

Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights

Below you will find a questionnaire filled in by Masato Ohno, Professor at *Meiji University* and OPTR National Reporter of Japan.

This set of questionnaires comprise the National Reporter's assessment on the country practice during 2020 in the protection of taxpayers' rights, and the level of fulfilment of the minimum standards and best practices on the practical protection of taxpayers' rights identified by Prof. Dr. Philip Baker and Prof. Dr. Pasquale Pistone at the 2015 IFA Congress on "The Practical Protection of Taxpayers' Fundamental Rights".

OPTR - 2020 Questionnaire 1 - Country Practice

Dear National Reporter,

I would like to thank you for your participation in the IBFD's Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights (OPTR).

This form collects the information on the practical implementation in domestic law of legal procedures, safeguards and guarantees associated with taxpayers' rights in 82 situations for the practical protection of taxpayers' rights, as monitored by the IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

We kindly ask you to assess assertively (yes/no) the level of practical implementation of said procedures, safeguards and guarantees associated with taxpayers' rights in your country. When answering, please bear in mind the actual practice regarding each situation, regardless of whether a given procedure, safeguard or guarantee has been formally adopted in your country.

We would be very grateful if you submit us this questionnaire, duly filled out, by no later than 15 January 2021.

Feel free to contact us for any clarification you may need. We look forward to your valuable contribution to this remarkable project.

Kind regards,

Prof. Dr. Carlos E. Weffe Managing Editor IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

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Questionnaire 1 - Country Practice

Instructions:

- 1. Please answer all questions. The form will not allow you to continue/submit your responses until you have answered all questions.
- 2. For assertive questions, please answer with "yes" or "no" by clicking on the corresponding button.
- 3. For questions that require you to specify a period of time (namely, Q. 26 and Q. 45), please select the time applicable in your country to carry out the procedures indicated in the questions in practice, within the options provided.
- 4. For questions with more than one possible answer (namely, Q. 56), please check all necessary boxes to reflect better the practical situation of your country regarding the issue, by clicking on them.

5. When completed, please submit the survey.
6. Once you have submitted the survey, you will receive an email acknowledging your participation in the OPTR and providing a backup of your answers.
7. The email will also include an "edit your survey" link, in case you want to modify any of your answers. You will receive this email every time you submit partial responses.
8. An option to quit the survey and save your answers is provided at the end of each section.
9. If answering partially, please select "Yes" at the end of the section in which you are to submit your partial answers to the survey. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this survey.
10. For editing your answers, please use the last "edit your response" link provided to you via email. Please bear in mind that this is the only way the system will acknowledge your previous answers. If you use a link other than the last one provided, some (or all) changes might not be retrieved by the system.
11. When clicking on the last "edit your response" link, the system will lead you to the front page of the survey. Click on "Next" as many times as needed to get to the section you want to continue in. Once you have reached said section, please remember to change your answer to the question "Do you want to save your results and quit?" to "No", in order to be able to continue.
Area 1 - Identification of taxpayers, issuing tax returns and communicating with taxpayers
1. Do taxpayers have the right to see the information held about them by the tax authority? *
Yes
○ No
2. If yes, can they request the correction of errors in the information? *

Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)

Yes

No

3. Is it possible in your country for taxpayers to communicate electronically with the tax authority? *
Yes
No
4. If yes, are there systems in place to prevent unauthorised access to the channel of communication? *
O Yes
No
5. In your country, is there a system of "cooperative compliance" / "enhanced relationship"which applies to some taxpayers only? *
Yes
O No
6. If yes, are there rules or procedures in place to ensure this system is available to all eligible taxpayers on a non-preferential/non discriminatory/non arbitrary basis? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
No

7. Are there special arrangements for individuals who face particular difficulties (e.g. the disabled, the elderly, other special cases) to receive assistance in complying with their tax obligations? *
Yes
○ No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No
Area 2 - The issue of tax assessment
8. Does a dialogue take place in your country between the taxpayer and the tax authority before the issue of an assessment in order to reach an agreed assessment? *
Yes
○ No

9. If a systematic error in the assessment of tax comes to light (e.g. the tax authority loses a tax case and it is clear that tax has been collected on a wrong basis), does the tax authority act ex officio to notify all affected taxpayers and arrange repayments to them? *	
Yes	
○ No	
10. If yes, can the taxpayer request a meeting with the tax officer? *	
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)	
Yes	
○ No	
Do you want to save your results and quit? *	
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.	
○ Yes	
No	

Area 3 - Confidentiality

11. Is information held by your tax authority automatically encrypted? *
Yes
O No
12. Is access to information held by the tax authority about a specific taxpayer accessible
only to the tax official(s) dealing with that taxpayer's affairs? *
Yes
○ No
13. If yes, must the tax official identify himself/herself before accessing information held about a specific taxpayer? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes Yes
○ No
14. Is access to information held about a taxpayer audited internally to check if there has been any unauthorised access to that information? *
Yes
○ No

15. Are there examples of tax officials who have been criminally prosecuted in the last decade for unauthorised access to taxpayers' data? *
Yes
No
16. Is information about the tax liability of specific taxpayers publicly available in your country? *
Yes
No
17. Is "naming and shaming" of non-compliant taxpayers practised in your country? *
Yes
No
18. Is there a system in your country by which the courts may authorise the public disclosure of information held by the tax authority about specific taxpayers (e.g. habeas data or freedom of information? *
Yes
No

19. Is there a system of protection of legally privileged communications between the taxpayer and its advisors? *		
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.		
O Yes		
No		
20. If yes, does this extend to advisors other than those who are legally qualified (e.g. accountants, tax advisors)? *		
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.		
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)		
Yes		
○ No		
Do you want to save your results and quit? *		
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.		
○ Yes		
No		

Area 4 - Normal audits

21. Does the principle ne bis in idem apply to tax audits (i.e. that the taxpayer can only receive one audit in respect of the same taxable period)? *
Yes
O No
22. If yes, does this mean only one audit per tax per year? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
O No
23. Does the principle audi alteram partem apply in the tax audit process (i.e. does the taxpayer have to be notified of all decisions taken in the process and have the right to object and be heard before the decision is finalised)? *
Yes
○ No
24. Does the taxpayer have the right to request an audit (e.g. if the taxpayer wishes to get finality of taxation for a particular year)? *
Yes
No

25. Are there time limits applicable to the conduct of a normal audit in your country (e.g. the audit must be concluded within so many months? *	
○ Yes	
No	
26. If yes, what is the normal limit in months? *	
There is no limit (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question) ▼	
27. Does the taxpayer have the right to be represented by a person of its choice in the audit process? *	
Yes	
○ No	
28. May the opinion of independent experts be used in the audit process? *	
Yes	
○ No	

29. Does the taxpayer have the right to receive a full report on the conclusions of the audit at the end of the process? *
Yes
○ No
30. Are there limits to the frequency of audits of the same taxpayer (e.g. in respect to
different periods or different taxes)? *
Yes
No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No

Area 5 - More intensive audits

31. Is the principle nemo tenetur applied in tax investigations (i.e. the principle against self-incrimination? *
Yes
○ No
32. If yes, is there a restriction on the use of information supplied by the taxpayer in a subsequent penalty procedure/criminal procedure? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
No
33. If yes to nemo tenetur, can the taxpayer raise this principle to refuse to supply basic accounting information to the tax authority? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 31)
Yes
No

34. Is there a procedure applied in your country to identify a point in time during an investigation when it becomes likely that the taxpayer may be liable for a penalty or a criminal charge, and from that time onwards the taxpayer's right not to self-incriminate recognised? *
Yes
O No
35. If yes, is there a requirement to give the taxpayer a warning that the taxpayer can rely on the right of non-self-incrimination? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
No
36. Is authorisation by a court always needed before the tax authority may enter and search premises? *
Yes
O No

37. May the tax authority enter and search the dwelling places of individuals? *
Yes No
38. Is a court order required before the tax authority can use interception of communications (e.g. telephone tapping or access to electronic communications)? *
YesNo
39. Is there a procedure in place to ensure that legally privileged material is not taken in the course of a search? *
YesNo
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes No

40. Is there a procedure for an internal review of an assessment/decision before the taxpayer appeals to the judiciary? *	
Yes	
○ No	
41. Does the taxpayer need permission to appeal to the first instance tribunal? *	
Yes	
No	
42. Does the taxpayer need permission to appeal to the second or higher instance tribunals? *	
○ Yes	
No	

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into

English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

43. Is it necessary for the taxpayer to bring his case first before an administrative court to quash the assessment/decision, before the case can proceed to a judicial hearing? *
Yes
○ No
44. Are there time limits applicable for a tax case to complete the judicial appeal process? *
Yes
No
45. If yes, what is the normal time it takes for a tax case to be concluded on appeal? *
There is no limit (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question) ▼
46. Are there any arrangements for alternative dispute resolution (e.g. mediation or arbitration) before a tax case proceeds to the judiciary? *
Yes
No
arbitration) before a tax case proceeds to the judiciary? * Yes

47. Is there a system for the simplified resolution of tax disputes (e.g. by a determination on the file, or by e/filing)? *
Yes
No
48. Is the principle audi alteram partem (i.e. each party has a right to a hearing) applied in all tax appeals? *
Yes
○ No
49. Does the taxpayer have to pay some/all the tax before an appeal can be made (i.e. solve et repete)? *
Yes
No
50. If yes, are there exceptions recognised where the taxpayer does not need to pay before appealing (i.e. can obtain an interim suspension of the tax debt? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
O No

51. Does the loser have to pay the costs in a tax appeal? *
Yes
No
52. If yes, are there situations recognised where the loser does not need to pay the costs (e.g. because of the conduct of the other party)? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
O No
53. If there is usually a public hearing, can the taxpayer request a hearing in camera (i.e. not in public) to preserve secrecy/confidentiality? *
Yes
No
54. Are judgments of tax tribunals published? *
Yes
○ No

55. If yes, can the taxpayer preserve its anonymity in the judgment? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)YesNo
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No
Area 7 - Criminal and administrative sanctions
56. Does the principle ne bis in idem apply in your country to prevent either: *
The principle does not apply in my country
The imposition of a tax penalty and the tax liability
✓ The imposition of more than one tax penalty for the same conduct
The imposition of a tax penalty and a criminal liability

57. If ne bis in idem is recognised, does this prevent two parallel sets of court proceedings arising from the same factual circumstances (e.g. a tax court and a criminal court)? *
 Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question) Yes No
 58. If the taxpayer makes a voluntary disclosure of a tax liability, can this result in a reduced or a zero penalty? * Yes No
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No

Area 8 - Enforcement of taxes

59. Is a court order always necessary before the tax authorities can access a taxpayer's bank account or other assets? *
Yes No
60. Does the taxpayer have the right to request a deferred payment of taxes or a payment in instalments (perhaps with a guarantee)? *
Yes
○ No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
O Yes
No

Area 9 - Cross-border situations

61. Does the taxpayer have the right to be informed before information relating to him is exchanged in response to a specific request? *
Yes
No
62. Does the taxpayer have a right to be informed before information is sought from third parties in response to a specific request for exchange of information? *
Yes
No
63. If no to either of the previous two questions, did your country previously recognise the right of taxpayers to be informed and was such right removed in the context of the peer review by the Forum on Transparency and Exchange of Information? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to either question 61 or question 62)
Yes
No

64. Does the taxpayer have the right to be heard by the tax authority before the exchange of information relating to him with another country? *	
Yes	
No	
65. Does the taxpayer have the right to challenge before the judiciary the exchange of information relating to him with another country? *	
O Yes	
No	
66. Does the taxpayer have the right to see any information received from another country that relates to him? *	
Yes	
No	
67. Does the taxpayer have the right in all cases to require a mutual agreement procedure is initiated? *	
Yes	
No	

68. Does the taxpayer have a right to see the communications exchanged in the context of a mutual agreement procedure? *
Yes
No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No
Area 10 - Legislation
69. Is there a prohibition on retrospective tax legislation in your country? *
Yes
No

70. If no, are there restrictions on the adoption of retrospective tax legislation in your country? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "Yes" to the previous question)
Yes
○ No
71. Is there a procedure in your country for public consultation before the adopting of all (or most) tax legislation? *
Yes
No
72. Is tax legislation subject to constitutional review which can strike down unconstitutional laws? *
Yes
O No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No

Area 11 - Revenue practice and guidance

73. Does the tax authority in your country publish guidance (e.g. revenue manuals, circulars, etc.) as to how it applies your tax law? *
Yes
O No
74. Does your country have a generalised system of advanced rulings available to taxpayers? *
Yes
O No
75. If yes, is it legally binding? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)Yes
Yes
Yes
YesNo
 Yes No 76. If a binding ruling is refused, does the taxpayer have a right to appeal? *

77. If your country publishes guidance as to how it applies your tax law, can taxpayers acting in good faith rely on that published guidance (i.e. protection of legitimate expectations)? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
○ No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No
Area 12 - Institutional framework for protecting taxpayers' rights
78. Is there a taxpayers' charter or taxpayers' bill of rights in your country? *
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
○ Yes
No

79. If yes, are its provisions legally effective? * Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
O No
80. Is there a (tax) ombudsman / taxpayers' advocate / equivalent position in your country? *
Yes
○ No
81. If yes, can the ombudsman intervene in an on-going dispute between the taxpayer and the tax authority (before it goes to court)? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
No

82. If yes to a (tax) ombudsman, is he/she independent from the tax authority? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 80)
Yes
No

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OPTR - 2020 Questionnaire 2 - Standards of Protection

Dear National Reporter,

I would like to thank you for your participation in the IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights (OPTR).

This form collects the information on developments occurred in 2020 regarding the implementation of 57 minimum standards and 44 best practices, distributed into 86 benchmarks, for the practical protection of taxpayers' rights as monitored by the OPTR.

We kindly ask you to provide an impartial, non-judgmental summary of events occurred in 2020 that in your opinion affect the level of compliance of a given of minimum standard/best practice in your country. These events may include, without limitation, legislation enacted, administrative rulings and/or circulars issued, case law and tax administration practices implemented, among others, as requested by this form.

You are also kindly required to assess whether the events you described represent either a step towards or a step away from the practical implementation of the given minimum standard/best practice in your country. Full instructions are provided below.

This form should be filled in as soon as any of the events mentioned above occurs and edited as many times as necessary to cover all relevant developments occurred in 2020, until no later than 15 January 2021. We appreciate very much your cooperation in this regard.

Feel free to contact us for any clarification you may need. We look forward to your valuable contribution to this remarkable project.

Kind regards,

Prof. Dr Carlos E. Weffe Managing Editor IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

^{*} Better if filled in using Google Chrome © or Mozilla Firefox ©

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Name: * Masato OHNO
Country: * Japan ▼
Affiliation * Taxpayers / Tax Practitioners Tax Administration Judiciary (Tax) Ombudsperson Academia Other:

Instructions

1. Please answer all questions. The form will not allow you to continue/submit your responses until you have answered all questions.

- 2. All questions are two or three-tiered (namely, either with parts "MS" and/or "BP", and "S"). They comprise a minimum standard and /or a best practice, and a "summary of relevant facts in 2020", a space for providing a summarized account on facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way.
- 3. Please Indicate, by clicking on the corresponding button, whether there was an improvement or a decrease of the level of compliance of the relevant standard/best practice in your country in 2020. If there were no changes, please indicate so by clicking on the corresponding button.
- 4. In ALL cases where an assessment of either improvement or decrease is reported, please refer the relevant novelties in the space provided under "summary of relevant facts in 2020", for each question. Please give a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. In case there is nothing to report for a given minimum standard/best practice, please answer "no changes".
- 5. If any, make additional, non-judgmental commentaries at the space provided under "summary of relevant facts in 2020".
- 6. Back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials, if possible. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcomed to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org.
- 7. When completed, please submit the survey.
- 8. Once you have submitted the survey, you will receive an email acknowledging your participation in the OPTR and providing a backup of your answers.
- 9. The email will also include an "edit your survey" link, in case you want to modify any of your answers. You will receive this email every time you submit partial responses.
- 10. An option to quit the survey and save your answers is provided at the end of each section. This survey has 12 sections, as many as those identified by Baker and Pistone in their 2015 IFA General Report.
- 11. If answering partially, please select "Yes" at the end of the section in which you are to submit your partial answers to the survey. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this survey.
- 12. For editing your answers, please use the last "edit your response" link provided to you via email. Please bear in mind that this is the only way the system will acknowledge your previous answers. If you use a link other than the last one provided, some (or all) changes might not be retrieved by the system.
- 13. When clicking on the last "edit your response" link, the system will lead you to the front page of the survey. Click on "Next" as many times as needed to get to the section you want to continue in. Once you have reached said section, please remember to change your answer to the question "Do you want to save your results and quit?" to "No", in order to be able to continue.

Area 1 - Identification of taxpayers, issuing tax returns and communicating with taxpayers

1 (MS). Implement safeguards to prevent impersonation when issuing a unique identification number *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

1 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

The reporter describes (i) Japan's tax policy addressing the COVID-19 pandemic, and (ii) the Japanese tax administration's interaction with taxpayers under the pandemic, in the last summary box (Summary 86).

With regard to the "My-Number Card", that is Japan's identification number card introduced in 2016, the purpose of which is not restricted to tax matters, 11.8 million cards were issued in 2020. As of 1 January 2021, the cumulative number of the card issued is 30.8 million, and the dissemination rate is 24.2% (30.8 million cards issued/ Japan's population 127.1 million). Under the law, holding the "My-Number Card" is not mandatory, then the card will be issued only at the request of residents. The dissemination rate increased from 15.0% in January 2020 to 24.2% in January 2021, and one of the reasons of the rate hike is said that people requested the card in order to receive special COVID-19 subsidy of JPY 100,000 (approx. EUR 800) per person (described in 86(S)) as early as possible via internet. However, the dissemination rate is still far behind from the government's target of "almost 100% by the end of FY2022".

2 (MS). The system of taxpayer identification should take account of religious sensitivities *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
2 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
3 (MS). Impose obligations of confidentiality on third parties with respect to information gathered by them for tax purposes *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

4 (\$	Shifted towards S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
O	No changes Shifted away
	MS). Where pre/populated returns are used, these should be sent to taxpayers to correct ors. *
Only enac	S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation cted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if the content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is er a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
0	Shifted towards
0	Shifted away
	No changes

5 (MS). Provide a right to access to taxpayers to personal information held about them, and a right to correct inaccuracies. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
5 (BP). Publish guidance on taxpayers' rights to access information and correct inaccuracies *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
5 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

6 (MS). Where communication with taxpayers is in electronic form, institute systems to prevent impersonation or interception *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
6 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2019 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
7 (MS). Where a system of "cooperative compliance" operates, ensure it is available on a non-discriminatory and voluntary basis *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
7 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2019 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

8 (MS). Provide assistance for those who face difficulties in meeting compliance obligations, including those with disabilities, those located in remote areas, and those unable or unwilling to use electronic forms of communication *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
8 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No

Area 2 - The issue of tax assessment

9 (BP). Establish a constructive dialogue between taxpayers and revenue authorities to ensure a fair assessment of taxes based on equality of arms *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
9 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if
some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
10 (BP). Use e-filing to speed up assessments and correction of errors, particularly systematic errors *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
10 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No
Area 3 - Confidentiality
11 (MS). Provide a specific legal guarantee for confidentiality, with sanctions for officials who make unauthorised disclosures (and ensure sanctions are enforced). *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
11 (BP). Encrypt information held by a tax authority about taxpayers to the highest level attainable. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards

11 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
12 (MS). Introduce an offence for tax officials covering up unauthorised disclosure of confidential information. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
12 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if
some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
13 (MS). Restrict access to data to those officials authorised to consult it. For encrypted data, use digital access codes. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards

13 (BP). Ensure an effective fire-wall to prevent unauthorised access to data held by revenue authorities. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
13 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
14 (MS). Audit data access periodically to identify cases of unauthorised access. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
14 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

15 (MS). Introduce administrative measures emphasizing confidentiality to tax officials. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
15 (BP). Appoint data protection/privacy officers at senior level and local tax offices. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
15 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
16 (MS). If a breach of confidentiality occurs, investigate fully with an appropriate level of seniority by independent persons (e.g. judges). *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards

16 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
17 (MS). Provide remedies for taxpayers who are victims of unauthorised disclosure of confidential information. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
17 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
18 (MS). Exceptions to the general rule of confidentiality should be explicitly stated in the law, narrowly drafted and interpreted. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

19 (MS). If "naming and shaming" is employed, ensure adequate safeguards (e.g. judicial authorisation after proceedings involving the taxpayer).* No changes Shifted away Shifted towards 19 (BP). Require judicial authorisation before any disclosure of confidential information by revenue authorities * No changes Shifted away Shifted towards
 Shifted away Shifted towards 19 (BP). Require judicial authorisation before any disclosure of confidential information by revenue authorities * No changes Shifted away
 Shifted towards 19 (BP). Require judicial authorisation before any disclosure of confidential information by revenue authorities * No changes Shifted away
19 (BP). Require judicial authorisation before any disclosure of confidential information by revenue authorities * No changes Shifted away
revenue authorities * No changes Shifted away
Shifted away
Shifted towards
19 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

	S). No disclosure of confidential taxpayer information to politicians, or where it might d for political purposes. *		
No	o changes		
O Sh	Shifted away		
○ Sh	Shifted towards		
officia). Parliamentary supervision of revenue authorities should involve independent ls, subject to confidentiality obligations, examining specific taxpayer data, and then ing to Parliament. *		
No	o changes		
O Sh	ifted away		
○ Sh	ifted towards		
20 (S).	Summary of relevant facts in 2020		
enacted, some co	nswered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if intent is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.		

21 (MS). Freedom of information legislation may allow a taxpayer to access information about himself. However, access to information by third parties should be subject to stringent safeguards: only if an independent tribunal concludes that the public interest in disclosure outweighs the right of confidentiality, and only after a hearing where the taxpayer has an opportunity to be heard. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
21 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
22 (MS). If published, tax rulings should be anonymised and details that might identify the taxpayer removed. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

23 (BP). Privilege from disclosure should apply to all tax advisors (not just lawyers) who supply similar advice to lawyers. Information imparted in circumstances of confidentiality may be privileged from disclosure. *
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
23 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
24 (MS). Where tax authorities enter premises which may contain privileged material, arrangements should be made (e.g. an independent lawyer) to protect that privilege. *
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

24 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
Yes
No
Area 4 - Normal audits
25 (MS). Audits should respect the following principles: (i) Proportionality. (2) Ne bis in idem (prohibition of double jeopardy). (3) Audi alteram partem (right to be heard before any decision is taken). (4) Nemo tenetur se detegere (principle against self/incrimination). Tax notices issued in violation of these principles should be null and void. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

25 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
26 (MS). In application of proportionality, tax authorities may only request for information that is strictly needed, not otherwise available, and must impose least burdensome impact on taxpayers. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
26 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
27 (BP). In application of ne bis in idem the taxpayer should only receive one audit per
taxable period, except when facts that become known after the audit was completed. *
No changes
Shift away
Shift towards

under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.	way. Specify if fact reported is
28 (MS). In application of audi alteram partem, taxpayers should have the right relevant meetings with tax authorities (assisted by advisors), the right to provi information, and to present their views before decisions of the tax authorities *	de factual
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
28 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020	
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the funder a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.	way. Specify if

29 (MS). In application of nemo tenetur, the right to remain silent should be respected in all tax audits. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
29 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
30 (BP). Tax audits should follow a pattern that is set out in published guidelines. *
O No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
30 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

31 (BP). A manual of good practice in tax audits should be established at the global level. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
31 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
32 (BP). Taxpayers should be entitled to request the start of a tax audit (to obtain finality). *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
32 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

33 (MS). Where tax authorities have resolved to start an audit, they should inform the taxpayer *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
33 (BP). Where tax authorities have resolved to start an audit, they should hold an initial meeting with the taxpayer in which they spell out the aims and procedure, together with timescale and targets. They should then disclose any additional evidence in their possession to the taxpayer. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
33 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2019 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

34 (MS). Taxpayers should be informed of information gathering from third parties. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
34 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
35 (BP). Reasonable time limits should be fixed for the conduct of audits. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
35 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

36 (MS). Technical assistance (including representation) should be available at all stages of the audit by experts selected by the taxpayer. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
36 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
37 (MS). The completion of a tax audit should be accurately reflected in a document, notified in its full text to the taxpayer. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

37 (BP). The drafting of the final audit report should involve participation by the taxpayer, with the opportunity to correct inaccuracies of facts and to express the taxpayer's view. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
37 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
38 (BP). Following an audit, a report should be prepared even if the audit does not result in additional tax or refund. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
38 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

Do you want to save your results and quit? *
Yes
No
Area 5 - More intensive audits
39 (BP). More intensive audits should be limited to the extent strictly necessary to ensure an effective reaction to non-compliance. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
39 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

40 (MS). If there is point in an audit when it becomes foreseeable that the taxpayer may be liable for a penalty or criminal charge, from that time the taxpayer should have stronger protection of his right to silence, and statements from the taxpayer should not be used in the audit procedure. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
40 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
41 (MS). Entering premises or interception of communications should be authorised by the judiciary. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

41 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
42 (MS). Authorisation within the revenue authorities should only be in cases of urgency, and subsequently reported to the judiciary for ex-post ratification. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
42 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
43 (MS). Inspection of the taxpayer's home should require authorisation by the judiciary and only be given in exceptional cases. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards

43 (BP). Where tax authorities intend to search the taxpayer's premises, the taxpayer should be informed and have an opportunity to appear before the judicial authority, subject to exception where there is evidence of danger that documents will be removed or destroyed.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
43 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
44 (BP). Access to bank information should require judicial authorisation. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
44 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

45 (BP). Authorisation by the judiciary should be necessary for the interception of telephone communications and monitoring of internet access. Specialised offices within the judiciary should be established to supervise these actions. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
45 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
46 (MS). Seizure of documents should be subject to a requirement to give reasons why seizure is indispensable, and to fix the time when documents will be returned; seizure
should be limited in time. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
47 (BP). If data are held on a computer hard drive, then a backup should be made in the presence of the taxpayer's advisors and the original left with the taxpayer. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
47 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
48 (MS). Where invasive techniques are applied, they should be limited in time to avoid a disproportionate impact on taxpayers. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

48 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
○ Yes
No
Area 6 - Reviews and appeals Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
49 (BP). E-filing of requests for internal review to ensure the effective and speedy handling of the review process. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

49 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
50 (MS). The right to appeal should not depend upon prior exhaustion of administrative reviews. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
50 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
51 (BP). Reviews and appeals should not exceed two years. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

51 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
52 (MS). Audi alteram partem should apply in administrative reviews and judicial appeals. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
52 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
53 (MS). Where tax must be paid in whole or in part before an appeal, there must be an effective mechanism for providing interim suspension of payment. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

53 (BP). An appeal should not require prior payment of tax in all cases. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
53 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
54 (BP). The state should bear some or all of the costs of an appeal, whatever the outcome.
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
54 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

55 (MS). Legal assistance should be provided for those taxpayers who cannot afford it. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
55 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
56 (MS). Taxpayers should have the right to request the exclusion of the public from a tax appeal hearing. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
56 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

57 (A). Tax judgments should be published. *
No changesShifted awayShifted towards
57 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? * Yes No
Area 7 - Criminal and administrative sanctions 58 (MS). Proportionality and ne bis in idem should apply to tax penalties. *
No changesShifted awayShifted towards

58 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
59 (BP). Where administrative and criminal sanctions may both apply, only one procedure and one sanction should be applied. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
59 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
60 (BP). Voluntary disclosure should lead to reduction of penalties. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

60 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
61 (MS). Sanctions should not be increased simply to encourage taxpayers to make voluntary disclosures. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
61 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
Yes
No

62 (MS). Coll living. *	lection of taxes should never deprive taxpayers of their minimum necessary for
No chang	ges
Shifted a	way
Shifted to	owards
62 (S). Sumn	nary of relevant facts in 2020
enacted, admini some content is	d "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation strative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if a no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is m standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
63 (BP). Auth	norisation by the judiciary should be required before seizing assets or bank
No chang	jes — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
No chang Shifted a	

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Please be particularly aware of regulations on the COVID-19 pandemic. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank

you.

63 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
64 (MS). Taxpayers should have the right to request delayed payment of arrears. * No changes
Shifted awayShifted towards
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
65 (BP). Bankruptcy of taxpayers should be avoided, by partial remission of the debt or structured plans for deferred payment. *
No changesShifted away
Shifted away Shifted towards

65 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020	
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify is some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.	
66 (MS). Temporary suspension of tax enforcement should follow natural disasters. *	
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Please be particularly aware of regulations on the COVII pandemic. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. The you.	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
66 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020	
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify is some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.	
Do you want to save your results and quit? *	
Yes	
No	

Area 9 - Cross-border situations

67 (MS). The requesting state should notify the taxpayer of cross-border requests for information, unless it has specific grounds for considering that this would prejudice the process of investigation. The requested state should inform the taxpayer unless it has a reasoned request from the requesting state that the taxpayer should not be informed on grounds that it would prejudice the investigation. *	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
67 (BP). The taxpayer should be informed that a cross-border request for information is to be made. *	
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
67 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020	
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.	

68 (BP). Where a cross-border request for information is made, the requested state should also be asked to supply information that assists the taxpayer. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
68 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
69 (BP). Provisions should be included in tax treaties setting specific conditions for exchange of information. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
69 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

70 (MS). If information is sought from third parties, judicial authorisation should be necessary. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
70 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
71 (BP). The taxpayer should be given access to information received by the requesting state. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
71 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

72 (BP). Information should not be supplied in response to a request where the originating cause was the acquisition of stolen or illegally obtained information. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
72 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is
under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
73 (BP). A requesting state should provide confirmation of confidentiality to the requested state. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
73 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

74 (MS). A state should not be entitled to receive information if it is unable to provide independent, verifiable evidence that it observes high standards of data protection. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
74 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
75 (BP). For automatic exchange of financial information, the taxpayer should be notified of the proposed exchange in sufficient time to exercise data protection rights. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
75 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

76 (BP). Taxpayers should have a right to request initiation of mutual agreement procedure. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
76 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
77 (MS). Taxpayers should have a right to participate in mutual agreement procedure by being heard and being informed as to the progress of the procedure. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
77 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

Do you want to save your results and quit? *
Yes
No
Area 10 - Legislation
78 (MS). Retrospective tax legislation should only be permitted in limited circumstances which are spelt out in detail. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
78 (BP). Retrospective tax legislation should ideally be banned completely. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
78 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

79 (BP). Public consultation should precede the making of tax policy and tax law. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
79 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? * Yes
No
Area 11 - Revenue practice and guidance
80 (MS). Taxpayers should be entitled to access all relevant legal material, comprising legislation, administrative regulations, rulings, manuals and other guidance. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
81 (MS). Where legal material is available primarily on the internet, arrangements should be made to provide it to those who do not have access to the internet. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
81 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
82 (MS). Binding rulings should only be published in an anonymised form *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

82 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
83 (MS). Where a taxpayer relies upon published guidance of a revenue authority which subsequently proves to be inaccurate, changes should apply only prospectively. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
83 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
Yes
No

Area 12 - Institutional framework for protecting taxpayers' rights

84 (MS). Adoption of a charter or statement of taxpayers' rights should be a minimum standard. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
84 (BP). A separate statement of taxpayers' rights under audit should be provided to taxpayers who are audited. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
84 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

85 (BP). A taxpayer advocate or ombudsman should be established to scrutinise the operations of the tax authority, handle specific complaints, and intervene in appropriate cases. Best practice is the establishment of a separate office within the tax authority but independent from normal operations of that authority. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
85 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
86 (BP). The organisational structure for the protection of taxpayers' rights should operate at local level as well as nationally. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

86 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

Situation in Japan regarding the COVID-19 pandemic

This summary box (86(S)) may not be an appropriate place to describe tax policy and administration addressing the COVID-19 pandemic. However, since there seems to be no other fitting place, the reporter chose this last box for this matter.

1. In general

In January 2021, at the time the author is writing this report, Japan is in the third wave of the COVID-19 pandemic, that followed the first wave of April 2020 and the second wave of July - August 2020.

As of 15 January 2021, 335,363 people have been found positive and 4,416 people died since the beginning of the pandemic.

The third wave seems far bigger than the first and second waves. The number of people who were found positive in a day was, 720 at the peak of the first wave (11 April 2020), 1,605 at the peak of the second wave (7 August 2020), and 7,882 on 8 January 2021.

Under the situations described above, the government declared its second state of emergency on 8 and 11 January 2021 for Tokyo and other 10 prefectures. The first state emergency was declared in April 2020 that covered all 47 prefectures in Japan, and was lifted by the end of May 2020.

2. Tax policy

(1) The extension of tax return deadlines

Although the filing deadline of the individual income tax and gift tax of 2019 was 15 March 2020, and the deadline of the consumption tax (of individual taxpayers) for 2019 was 30 March 2020, the National Tax Agency of Japan (NTA) extended the deadlines till 16 April 2020 under sec. 11 [Extension of deadlines in the case of disaster, etc.] of the Act on General Rules for National Taxes (Act No. 66 of 1962).

(2) STR 2020 for national taxes

On 30 April 2020, the Diet (Japan's parliament) enacted the Act on Special Tax Rules Addressing the COVID-19 Pandemic ("STR 2020", Act No. 25 of 2020).

Under the STR 2020, for taxpayers, both individuals and corporations, whose turnover (amount of sales) decreased by 20% or more from the previous year and who have difficulties in paying tax, the postponement of tax payment will be allowed by their request. Such taxpayers do not need to provide securities and are exempted from delinquent tax.

The STR 2020 also provides many other rules such as (i) special rules for carrying-back losses, and (ii) special rules for deductions of housing loans.

(3) Local taxes

The Local Tax Act was revised on 30 April 2020 by the Act No. 26 of 2020, and special rules for addressing the pandemic, such as postponement of tax payments, were introduced. The Act No. 26 also provides for special rules for the evaluation of properties under which the value of real property (that is

the base of the property tax) would be reduced according to the decrease rate of the owner's business turnover.

(4) Tax exemption of special subsidies

During spring and summer of 2020, the Japanese government subsidized each household JPY 100,000 (approx. EUR 800) per person as a support for fighting the pandemic. This special subsidy was given to every resident of Japan, regardless of his/her income, based on the Resident Register maintained by local governments (cities, towns or villages). This subsidy, that costed total JPY 12.9 trillion (approx. EUR 103 billion) for the national budget, was decided after a bit of political turmoil.

(*) EUR 1 is approximately equal to JPY 125.

The government also subsidized families with children who are junior high school student or younger, the amount of which was JPY 10,000 (approx. EUR 80) per child.

These special subsidies are exempted from income tax under sec. 4 of the STR 2020.

Other special subsidies, such as JPY 1 million or 2 million subsidies given to individuals or small corporations, respectively, if their business turnover decreased by 50% or more, are not tax exempt.

3. Interaction between tax administrations and taxpayers

(1) Infection of tax officials

When a tax official of a District Tax Office or a Regional Taxation Bureau is found positive of COVID-19 (this frequently happens), the NTA promptly announces the name of the Office or the Bureau on the NTA website, sterilizes the office, closes the whole or a part of the office if necessary.

(2) Tax audit

The number of field audits held in Operational Year (OY) 2019 (from 1 July 2019 to 30 June 2020) decreased by 23% in corporate income tax and by 30% in individual income tax, respectively. The amount of income increased by field audits in OY 2019 also decreased by 44% in corporate income tax and by 13% in individual income tax, respectively.

(*) The source is the NTA website.

(3) Consultation in tax return season

Every income tax filing season (from 16 February to 15 March), District Tax Offices are crowded with taxpayers who want to consult tax officials and submit their tax returns, although the NTA calls for tax filing via internet. The crowdedness was eased a bit in March 2020 filing season because the filing deadline was extended. For the coming March 2021 filing season, the NTA calls for taxpayers to file a tax return via internet and to call phones (and not to visit Tax Offices) if they have any questions. If a taxpayer really need to visit a Tax Office, the Tax Office will issue a ticket that specifies the meeting date and time.

4. Sustainability of the national budget

In the initial budget of Fiscal Year 2020 (from April 2020 to 31 March 2021) prepared by the government in January 2020, the total estimated tax revenue was JPY 63.5 trillion and the total expenditure was JPY 102.7 trillion. Therefore, 36.6% of revenue depended on government bonds.

However, the COVID-19 pandemic forced the government to prepare two supplemental budgets. Under the second supplemental budget, the total expenditure increased to JPY 160.3 trillion, and 60.3% of revenue would depend on government bond (even if tax revenue comes into the national treasury as expected in the initial budget). The government bond outstanding exceeded 960 trillion after the second supplementary budget.

How the Japanese government, that has already had heavy government bond debt, maintains

budgetary sustainability in the long run is an issue that is difficult to solve, but unavoidable.

(*) For this issue, see Yoshihiro Masui, "COVID-19 and Japanese Tax Policy", Intertax, vol. 48, issue 8 & 9, page 783 (2020).

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