) to receive assistance in complying with their tax obligations?

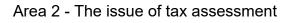
*

۲	Yes					
0	No					

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

YesNo



8. Does a dialogue take place in your country between the taxpayer and the tax authority * before the issue of an assessment in order to reach an agreed assessment?
 Yes No
9. If yes, can the taxpayer request a meeting with the tax officer? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 8)
• Yes
O No
10. If a systematic error in the assessment of tax comes to light (e.g. the tax authority loses a * tax case and it is clear that tax has been collected on a wrong basis), does the tax authority act ex officio to notify all affected taxpayers and arrange repayments to them?
• Yes

O No

Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
O Yes
No

Area 3 - Confidentiality

11. Is information held by your tax authority automatically encrypted? *

$oldsymbol{O}$	Yes
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) No

12. Is access to information held by the tax authority about a specific taxpayer accessible * only to the tax official(s) dealing with that taxpayer's affairs?

YesNo

13. If yes, must the tax official identify himself/herself before accessing information held about a specific taxpayer?	*
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 12)	
O Yes	
O No	
14. Is access to information held about a taxpayer audited internally to check if there has been any unauthorised access to that information?	*
O Yes	
No	
15. Are there examples of tax officials who have been criminally prosecuted in the last decade for unauthorised access to taxpayers' data?	*
O Yes	
No	

16. Is information about the tax liability of specific taxpayers publicly available in your country?	*
• Yes	
No	

17. Is "naming and shaming" of non-compliant taxpayers practised in your country? *
O Yes
No No

18. Is there a system in your country by which the courts may authorise the public disclosure * of information held by the tax authority about specific taxpayers (e.g. habeas data or freedom of information?

💽 Yes

) No

19. Is there a system of protection of legally privileged communications between the taxpayer * and its advisors?

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

YesNo

20. If yes, does this extend to advisors other than those who are legally qualified (e.g.	
accountants, tax advisors)?	

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

*

*

Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 19)

-) Yes
- 💽 No

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

YesNo

Area 4 - Normal audits

21. Does the principle ne bis in idem apply to tax audits (i.e. that the taxpayer can only receive one audit in respect of the same taxable period)?

Ο	Yes
	No

22. If yes, does this mean only one audit per tax per year? *
• Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 21)
Yes
O No

23. Does the principle audi alteram partem apply in the tax audit process (i.e. does the * taxpayer have to be notified of all decisions taken in the process and have the right to object and be heard before the decision is finalised)?

• Yes	
O No	
24. Does the taxpayer have the right to request an audit (e.g. if the taxpayer wishes to get finality of taxation for a particular year)?	*
• Yes	
O No	

25. Are there time limits applicable to the conduct of a normal audit in your country (e.g. the * audit must be concluded within so many months?

🔵 Yes

💽 No

26. If yes, what is the normal limit in months? *
There is no limit (click here if you answered "No" to question 25) 🔹
27. Does the taxpayer have the right to be represented by a person of its choice in the audit * process?
• Yes
O No
28. May the opinion of independent experts be used in the audit process? *
• Yes
O No
29. Does the taxpayer have the right to receive a full report on the conclusions of the audit at $*$ the end of the process?
• Yes
Νο

30. Are there limits to the frequency of audits of the same taxpayer (e.g. in respect to different periods or different taxes)?	*
O Yes	
No No	
Do you want to save your results and quit? *	
If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sen your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.	

O Yes	3		
🖲 No			

Area 5 - More intensive audits

31. Is the principle nemo tenetur applied in tax investigations (i.e. the principle against self- * incrimination?

- 🔵 Yes
- No

32. If yes, is there a restriction on the use of information supplied by the taxpayer in a subsequent penalty procedure/criminal procedure?	a *
 Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 31) Yes No 	
33. If yes to nemo tenetur, can the taxpayer raise this principle to refuse to supply ba accounting information to the tax authority?	isic *

• Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 31)

-) Yes
-) No

34. Is there a procedure applied in your country to identify a point in time during an investigation when it becomes likely that the taxpayer may be liable for a penalty or a criminal charge, and from that time onwards the taxpayer's right not to self-incriminate is recognised?

*

🔵 Yes

No No

35. If yes, is there a requirement to give the taxpayer a warning that the taxpayer can rely on $*$ the right of non-self-incrimination?
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 34)
O Yes
O No

36. Is authorisation by a court always needed before the tax authority may enter and search * premises?

\bigcirc	Yes

No No

37. May the tax authority enter and search the dwelling places of individuals? *

• Yes			
O No			

38. Is a court order required before the tax authority can use interception of communications * (e.g. telephone tapping or access to electronic communications)?

• Yes			
O No			

39. Is there a procedure in place to ensure that legally privileged material is not taken in the $$ * course of a search?
• Yes
O No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
O Yes
No
Area 6 - Reviews and appeals

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

40. Is there a procedure for an internal review of an assessment/decision before the taxpayer * appeals to the judiciary?		
• Yes		
O No		

 41. Does the taxpayer need permission to appeal to the first instance tribunal? * Yes No
 42. Does the taxpayer need permission to appeal to the second or higher instance tribunals? * Yes No
 43. Is it necessary for the taxpayer to bring his case first before an administrative court to quash the assessment/decision, before the case can proceed to a judicial hearing? Yes No
 44. Are there time limits applicable for a tax case to complete the judicial appeal process? * Yes No

45. If yes, what is the normal time it takes for a tax case to be concluded on appeal? *
There is no limit (click here if you answered "No" to question 44) -
46. Are there any arrangements for alternative dispute resolution (e.g. mediation or * arbitration) before a tax case proceeds to the judiciary?
• Yes
O No
47. Is there a system for the simplified resolution of tax disputes (e.g. by a determination on * the file, or by e/filing)?
• Yes
O No
48. Is the principle audi alteram partem (i.e. each party has a right to a hearing) applied in all * tax appeals?
A Vac
 Yes No

49. Does the taxpayer have to pay some/all the tax before an appeal can be made (i.e. solve $*$ et repete)?
 Yes No
50. If yes, are there exceptions recognised where the taxpayer does not need to pay before * appealing (i.e. can obtain an interim suspension of the tax debt?)
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 49)
• Yes
O No
51. Does the loser have to pay the costs in a tax appeal? *
• Yes
O No

52. If yes, are there situations recognised where the loser does not need to pay the costs * (e.g. because of the conduct of the other party)?
 Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 51) Yes
O No
53. If there is usually a public hearing, can the taxpayer request a hearing in camera (i.e. not * in public) to preserve secrecy/confidentiality?
• Yes
O No
54. Are judgments of tax tribunals published? *
• Yes

55. If yes, can the taxpayer preserve its anonymity in the judgment? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 54)
• Yes
O No

O No

Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.	
 Yes No 	

Area 7 - Criminal and administrative sanctions

56. Does the principle ne bis in idem apply in your country to prevent either: *

The principle does not apply in my country

The imposition of a tax penalty and the tax liability

The imposition of more than one tax penalty for the same conduct

The imposition of a tax penalty and a criminal liability

57. If ne bis in idem is recognised, does this prevent two parallel sets of court proceedings * arising from the same factual circumstances (e.g. a tax court and a criminal court)?

Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 56)

- Yes
- 💽 No

58. If the taxpayer makes a voluntary disclosure of a tax liability, can this result in a reduced * or a zero penalty?	
 Yes No 	
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No	
Area 8 - Enforcement of taxes	

59. Is a court order always necessary before the tax authorities can access a taxpayer's bank * account or other assets?

- 🔵 Yes
- No

60. Does the taxpayer have the right to request a deferred payment of taxes or a payment in * instalments (perhaps with a guarantee)?
 Yes No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
O Yes
No No
Area 9 - Cross-border situations

61. Does the taxpayer have the right to be informed before information relating to him is * exchanged in response to a specific request?

\bigcirc	Yes
۲	No

62. Does the taxpayer have a right to be informed before information is sought from third * parties in response to a specific request for exchange of information?
O Yes
No
63. If no to either of the previous two questions, did your country previously recognise the right of taxpayers to be informed and was such right removed in the context of the peer review by the Forum on Transparency and Exchange of Information?
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to either question 61 or question 62)
O Yes
O No
64. Does the taxpayer have the right to be heard by the tax authority before the exchange of * information relating to him with another country?
O Yes
No

65. Does the taxpayer have the right to challenge before the judiciary the exchange of information relating to him with another country?	*
O Yes	
No No	
66. Does the taxpayer have the right to see any information received from another country that relates to him?	*
O Yes	
No No	
67. Does the taxpayer have the right in all cases to require a mutual agreement procedure is initiated?	*
• Yes	
O No	
68. Does the taxpayer have a right to see the communications exchanged in the context of a mutual agreement procedure?	*
O Yes	
No No	

Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.	
O Yes	
No No	

Area 10 - Legislation

69. Is there a prohibition on retrospective tax legislation in your country? *

• Yes

) No

70. If no, are there restrictions on the adoption of retrospective tax legislation in your	*
country?	

• Not applicable (click here if you answered "Yes" to question 69)

O Yes

O No

71. Is there a procedure in your country for public consultation before the adopting of all (or $*$ most) tax legislation?
O Yes
No
72. Is tax legislation subject to constitutional review which can strike down unconstitutional * laws?
• Yes
O No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
O Yes
No

Area 11 - Revenue practice and guidance

73. Does the tax authority in your country publish guidance (e.g. revenue manuals, circulars, * etc.) as to how it applies your tax law?
• Yes
O No
74. Does your country have a generalised system of advanced rulings available to * taxpayers?
• Yes
O No
75. If yes, is it legally binding? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 74)
 Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 74) Yes
) Yes
 Yes No

77. If your country publishes guidance as to how it applies your tax law, can taxpayers acting * in good faith rely on that published guidance (i.e. protection of legitimate expectations)?
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 76)
Yes
O No

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

\bigcirc	Yes
$oldsymbol{O}$	No

Area 12 - Institutional framework for protecting taxpayers' rights

78. Is there a taxpayers' charter or taxpayers' bill of rights in your country? *

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.



79.	If ves.	are its	provisions	legally	effective? *
			promotorio	i gang	

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

Ο	Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previou	us question)
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- Yes
 - No

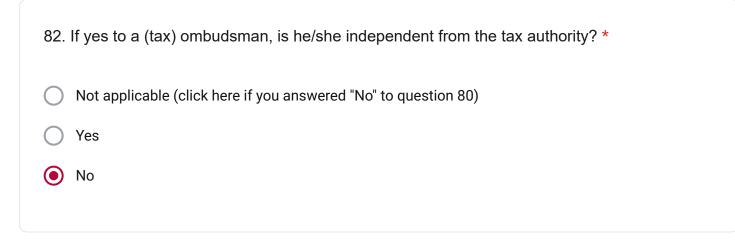
80. Is there a (tax) ombudsman / taxpayers' advocate / equivalent position in your country? *

- Yes
 -) No

81. If yes, can the ombudsman intervene in an on-going dispute between the taxpayer and * the tax authority (before it goes to court)?

Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 80)

- Yes
- O No



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OPTR - 2023 Questionnaire 2 - Standards of Protection

Dear National Reporter,

I would like to thank you for your participation in the IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights (OPTR).

This form collects the information on developments occurred in 2023 regarding the implementation of 57 minimum standards and 44 best practices, distributed into 86 benchmarks, for the practical protection of taxpayers' rights as monitored by the OPTR.

We kindly ask you to provide an impartial, non-judgmental summary of events occurred in 2023 that in your opinion affect the level of compliance of a given minimum standard/best practice in your country. These events may include, without limitation, legislation enacted, administrative rulings and/or circulars issued, case law and tax administration practices implemented, among others, as requested by this form.

In ALL cases back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials, and provide full details for identifying the documents related to the reported developments. Either a (soft) copy or internet links to make said documents available (and therefore, quotable) are greatly appreciated.

You are also kindly required to assess whether the events you described represent either a step towards or a step away from the practical implementation of the given minimum standard/best practice in your country. Full instructions are provided below.

This form should be filled in as soon as any of the events mentioned above occurs and edited as many times as necessary to cover all relevant developments occurred in 2023, until no later than 12 January 2024. We appreciate very much your cooperation in this regard.

Feel free to contact us for any clarification you may need. We look forward to your valuable contribution to this remarkable project.

Kind regards,

Dr Alessandro Turina Scientific Coordinator IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

^{*} Better if filled in using Google Chrome © or Mozilla Firefox ©

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Reporters' info

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Country: *

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Judiciary
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Academia
Other:

Instructions

1. Please answer all questions. The form will not allow you to continue/submit your responses until you

have answered all questions.

2. All questions are two or three-tiered (namely, either with parts "MS" and/or "BP", and "S"). They comprise a minimum standard (MS) and /or a best practice (BP), and a "summary of relevant facts in 2023" (S). The latter is a space for providing a summarized account on facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way.

3. Please Indicate, by clicking on the corresponding button, whether there was an improvement or a decrease of the level of compliance of the relevant standard/best practice in your country in 2023. If there were no changes, please indicate so by clicking on the corresponding button.

4. In ALL cases where an assessment of either improvement or decrease is reported, please refer the relevant novelties in the space provided under "summary of relevant facts in 2023", for each question. Please give a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. In case there is nothing to report for a given minimum standard/best practice, please answer "no changes".

5. If any, make additional, non-judgmental commentaries at the space provided under "summary of relevant facts in 2023".

6. In ALL cases back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcomed to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org.

7. When completed, please submit the survey.

8. Once you have submitted the survey, you will receive an email acknowledging your participation in the OPTR and providing a backup of your answers.

9. The email will also include an "edit your survey" link, in case you want to modify any of your answers. You will receive this email every time you submit partial responses.

10. An option to quit the survey and save your answers is provided at the end of each section. This survey has 12 sections, as many as those identified by Baker and Pistone in their 2015 IFA General Report.

11. If answering partially, please select "Yes" at the end of the section in which you are to submit your partial answers to the survey. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this survey.

12. For editing your answers, please use the last "edit your response" link provided to you via email. Please bear in mind that this is the only way the system will acknowledge your previous answers. If you use a link other than the last one provided, some (or all) changes might not be retrieved by the system.

13. When clicking on the last "edit your response" link, the system will lead you to the front page of the survey. Click on "Next" as many times as needed to get to the section you want to continue in. Once you

have reached said section, please remember to change your answer to the question "Do you want to save your results and quit?" to "No", in order to be able to continue.

Area 1 - Identification of taxpayers, issuing tax returns and communicating with taxpayers

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

1 (MS). Implement safeguards to prevent impersonation when issuing a unique identification * number

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

1 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you. 2 (MS). The system of taxpayer identification should take account of religious sensitivities *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

2 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

3 (MS). Impose obligations of confidentiality on third parties with respect to information gathered by them for tax purposes

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

3 (BP). Where tax is withheld by third parties, the taxpayer should be excluded from liability if * the third party fails to pay over the tax

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

3 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

New Art. 9-ter, Law no. 212 of 27 July 2000 (so-called "Taxpayer's Bill of Rights"), as recently amended by Legislative Decree no. 219 of 30 December 2023 and entered into force on 18 January 2024, has introduced a specific provision that strengthens confidentiality of taxpayer's data and information. Such rule expressly establishes that "1. In the exercise of their administrative action and in order to achieve the correct implementation of taxes, the Tax Authorities have the power to acquire, also through interoperability, data and information concerning taxpayers, contained in databases of other public entities, without prejudice to compliance with any limitations established by law.

2. The Tax Authorities are prohibited from disclosing the data and information referred to in paragraph 1, without prejudice to the to the transparency obligations provided by law, unless specifically waived by it". Although the rule shows the appreciable intent to provide further protection of taxpayer's information and data, it appears to be without penalties or disciplinary consequences for tax officials in the event of its violation. See, in this respect, the questions no. 11 (MS) and no. 12 (MS).

4 (MS). Where pre/populated returns are used, these should be sent to taxpayers to correct * errors.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

4 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

5 (MS). Provide a right to access to taxpayers to personal information held about them, and a * right to correct inaccuracies.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

5 (BP). Publish guidance on taxpayers' rights to access information and correct inaccuracies *

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

5 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

New Art. 1, paragraph 3-bis, Law no. 212 of 27 July 2000 (so-called "Taxpayer's Bill of Rights"), as recently amended by Legislative Decree no. 219 of 30 December 2023 and entered into force on 18 January 2024, expressly provides that all "State Administrations observe the provisions of this discipline concerning the right of audi alteram partem and access to tax administrative documentation, the protection of legitimate expectations, the prohibition of bis in idem, the principle of proportionality and the duty to correct administrative acts. The same provisions are valid as principles for the Regions and local authorities which adapt their respective systems in compliance with their respective autonomies. The special statute Regions and the Autonomous Provinces of Trento and Bolzano adapt their legislation to the provisions of this law, according to their respective statutes and related implementation rules". Considering that such rule provides the right to access to tax administrative documentation as a general principle, without specifying detailed mechanisms, we should imply that also in tax matters finds application the specific provisions governing administrative proceedings (Arts. 22 et seq., Law no. 241 of 7 August 1990).

6 (MS). Where communication with taxpayers is in electronic form, institute systems to prevent impersonation or interception

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

6 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

7 (MS). Where a system of "cooperative compliance" operates, ensure it is available on a * non-discriminatory and voluntary basis

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

New Arts. 4 et seq., Legislative Decree no. 128 of 5 August 2015, as recently amended by Legislative Decree no. 221 of 30 December 2023 and entered into force on 18 January 2024, significantly enlarges and strengthen the scope of the cooperative compliance procedure, which aims at identifying the "tax risk" of corporate taxpayers and enhance a preliminary dialogue with the Tax Authorities. Although the legislative amendment lowers the quantitative dimensions for taxpayers that want to be admitted to the cooperative compliance procedure – i.e. "The regime is reserved for taxpayers who achieve a turnover or revenue: a) starting from 2024, not less than \notin 750 million; b) starting from 2026, not less than \notin 500 million; c) starting from 2028, not less than \notin 100 million" (this is the wording of new Art. 7, para. 1-bis, Legislative Decree no. 128 of 5 August 2015) – nowadays even "smaller" taxpayers that do not meet such criteria may opt out for the "adoption of a system aimed at detecting, measuring, managing and controlling the tax risk" (Art. 7-bis, Legislative Decree no. 128 of 5 August 2015). This shows the shareable will of the lawmaker to progressively spread the culture of constructive dialogue between taxpayers and Tax Authorities.

8 (MS). Provide assistance for those who face difficulties in meeting compliance obligations, * including those with disabilities, those located in remote areas, and those unable or unwilling to use electronic forms of communication

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

Ο	Yes
	No

Area 2 - The issue of tax assessment

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you. 9 (BP). Establish a constructive dialogue between taxpayers and revenue authorities to ensure a fair assessment of taxes based on equality of arms

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

9 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

New Art. 6-bis, Law no. 212 of 27 July 2000 (so-called "Taxpayer's Bill of Rights"), as recently amended by Legislative Decree no. 219 of 30 December 2023 and entered into force on 18 January 2024, introduces the principle of audi alteram partem, which imposes that all acts issued by the Tax Authorities – with the sole exception of "automatic" notices of assessment merely based on mistakes and wrong calculations found out in the annual tax return – shall be served only after a preliminary dialogue with the taxpayer. In such initial phase, the Tax Authorities provides to the taxpayer the draft of the notice of assessment, who may highlight observations and comments within 60 days. If the Tax Authorities, notwithstanding the observations of the taxpayer, decide to issue the notice of assessment, the latter shall explain the reasons why such observations were not accepted. In absence of such preliminary phase, the notice of assessment shall be declared void by the Tax Court. 10 (BP). Use e-filing to speed up assessments and correction of errors, particularly systematic errors

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

10 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

) Yes

💽 No

Area 3 - Confidentiality

an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's
legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations
of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated.
Thank you.

11 (MS). Provide a specific legal guarantee for confidentiality, with sanctions for officials who * make unauthorised disclosures (and ensure sanctions are enforced).

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

11 (BP). Encrypt information held by a tax authority about taxpayers to the highest level attainable.

*

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

12 (MS). Introduce an offence for tax officials covering up unauthorised disclosure of confidential information.

*

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

12 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

13 (MS). Restrict access to data to those officials authorised to consult it. For encrypted data, * use digital access codes.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

13 (BP). Ensure an effective fire-wall to prevent unauthorised access to data held by revenue * authorities.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

13 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

14 (MS). Audit data access periodically to identify cases of unauthorised access. *

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

14 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

15 (MS). Introduce administrative measures emphasizing confidentiality to tax officials. *

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

15 (BP). Appoint data protection/privacy officers at senior level and local tax offices. *

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

15 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

16 (MS). If a breach of confidentiality occurs, investigate fully with an appropriate level of * seniority by independent persons (e.g. judges).

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

17 (MS). Provide remedies for taxpayers who are victims of unauthorised disclosure of confidential information.

*

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

17 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

18 (MS). Exceptions to the general rule of confidentiality should be explicitly stated in the law, * narrowly drafted and interpreted.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

18 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

19 (MS). If "naming and shaming" is employed, ensure adequate safeguards (e.g. judicial * authorisation after proceedings involving the taxpayer).

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

19 (BP). Require judicial authorisation before any disclosure of confidential information by * revenue authorities

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

19 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

20 (MS). No disclosure of confidential taxpayer information to politicians, or where it might be * used for political purposes.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

20 (BP). Parliamentary supervision of revenue authorities should involve independent officials, subject to confidentiality obligations, examining specific taxpayer data, and then reporting to Parliament.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

20 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

21 (MS). Freedom of information legislation may allow a taxpayer to access information about himself. However, access to information by third parties should be subject to stringent safeguards: only if an independent tribunal concludes that the public interest in disclosure outweighs the right of confidentiality, and only after a hearing where the taxpayer has an opportunity to be heard.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

See what already highlighted supra in the question 5 (S).

22 (MS). If published, tax rulings should be anonymised and details that might identify the * taxpayer removed.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

22 (BP). Anonymize all tax judgments and remove details that might identify the taxpayer *

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

23 (MS). Legal professional privilege should apply to tax advice. *

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

23 (BP). Privilege from disclosure should apply to all tax advisors (not just lawyers) who supply similar advice to lawyers. Information imparted in circumstances of confidentiality may be privileged from disclosure.

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

24 (MS). Where tax authorities enter premises which may contain privileged material, arrangements should be made (e.g. an independent lawyer) to protect that privilege.

*

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

24 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

YesNo

Area 4 - Normal audits

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org)

an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

25 (MS). Audits should respect the following principles: (i) Proportionality. (2) Ne bis in idem * (prohibition of double jeopardy). (3) Audi alteram partem (right to be heard before any decision is taken). (4) Nemo tenetur se detegere (principle against self/incrimination). Tax notices issued in violation of these principles should be null and void.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

New Art. 10-ter, Law no. 212 of 27 July 2000 (so-called "Taxpayer's Bill of Rights"), as recently amended by Legislative Decree no. 219 of 30 December 2023 and entered into force on 18 January 2024, has introduced the principle of proportionality in tax proceedings, which shall apply to all phases (i.e. factfinding, tax assessment, imposition of tax administrative penalties and forced tax collection), and provides that the Tax Authorities shall not exceed what strictly needed for ensuring the correct payment of taxes nor compress taxpayers' rights beyond what necessary to the goal achievement.

26 (MS). In application of proportionality, tax authorities may only request for information that * is strictly needed, not otherwise available, and must impose least burdensome impact on taxpayers.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

26 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

27 (BP). In application of ne bis in idem the taxpayer should only receive one audit per taxable period, except when facts that become known after the audit was completed.

*

- No changes
- Shift away
- Shift towards

27 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

New Art. 9-bis, Law no. 212 of 27 July 2000 (so-called "Taxpayer's Bill of Rights"), as recently amended by Legislative Decree no. 219 of 30 December 2023 and entered into force on 18 January 2024, provides that "Unless specific rules provide otherwise and confirm the amendability of formal and procedural defects, the taxpayer has the right to have the Tax Authorities carry out the assessment action relating to each tax only once for each tax period". Although this is not a proper "shift towards", being the new rule formally limited to the receival of notices of assessment (and not also tax audits), it was appropriate to point out this innovation, hoping that the legislator will soon intervene by expanding the prohibition on bis in idem to include tax audits.

28 (MS). In application of audi alteram partem, taxpayers should have the right to attend all * relevant meetings with tax authorities (assisted by advisors), the right to provide factual information, and to present their views before decisions of the tax authorities become final.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

28 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

See what already highlighted supra in the question 9 (S).

29 (MS). In application of nemo tenetur, the right to remain silent should be respected in all	*
tax audits.	

- No changes
- Shifted away
 - Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

30 (BP). Tax audits should follow a pattern that is set out in published guidelines. *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

30 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

31 (BP). A manual of good practice in tax audits should be established at the global level. *

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

31 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

32 (BP). Taxpayers should be entitled to request the start of a tax audit (to obtain finality). *

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

33 (MS). Where tax authorities have resolved to start an aud	lit, they should inform the
taxpayer	

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

33 (BP). Where tax authorities have resolved to start an audit, they should hold an initial meeting with the taxpayer in which they spell out the aims and procedure, together with timescale and targets. They should then disclose any additional evidence in their possession to the taxpayer.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

34 (MS). Taxpayers should be informed of information gathering from third parties. *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

34 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

35 (BP). Reasonable time limits should be fixed for the conduct of audits. *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

35 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

36 (MS). Technical assistance (including representation) should be available at all stages of * the audit by experts selected by the taxpayer.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

37 (MS). The completion of a tax audit should be accurately reflected in a document, notified * in its full text to the taxpayer.

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

37 (BP). The drafting of the final audit report should involve participation by the taxpayer, with * the opportunity to correct inaccuracies of facts and to express the taxpayer's view.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

38 (BP). Following an audit, a report should be prepared even if the audit does not result in * additional tax or refund.

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

38 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

YesNo

Area 5 - More intensive audits

Please provide separately (via <a>optr@ibfd.org)

an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

39 (BP). More intensive audits should be limited to the extent strictly necessary to ensure an * effective reaction to non-compliance.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

40 (MS). If there is point in an audit when it becomes foreseeable that the taxpayer may be liable for a penalty or criminal charge, from that time the taxpayer should have stronger protection of his right to silence, and statements from the taxpayer should not be used in the audit procedure.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

40 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

41 (MS). Entering premises or interception of communications should be authorised by the * judiciary.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

41 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

42 (MS). Authorisation within the revenue authorities should only be in cases of urgency, and * subsequently reported to the judiciary for ex-post ratification.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

43 (MS). Inspection of the taxpayer's home should require authorisation by the judiciary and * only be given in exceptional cases.

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

43 (BP). Where tax authorities intend to search the taxpayer's premises, the taxpayer should * be informed and have an opportunity to appear before the judicial authority, subject to exception where there is evidence of danger that documents will be removed or destroyed.

- No changes
- Shifted away
 - Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

44 (BP). Access to bank information should require judicial authorisation. *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

44 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

45 (BP). Authorisation by the judiciary should be necessary for the interception of telephone * communications and monitoring of internet access. Specialised offices within the judiciary should be established to supervise these actions.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

45 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

46 (MS). Seizure of documents should be subject to a requirement to give reasons why seizure is indispensable, and to fix the time when documents will be returned; seizure should be limited in time.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

47 (BP). If data are held on a computer hard drive, then a backup should be made in the presence of the taxpayer's advisors and the original left with the taxpayer.

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

47 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

48 (MS). Where invasive techniques are applied, they should be limited in time to avoid a disproportionate impact on taxpayers.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

48 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

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🔵 Yes

💽 No

Area 6 - Reviews and appeals

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

49 (BP). E-filing of requests for internal review to ensure the effective and speedy handling of * the review process.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

49 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

50 (MS). The right to appeal should not depend upon prior exhaustion of administrative reviews.

*

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

- 51 (BP). Reviews and appeals should not exceed two years. *
- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

51 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

52 (MS). Audi alteram partem should apply in administrative reviews and judicial appeals. *

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

52 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

See what already highlighted supra in the question 9 (S), concerning the introduction of a general audi alteram partem principle in tax administrative proceedings, which was already existing in tax litigation.

53 (MS). Where tax must be paid in whole or in part before an appeal, there must be an * effective mechanism for providing interim suspension of payment.

• No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

53 (BP). An appeal should not require prior payment of tax in all cases. *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

53 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

54 (BP). The state should bear some or all of the costs of an appeal, whatever the outcome. *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

55 (MS). Legal assistance should be provided for those taxpayers who cannot afford it. *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

55 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

56 (MS). Taxpayers should have the right to request the exclusion of the public from a tax * appeal hearing.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

56 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

57 (MS). Tax judgments should be published. *

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

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Do you want to save your results and quit? *

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

Ο	Yes
	No

Area 7 - Criminal and administrative sanctions

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you. 58 (MS). Proportionality and ne bis in idem should apply to tax penalties. *

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

58 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

See what already highlighted supra in the question 25 (S). New Art. 10-ter, Law no. 212 of 27 July 2000 (so-called "Taxpayer's Bill of Rights"), as recently amended by Legislative Decree no. 219 of 30 December 2023 and entered into force on 18 January 2024, has introduced the principle of proportionality in tax proceedings, which shall apply to all phases (i.e. fact-finding, tax assessment, imposition of tax administrative penalties and forced tax collection). In this respect, paragraph 3 of the abovementioned Art. 10-ter provides that "The principle of proportionality referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 also applies to measures to combat tax avoidance and evasion and to tax administrative penalties". With regard to the prohibition of bis in idem, Art. 20, paragraph 1, letter a), no. 3), Law no. 111 of 9 August 2023 (Delegation to the Government for tax reform) provides that in the revision of the administrative and criminal tax penalty system the following guiding principle must be expressly followed: "review the relationships between the criminal trial and the litigation before Tax Courts by providing, consistently with the general principles of the legal system, that, in cases of irrevocable judgement of acquittal because the fact does not exist or the accused did not commit it, the material facts ascertained during the criminal trial will be considered in the tax litigation as regards the verification of the facts themselves and adapting the procedural and substantive profiles connected to the hypotheses of non-punishment and the application of mitigating circumstances to the actual duration of the tax debt repayment plans, even in the phase prior to the exercise of criminal action". From this rule, which has not yet been converted within a delegated law, it emerges the clear will of lawmaker to require Tax Courts to comply with the possible parallel acquittal with a "full formula" that concerns the same taxpayer in the criminal track.

59 (BP). Where administrative and criminal sanctions may both apply, only one procedure * and one sanction should be applied.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

59 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

See what already highlighted supra in the question 58 (S).

60 (BP). Voluntary disclosure should lead to reduction of penalties. *

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

61 (MS). Sanctions should not be increased simply to encourage taxpayers to make voluntary disclosures.

*

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

61 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Do you	want	to	save	your	results	and	quit?	*

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

YesNo

Area 8 - Enforcement of taxes

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

62 (MS). Collection of taxes should never deprive taxpayers of their minimum necessary for * living.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

63 (BP). Authorisation by the judiciary should be required before seizing assets or bank	
accounts	

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

63 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

64 (MS). Taxpayers should have the right to request delayed payment of arrears. *

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

64 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

65 (BP). Bankruptcy of taxpayers should be avoided, by partial remission of the debt or structured plans for deferred payment.

*

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

66 (MS). Temporary suspension of tax enforcement should follow natural disasters. *

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

In case of natural disasters, usually the Italian lawmaker approves specific disciplines that suspend tax obligations for those taxpayers directly affected by such events based on their residence or seat of the business activity. During 2023, for example, Law no. 100 of 31 July 2023 (which converted into law, with amendments, Law Decree no. 61 of 1st June 2023, containing urgent interventions to deal with the emergency caused by the flood events that occurred starting from 1st May 2023), has introduced several measures, among which the suspension from 1st May 2023 to 31st August 2023 of the deadlines relating to tax and social security obligations and payments.

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

) Yes

🕨 No

Area 9 - Cross-border situations

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org)

an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

67 (MS). The requesting state should notify the taxpayer of cross-border requests for information, unless it has specific grounds for considering that this would prejudice the process of investigation. The requested state should inform the taxpayer unless it has a reasoned request from the requesting state that the taxpayer should not be informed on grounds that it would prejudice the investigation.

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

67 (BP). The taxpayer should be informed that a cross-border request for information is to be * made.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

67 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

*

68 (BP). Where a cross-border request for information is made, the requested state should * also be asked to supply information that assists the taxpayer.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

68 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

69 (BP). Provisions should be included in tax treaties setting specific conditions for exchange * of information.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

*

70 (MS). If information is sought from third parties, judicial authorisation should be necessary.

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

70 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

71 (BP). The taxpayer should be given access to information received by the requesting state.

*

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

71 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

72 (BP). Information should not be supplied in response to a request where the originating * cause was the acquisition of stolen or illegally obtained information.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

73 (BP). A requesting state should provide confirmation of confidentiality to the requested * state.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

73 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

74 (MS). A state should not be entitled to receive information if it is unable to provide independent, verifiable evidence that it observes high standards of data protection.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

74 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

75 (BP). For automatic exchange of financial information, the taxpayer should be notified of * the proposed exchange in sufficient time to exercise data protection rights.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

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76 (BP). Taxpayers should have a right to request initiation of mutual agreement procedure. *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

76 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

77 (MS). Taxpayers should have a right to participate in mutual agreement procedure by being heard and being informed as to the progress of the procedure.

*

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

77 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

If "Yes", please submit the form. If "Yes", bear in mind that there are still several questions that need to be answered later. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.

) Yes

💽 No

Area 10 - Legislation

an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's
legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations
of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated.
Thank you.

78 (MS). Retrospective tax legislation should only be permitted in limited circumstances * which are spelt out in detail.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

78 (BP). Retrospective tax legislation should ideally be banned completely. *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

New Art. 3, Law no. 212 of 27 July 2000 (so-called "Taxpayer's Bill of Rights"), as recently amended by Legislative Decree no. 219 of 30 December 2023 and entered into force on 18 January 2024, which already provided a general prohibition of retrospective tax legislation at paragraph 1 (not applicable to interpretative rules, whose aim is clearly to explain the scope of existing rules), has been enriched with the following: "Legal presumptions do not apply retrospectively. With regard to taxes due, determined or paid periodically, the legislative changes introduced apply only starting from the tax period following the one occurring on the date of their entry into force".

79 (BP). Public consultation should precede the making of tax policy and tax law. *

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

79 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Do you want to save your results and quit? *

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) Yes

No

Area 11 - Revenue practice and guidance

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org)

an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

80 (MS). Taxpayers should be entitled to access all relevant legal material, comprising legislation, administrative regulations, rulings, manuals and other guidance.

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

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See what already highlighted supra in the question 5 (S).

81 (MS). Where legal material is available primarily on the internet, arrangements should be * made to provide it to those who do not have access to the internet.

No changes

- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

81 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

82 (MS). Binding rulings should only be published in an anonymised form *

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

82 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>. Thank you.

83 (MS). Where a taxpayer relies upon published guidance of a revenue authority which * subsequently proves to be inaccurate, changes should apply only prospectively.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

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Do you want to save your results and quit? *

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Ο	Yes
$oldsymbol{O}$	No

Area 12 - Institutional framework for protecting taxpayers' rights

Please provide separately (via <u>optr@ibfd.org</u>) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you. 84 (MS). Adoption of a charter or statement of taxpayers' rights should be a minimum standard.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

84 (BP). A separate statement of taxpayers' rights under audit should be provided to taxpayers who are audited.

No changes

Shifted away

Shifted towards

84 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2023

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a nonjudgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. IN ALL CASES please back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcome to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org. Thank you.

*

*

85 (BP). A taxpayer advocate or ombudsman should be established to scrutinise the operations of the tax authority, handle specific complaints, and intervene in appropriate cases. Best practice is the establishment of a separate office within the tax authority but independent from normal operations of that authority.

*

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

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New Art. 13, Law no. 212 of 27 July 2000 (so-called "Taxpayer's Bill of Rights"), as recently amended by Legislative Decree no. 219 of 30 December 2023 and entered into force on 18 January 2024, ha introduced a "National Taxpayer Ombudsman", while in the previous discipline it was an official established in every Region. Being optimistic, this development may appear a "shift towards" because it creates a unique official with national competence. The centralisation of the function may bring benefits to the overall National Taxpayer Ombudsman's prestige, allowing the start of a process of best practices that are no longer fragmented between the Regions, but finally unitary at a State level. Also from a qualitative point of view, the law requires high standards of competence of the National Taxpayer Ombudsman, which is "a monocratic body based in Rome which operates in full autonomy and which is chosen and appointed by the Minister of Economy and Finance for the duration of four years, renewable only once taking into account the professionalism, productivity and activity carried out". The group of candidates that the Minister will be able to evaluate includes magistrates, university professors of legal and economic topics, notaries, lawyers, and chartered accountants with proven experience. The reform, however, does not resolve the two main critical issues that the "old" Regional Taxpayer Ombudsmen already had in the past, namely: 1) the dependence on the Ministry of Economy and Finance, which clearly does not allow for real impartiality and independence (of action and also of salary); 2) the absence of sanctioning and/or disciplinary powers towards tax inspectors who have, with their administrative activity, committed violations of tax provisions to the detriment of taxpayers. In conclusion, we hope that this first regulatory step will be subsequently improved by future legislative interventions, in order to make the figure more effective in the correct management of taxes and administrative procedures aimed at their assessment and collection.

86 (BP). The organisational structure for the protection of taxpayers' rights should operate at * local level as well as nationally.

- No changes
- Shifted away
- Shifted towards

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