

Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights

Below you will find a questionnaire filled in by Roberto Enrique Ramos Obando, Director of the Large Taxpayers Directorate and Cristian Erazo Delgado, National Legal Director at *Revenue Administration Service*, both OPTR National Reporters of Honduras.

This set of questionnaires comprise the National Reporter's assessment on the country practice during 2020 in the protection of taxpayers' rights, and the level of fulfilment of the minimum standards and best practices on the practical protection of taxpayers' rights identified by Prof. Dr. Philip Baker and Prof. Dr. Pasquale Pistone at the 2015 IFA Congress on "The Practical Protection of Taxpayers' Fundamental Rights".

OPTR - 2020 Questionnaire 1 - Country Practice

Dear National Reporter,

I would like to thank you for your participation in the IBFD's Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights (OPTR).

This form collects the information on the practical implementation in domestic law of legal procedures, safeguards and guarantees associated with taxpayers' rights in 82 situations for the practical protection of taxpayers' rights, as monitored by the IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

We kindly ask you to assess assertively (yes/no) the level of practical implementation of said procedures, safeguards and guarantees associated with taxpayers' rights in your country. When answering, please bear in mind the actual practice regarding each situation, regardless of whether a given procedure, safeguard or guarantee has been formally adopted in your country.

We would be very grateful if you submit us this questionnaire, duly filled out, by no later than 15 January 2021.

Feel free to contact us for any clarification you may need. We look forward to your valuable contribution to this remarkable project.

Kind regards,

Prof. Dr. Carlos E. Weffe Managing Editor IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

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^{*} Better if filled in using Google Chrome © or Mozilla Firefox ©

Name: *
Roberto Ramos
Country: *
Honduras ▼
Affiliation *
Taxpayers / Tax Practitioners
✓ Tax Administration
Judiciary
(Tax) Ombudsperson
Academia
Other:

Questionnaire 1 - Country Practice

Instructions:

- 1. Please answer all questions. The form will not allow you to continue/submit your responses until you have answered all questions.
- 2. For assertive questions, please answer with "yes" or "no" by clicking on the corresponding button.
- 3. For questions that require you to specify a period of time (namely, Q. 26 and Q. 45), please select the time applicable in your country to carry out the procedures indicated in the questions in practice, within the options provided.
- 4. For questions with more than one possible answer (namely, Q. 56), please check all necessary boxes to reflect better the practical situation of your country regarding the issue, by clicking on them.

5. When completed, please submit the survey.
6. Once you have submitted the survey, you will receive an email acknowledging your participation in the OPTR and providing a backup of your answers.
7. The email will also include an "edit your survey" link, in case you want to modify any of your answers. You will receive this email every time you submit partial responses.
8. An option to quit the survey and save your answers is provided at the end of each section.
9. If answering partially, please select "Yes" at the end of the section in which you are to submit your partial answers to the survey. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this survey.
10. For editing your answers, please use the last "edit your response" link provided to you via email. Please bear in mind that this is the only way the system will acknowledge your previous answers. If you use a link other than the last one provided, some (or all) changes might not be retrieved by the system.
11. When clicking on the last "edit your response" link, the system will lead you to the front page of the survey. Click on "Next" as many times as needed to get to the section you want to continue in. Once you have reached said section, please remember to change your answer to the question "Do you want to save your results and quit?" to "No", in order to be able to continue.
Area 1 - Identification of taxpayers, issuing tax returns and communicating with taxpayers
1. Do taxpayers have the right to see the information held about them by the tax authority? *
Yes
○ No
2. If yes, can they request the correction of errors in the information? *

Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)

Yes

No

3. Is it possible in your country for taxpayers to communicate electronically with the tax authority? *
Yes
○ No
4. If yes, are there systems in place to prevent unauthorised access to the channel of communication? *
Yes
○ No
5. In your country, is there a system of "cooperative compliance" / "enhanced relationship"which applies to some taxpayers only? *
O Yes
No
6. If yes, are there rules or procedures in place to ensure this system is available to all eligible taxpayers on a non-preferential/non discriminatory/non arbitrary basis? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
○ No

7. Are there special arrangements for individuals who face particular difficulties (e.g. the disabled, the elderly, other special cases) to receive assistance in complying with their tax obligations? *
Yes
○ No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No
Area 2 - The issue of tax assessment
8. Does a dialogue take place in your country between the taxpayer and the tax authority before the issue of an assessment in order to reach an agreed assessment? *
Yes
○ No

Area 3 - Confidentiality

11. Is information held by your tax authority automatically encrypted? *
Yes
O No
12. Is access to information held by the tax authority about a specific taxpayer accessible
only to the tax official(s) dealing with that taxpayer's affairs? *
Yes
○ No
13. If yes, must the tax official identify himself/herself before accessing information held about a specific taxpayer? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes Yes
○ No
14. Is access to information held about a taxpayer audited internally to check if there has been any unauthorised access to that information? *
Yes
○ No

15. Are there examples of tax officials who have been criminally prosecuted in the last decade for unauthorised access to taxpayers' data? *
Yes
O No
16. Is information about the tax liability of specific taxpayers publicly available in your country? *
Yes
O No
17. Is "naming and shaming" of non-compliant taxpayers practised in your country? *
O Yes
No
18. Is there a system in your country by which the courts may authorise the public disclosure
of information held by the tax authority about specific taxpayers (e.g. habeas data or freedom of information? *
Yes
O No

19. Is there a system of protection of legally privileged communications between the taxpayer and its advisors? *
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
Yes
○ No
20. If yes, does this extend to advisors other than those who are legally qualified (e.g. accountants, tax advisors)? *
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
○ No
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
○ Yes
No

Area 4 - Normal audits

21. Does the principle ne bis in idem apply to tax audits (i.e. that the taxpayer can only receive one audit in respect of the same taxable period)? *
Yes
O No
22. If yes, does this mean only one audit per tax per year? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
O No
23. Does the principle audi alteram partem apply in the tax audit process (i.e. does the taxpayer have to be notified of all decisions taken in the process and have the right to object and be heard before the decision is finalised)? *
Yes
O No
24. Does the taxpayer have the right to request an audit (e.g. if the taxpayer wishes to get finality of taxation for a particular year)? *
Yes
○ No

25. Are there time limits applicable to the conduct of a normal audit in your country (e.g. the audit must be concluded within so many months? *
Yes
O No
26. If yes, what is the normal limit in months? *
7-9 months
27. Does the taxpayer have the right to be represented by a person of its choice in the audit process? *
Yes
○ No
28. May the opinion of independent experts be used in the audit process? *
Yes
O No

29. Does the taxpayer have the right to receive a full report on the conclusions of the audit at the end of the process? *
Yes
○ No
30. Are there limits to the frequency of audits of the same taxpayer (e.g. in respect to
different periods or different taxes)? *
Yes
No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No

Area 5 - More intensive audits

31. Is the principle nemo tenetur applied in tax investigations (i.e. the principle against self-incrimination? *
○ Yes
No
32. If yes, is there a restriction on the use of information supplied by the taxpayer in a subsequent penalty procedure/criminal procedure? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
O Yes
○ No
33. If yes to nemo tenetur, can the taxpayer raise this principle to refuse to supply basic accounting information to the tax authority? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 31)
Yes
○ No

 Yes No 35. If yes, is there a requirement to give the taxpayer a warning that the taxpayer can rely on the right of non-self-incrimination? * Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question) Yes No 36. Is authorisation by a court always needed before the tax authority may enter and search premises? * Yes No 	34. Is there a procedure applied in your country to identify a point in time during an investigation when it becomes likely that the taxpayer may be liable for a penalty or a criminal charge, and from that time onwards the taxpayer's right not to self-incriminate is recognised? *		
35. If yes, is there a requirement to give the taxpayer a warning that the taxpayer can rely on the right of non-self-incrimination? * Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question) Yes No No 36. Is authorisation by a court always needed before the tax authority may enter and search premises? *	Yes		
 Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question) Yes No 36. Is authorisation by a court always needed before the tax authority may enter and search premises? * Yes 	No		
 Yes No 36. Is authorisation by a court always needed before the tax authority may enter and search premises? * Yes 			
 No 36. Is authorisation by a court always needed before the tax authority may enter and search premises? * Yes 	Not applicable (click)	here if you answered "No" to the previous question)	
36. Is authorisation by a court always needed before the tax authority may enter and search premises? * Yes	Yes		
premises? * Yes	O No		
		a court always needed before the tax authority may enter and search	
No	Yes		
	No		

37. May the tax authority enter and search the dwelling places of individuals? *
Yes No
38. Is a court order required before the tax authority can use interception of communications (e.g. telephone tapping or access to electronic communications)? *
YesNo
39. Is there a procedure in place to ensure that legally privileged material is not taken in the course of a search? *
YesNo
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes No

40. Is there a procedure for an internal review of an assessment/decision before the taxpayer appeals to the judiciary? *	
Yes	
○ No	
41. Does the taxpayer need permission to appeal to the first instance tribunal? *	
Yes	
No	
42. Does the taxpayer need permission to appeal to the second or higher instance tribunals? *	
○ Yes	
No	

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into

English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.

43. Is it necessary for the taxpayer to bring his case first before an administrative court to quash the assessment/decision, before the case can proceed to a judicial hearing? *
Yes
○ No
44. Are there time limits applicable for a tax case to complete the judicial appeal process? *
Yes
○ No
45. If yes, what is the normal time it takes for a tax case to be concluded on appeal? *
More than 24 months
46. Are there any arrangements for alternative dispute resolution (e.g. mediation or arbitration) before a tax case proceeds to the judiciary? *
Yes
No

47. Is there a system for the simplified resolution of tax disputes (e.g. by a determination on the file, or by e/filing)? *
Yes
O No
48. Is the principle audi alteram partem (i.e. each party has a right to a hearing) applied in all tax appeals? *
Yes
O No
49. Does the taxpayer have to pay some/all the tax before an appeal can be made (i.e. solve et repete)? *
Yes
No
50. If yes, are there exceptions recognised where the taxpayer does not need to pay before appealing (i.e. can obtain an interim suspension of the tax debt? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
O Yes
O No

51. Does the loser have to pay the costs in a tax appeal? *
O Yes
No
52. If yes, are there situations recognised where the loser does not need to pay the costs (e.g. because of the conduct of the other party)? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
○ No
53. If there is usually a public hearing, can the taxpayer request a hearing in camera (i.e. not in public) to preserve secrecy/confidentiality? *
Yes
○ No
54. Are judgments of tax tribunals published? *
Yes
No

55. If yes, can the taxpayer preserve its anonymity in the judgment? *	
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)YesNo	
Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No	
Area 7 - Criminal and administrative sanctions	
56. Does the principle ne bis in idem apply in your country to prevent either: *	
The principle does not apply in my country	
The imposition of a tax penalty and the tax liability	
The imposition of more than one tax penalty for the same conduct	
The imposition of a tax penalty and a criminal liability	

57. If ne bis in idem is recognised, does this prevent two parallel sets of court proceedings arising from the same factual circumstances (e.g. a tax court and a criminal court)? *	
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)	
Yes	
○ No	
58. If the taxpayer makes a voluntary disclosure of a tax liability, can this result in a reduced	
or a zero penalty? *	
Yes	
O No	
Do you want to save your results and quit? *	
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.	
Yes	
No	

Area 8 - Enforcement of taxes

59. Is a court order always necessary before the tax authorities can access a taxpayer's bank account or other assets? *
Yes No
60. Does the taxpayer have the right to request a deferred payment of taxes or a payment in instalments (perhaps with a guarantee)? *
Yes
○ No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
O Yes
No

Area 9 - Cross-border situations

61. Does the taxpayer have the right to be informed before exchanged in response to a specific request? *	information relating to him is
Yes	
O No	
62. Does the taxpayer have a right to be informed before in parties in response to a specific request for exchange of in	
Yes	
O No	
63. If no to either of the previous two questions, did your corright of taxpayers to be informed and was such right remove review by the Forum on Transparency and Exchange of Info	ed in the context of the peer
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to either questi	on 61 or question 62)
○ Yes	
O No	

64. Does the taxpayer have the right to be heard by the tax authority before the exchange of information relating to him with another country? *
Yes
O No
65. Does the taxpayer have the right to challenge before the judiciary the exchange of information relating to him with another country? *
○ Yes
No
66. Does the taxpayer have the right to see any information received from another country that relates to him? *
Yes
No
67. Does the taxpayer have the right in all cases to require a mutual agreement procedure is initiated? *
O Yes
No

68. Does the taxpayer have a right to see the communications exchanged in the context of a mutual agreement procedure? *
Yes
No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No
Area 10 - Legislation
69. Is there a prohibition on retrospective tax legislation in your country? *
Yes
○ No

70. If no, are there restrictions on the adoption of retrospective tax legislation in your country? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "Yes" to the previous question)
O Yes
○ No
71. Is there a procedure in your country for public consultation before the adopting of all (or most) tax legislation? *
Yes
No
72. Is tax legislation subject to constitutional review which can strike down unconstitutional laws? *
Yes
O No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
O Yes
No

Area 11 - Revenue practice and guidance

73. Does the tax authority in your country publish guidance (e.g. revenue manuals, circulars, etc.) as to how it applies your tax law? *
Yes
○ No
74. Does your country have a generalised system of advanced rulings available to taxpayers? *
Yes
No
75. If yes, is it legally binding? *
75. If yes, is it legally binding? * Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)Yes
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)Yes
 Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question) Yes No
 Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question) Yes No No 76. If a binding ruling is refused, does the taxpayer have a right to appeal? *

77. If your country publishes guidance as to how it applies your tax law, can taxpayers acting in good faith rely on that published guidance (i.e. protection of legitimate expectations)? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
○ No
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
O Yes
No
Area 12 - Institutional framework for protecting taxpayers' rights
78. Is there a taxpayers' charter or taxpayers' bill of rights in your country? *
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
Yes
○ No

79. If yes, are its provisions legally effective? * Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
○ No
80. Is there a (tax) ombudsman / taxpayers' advocate / equivalent position in your country? *
Yes
○ No
81. If yes, can the ombudsman intervene in an on-going dispute between the taxpayer and the tax authority (before it goes to court)? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to the previous question)
Yes
○ No

82. If yes to a (tax) ombudsman, is he/she independent from the tax authority? *
Not applicable (click here if you answered "No" to question 80)
Yes
O No

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Google Forms

OPTR - 2020 Questionnaire 2 - Standards of Protection

Dear National Reporter,

I would like to thank you for your participation in the IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights (OPTR).

This form collects the information on developments occurred in 2020 regarding the implementation of 57 minimum standards and 44 best practices, distributed into 86 benchmarks, for the practical protection of taxpayers' rights as monitored by the OPTR.

We kindly ask you to provide an impartial, non-judgmental summary of events occurred in 2020 that in your opinion affect the level of compliance of a given of minimum standard/best practice in your country. These events may include, without limitation, legislation enacted, administrative rulings and/or circulars issued, case law and tax administration practices implemented, among others, as requested by this form.

You are also kindly required to assess whether the events you described represent either a step towards or a step away from the practical implementation of the given minimum standard/best practice in your country. Full instructions are provided below.

This form should be filled in as soon as any of the events mentioned above occurs and edited as many times as necessary to cover all relevant developments occurred in 2020, until no later than 15 January 2021. We appreciate very much your cooperation in this regard.

Feel free to contact us for any clarification you may need. We look forward to your valuable contribution to this remarkable project.

Kind regards,

Prof. Dr Carlos E. Weffe Managing Editor IBFD Observatory on the Protection of Taxpayers' Rights.

^{*} Better if filled in using Google Chrome © or Mozilla Firefox ©

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Reporters' info
Name: * Roberto Ramos Obando
Country: *
Honduras
Affiliation *
Taxpayers / Tax Practitioners
✓ Tax Administration
Judiciary
(Tax) Ombudsperson
Academia
Other:

Instructions

1. Please answer all questions. The form will not allow you to continue/submit your responses until you have answered all questions.

- 2. All questions are two or three-tiered (namely, either with parts "MS" and/or "BP", and "S"). They comprise a minimum standard and /or a best practice, and a "summary of relevant facts in 2020", a space for providing a summarized account on facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way.
- 3. Please Indicate, by clicking on the corresponding button, whether there was an improvement or a decrease of the level of compliance of the relevant standard/best practice in your country in 2020. If there were no changes, please indicate so by clicking on the corresponding button.
- 4. In ALL cases where an assessment of either improvement or decrease is reported, please refer the relevant novelties in the space provided under "summary of relevant facts in 2020", for each question. Please give a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. In case there is nothing to report for a given minimum standard/best practice, please answer "no changes".
- 5. If any, make additional, non-judgmental commentaries at the space provided under "summary of relevant facts in 2020".
- 6. Back up your assertions with the relevant documentary materials, if possible. While it is not mandatory, a short summary of such materials in English is appreciated. You are welcomed to send us these materials to our email: optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org.
- 7. When completed, please submit the survey.
- 8. Once you have submitted the survey, you will receive an email acknowledging your participation in the OPTR and providing a backup of your answers.
- 9. The email will also include an "edit your survey" link, in case you want to modify any of your answers. You will receive this email every time you submit partial responses.
- 10. An option to quit the survey and save your answers is provided at the end of each section. This survey has 12 sections, as many as those identified by Baker and Pistone in their 2015 IFA General Report.
- 11. If answering partially, please select "Yes" at the end of the section in which you are to submit your partial answers to the survey. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this survey.
- 12. For editing your answers, please use the last "edit your response" link provided to you via email. Please bear in mind that this is the only way the system will acknowledge your previous answers. If you use a link other than the last one provided, some (or all) changes might not be retrieved by the system.
- 13. When clicking on the last "edit your response" link, the system will lead you to the front page of the survey. Click on "Next" as many times as needed to get to the section you want to continue in. Once you have reached said section, please remember to change your answer to the question "Do you want to save your results and quit?" to "No", in order to be able to continue.

Area 1 - Identification of taxpayers, issuing tax returns and communicating with taxpayers

1 (MS). Implement safeguards to prevent impersonation when issuing a unique identification number *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
1 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
2 (MS). The system of taxpayer identification should take account of religious sensitivities *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
2 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

4 (MS). Where pre/populated returns are used, these should be sent to taxpayers to correct errors. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
4 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
5 (MS). Provide a right to access to taxpayers to personal information held about them, and a right to correct inaccuracies. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

5 (BP). Publish guidance on taxpayers' rights to access information and correct inaccuracies *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
5 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
(/AAC) \A(I)
6 (MS). Where communication with taxpayers is in electronic form, institute systems to prevent impersonation or interception *
O No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
6 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2019
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
New digital services implemented by the Honduran Tax Administration requires identification and validation of taxpayers using these services.

Do you want to save your results and quit? * If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue. Yes No Area 2 - The issue of tax assessment 9 (BP). Establish a constructive dialogue between taxpayers and revenue authorities to ensure a fair assessment of taxes based on equality of arms * No changes Shifted away Shifted towards	enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case I	ards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if her developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is
 Yes No Area 2 - The issue of tax assessment 9 (BP). Establish a constructive dialogue between taxpayers and revenue authorities to ensure a fair assessment of taxes based on equality of arms * No changes Shifted away	If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/comple	ete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to
9 (BP). Establish a constructive dialogue between taxpayers and revenue authorities to ensure a fair assessment of taxes based on equality of arms * No changes Shifted away	Yes	
ensure a fair assessment of taxes based on equality of arms * No changes Shifted away	Area 2 - The issue of tax assessment	
Shifted away		
	No changes	
○ Shifted towards	Shifted away	
	Shifted towards	
9 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.	Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towa enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case I some content is no longer applicable, due to other	ards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if her developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is

10 (BP). Use e-filing to speed up assessments and correction of errors, particularly systematic errors *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
10 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
If "Yes", please submit the form. To edit/complete your answers later, please use the "edit your response" link sent to your email after submitting this form. If not, click "Next" to continue.
Yes
No

Area 3 - Confidentiality

11 (MS). Provide a specific legal guarantee for confidentiality, with sanctions for officials who make unauthorised disclosures (and ensure sanctions are enforced). *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
11 (BP). Encrypt information held by a tax authority about taxpayers to the highest level attainable. *
O No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
11 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

New standards on security information have been implemented by the Honduran Tax Administration.

12 (MS). Introduce an offence for tax officials covering up unauthorised disclosure of confidential information. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
12 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
13 (MS). Restrict access to data to those officials authorised to consult it. For encrypted data, use digital access codes. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

13 (BP). Ensure an effective fire-wall to prevent unauthorised access to data held by revenue authorities. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
13 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
14 (MS). Audit data access periodically to identify cases of unauthorised access. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
14 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

15 (MS). Introduce administrative measures emphasizing confidentiality to tax officials. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
15 (BP). Appoint data protection/privacy officers at senior level and local tax offices. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
15 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
16 (MS). If a breach of confidentiality occurs, investigate fully with an appropriate level of seniority by independent persons (e.g. judges). *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards

16 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
17 (MS). Provide remedies for taxpayers who are victims of unauthorised disclosure of confidential information. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
17 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
18 (MS). Exceptions to the general rule of confidentiality should be explicitly stated in the law, narrowly drafted and interpreted. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

19 (MS). If "naming and shaming" is employed, ensure adequate safeguards (e.g. judicial authorisation after proceedings involving the taxpayer).* No changes Shifted away Shifted towards 19 (BP). Require judicial authorisation before any disclosure of confidential information by revenue authorities * No changes Shifted away Shifted towards
 Shifted away Shifted towards 19 (BP). Require judicial authorisation before any disclosure of confidential information by revenue authorities * No changes Shifted away
 Shifted towards 19 (BP). Require judicial authorisation before any disclosure of confidential information by revenue authorities * No changes Shifted away
19 (BP). Require judicial authorisation before any disclosure of confidential information by revenue authorities * No changes Shifted away
revenue authorities * No changes Shifted away
Shifted away
Shifted towards
19 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

	S). No disclosure of confidential taxpayer information to politicians, or where it might d for political purposes. *
No	o changes
O Sh	ifted away
○ Sh	ifted towards
officia). Parliamentary supervision of revenue authorities should involve independent ls, subject to confidentiality obligations, examining specific taxpayer data, and then ing to Parliament. *
No	o changes
O Sh	ifted away
○ Sh	ifted towards
20 (S).	Summary of relevant facts in 2020
enacted, some co	nswered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if intent is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

21 (MS). Freedom of information legislation may allow a taxpayer to access information about himself. However, access to information by third parties should be subject to stringent safeguards: only if an independent tribunal concludes that the public interest in disclosure outweighs the right of confidentiality, and only after a hearing where the taxpayer has an opportunity to be heard. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
21 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
22 (MS). If published, tax rulings should be anonymised and details that might identify the taxpayer removed. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

23 (BP). Privilege from disclosure should apply to all tax advisors (not just lawyers) who supply similar advice to lawyers. Information imparted in circumstances of confidentiality may be privileged from disclosure. *
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org) an annex with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
23 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
24 (MS). Where tax authorities enter premises which may contain privileged material, arrangements should be made (e.g. an independent lawyer) to protect that privilege. *
Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

24 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
Yes
No
Area 4 - Normal audits
25 (MS). Audits should respect the following principles: (i) Proportionality. (2) Ne bis in idem (prohibition of double jeopardy). (3) Audi alteram partem (right to be heard before any decision is taken). (4) Nemo tenetur se detegere (principle against self/incrimination). Tax notices issued in violation of these principles should be null and void. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

25 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
26 (MS). In application of proportionality, tax authorities may only request for information that is strictly needed, not otherwise available, and must impose least burdensome impact on taxpayers. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
26 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
27 (BP). In application of ne bis in idem the taxpayer should only receive one audit per
taxable period, except when facts that become known after the audit was completed. *
No changes
Shift away
Shift towards

under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.	way. Specify if fact reported is
28 (MS). In application of audi alteram partem, taxpayers should have the right relevant meetings with tax authorities (assisted by advisors), the right to provi information, and to present their views before decisions of the tax authorities *	de factual
No changes	
Shifted away	
Shifted towards	
28 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020	
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the funder a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.	way. Specify if

29 (MS). In application of nemo tenetur, the right to remain silent should be respected in all tax audits. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
29 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
30 (BP). Tax audits should follow a pattern that is set out in published guidelines. *
O No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
30 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

31 (BP). A manual of good practice in tax audits should be established at the global level. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
31 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
32 (BP). Taxpayers should be entitled to request the start of a tax audit (to obtain finality). *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
32 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

33 (MS). Where tax authorities have resolved to start an audit, they should inform the taxpayer *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
33 (BP). Where tax authorities have resolved to start an audit, they should hold an initial meeting with the taxpayer in which they spell out the aims and procedure, together with timescale and targets. They should then disclose any additional evidence in their possession to the taxpayer. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
33 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2019 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

34 (MS). Taxpayers should be informed of information gathering from third parties. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
34 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
35 (BP). Reasonable time limits should be fixed for the conduct of audits. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
35 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

36 (MS). Technical assistance (including representation) should be available at all stages of the audit by experts selected by the taxpayer. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
36 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
37 (MS). The completion of a tax audit should be accurately reflected in a document, notified in its full text to the taxpayer. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

37 (BP). The drafting of the final audit report should involve participation by the taxpayer, with the opportunity to correct inaccuracies of facts and to express the taxpayer's view. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
37 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
38 (BP). Following an audit, a report should be prepared even if the audit does not result in additional tax or refund. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
38 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

Do you want to save your results and quit? *
Yes
No
Area 5 - More intensive audits
39 (BP). More intensive audits should be limited to the extent strictly necessary to ensure an effective reaction to non-compliance. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
39 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

40 (MS). If there is point in an audit when it becomes foreseeable that the taxpayer may be liable for a penalty or criminal charge, from that time the taxpayer should have stronger protection of his right to silence, and statements from the taxpayer should not be used in the audit procedure. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
40 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
41 (MS). Entering premises or interception of communications should be authorised by the judiciary. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

41 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
42 (MS). Authorisation within the revenue authorities should only be in cases of urgency, and subsequently reported to the judiciary for ex-post ratification. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
42 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
43 (MS). Inspection of the taxpayer's home should require authorisation by the judiciary and only be given in exceptional cases. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards

43 (BP). Where tax authorities intend to search the taxpayer's premises, the taxpayer should be informed and have an opportunity to appear before the judicial authority, subject to exception where there is evidence of danger that documents will be removed or destroyed.
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
43 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
44 (BP). Access to bank information should require judicial authorisation. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
44 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

45 (BP). Authorisation by the judiciary should be necessary for the interception of telephone communications and monitoring of internet access. Specialised offices within the judiciary should be established to supervise these actions. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
45 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
46 (MS). Seizure of documents should be subject to a requirement to give reasons why seizure is indispensable, and to fix the time when documents will be returned; seizure
should be limited in time. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
47 (BP). If data are held on a computer hard drive, then a backup should be made in the presence of the taxpayer's advisors and the original left with the taxpayer. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
47 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
48 (MS). Where invasive techniques are applied, they should be limited in time to avoid a disproportionate impact on taxpayers. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

48 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
○ Yes
No
Area 6 - Reviews and appeals Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank you.
49 (BP). E-filing of requests for internal review to ensure the effective and speedy handling of the review process. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

49 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
50 (MS). The right to appeal should not depend upon prior exhaustion of administrative reviews. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
50 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
51 (BP). Reviews and appeals should not exceed two years. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

51 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
52 (MS). Audi alteram partem should apply in administrative reviews and judicial appeals. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
52 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
53 (MS). Where tax must be paid in whole or in part before an appeal, there must be an effective mechanism for providing interim suspension of payment. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

53 (BP). An appeal should not require prior payment of tax in all cases. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
53 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
54 (BP). The state should bear some or all of the costs of an appeal, whatever the outcome.
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
54 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

55 (MS). Legal assistance should be provided for those taxpayers who cannot afford it. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
55 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
56 (MS). Taxpayers should have the right to request the exclusion of the public from a tax appeal hearing. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
56 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

57 (A). Tax judgments should be published. *
No changesShifted awayShifted towards
57 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? * Yes No
Area 7 - Criminal and administrative sanctions 58 (MS). Proportionality and ne bis in idem should apply to tax penalties. *
No changesShifted awayShifted towards

58 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
59 (BP). Where administrative and criminal sanctions may both apply, only one procedure and one sanction should be applied. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
59 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
60 (BP). Voluntary disclosure should lead to reduction of penalties. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

60 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
61 (MS). Sanctions should not be increased simply to encourage taxpayers to make voluntary disclosures. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
61 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
Yes
No

Please provide separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant
excerpts of your country's legislation regarding this matter. Please be particularly aware of regulations on the COVID-19
pandemic. Technically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank
you.

62 (MS). Collection of taxes should never deprive taxpayers of their minimum necessary for living. *
No changesShifted away
Shifted towards
62 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you. To guarantee the minimum necessary for living, each year the Progressive Tax Rates Table for Personal Income Tax is published. For 2020, it was published in the SAR Agreement No. 014-2020 dated February 4, 2020
63 (BP). Authorisation by the judiciary should be required before seizing assets or bank accounts *
No changesShifted awayShifted towards

63 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
64 (MS). Taxpayers should have the right to request delayed payment of arrears. * No changes
Shifted awayShifted towards
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
65 (BP). Bankruptcy of taxpayers should be avoided, by partial remission of the debt or structured plans for deferred payment. *
No changesShifted away
Shifted away Shifted towards

enacted, adm	red "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation inistrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if t is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is num standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
66 (MS). Te	emporary suspension of tax enforcement should follow natural disasters. *
excerpts of ye	le separately (via optr@ibfd.org and c.weffe@ibfd.org) an annexe with the actual wording of relevant our country's legislation regarding this matter. Please be particularly aware of regulations on the COVID-19 echnically accurate translations of such material into English, if possible, would be very appreciated. Thank
O No cha	anges
Shifted	d away

66 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.

A series of Decrees were prepared extending the presentation of Tax Returns due to the health emergency of COVID-19, such as Decree No. 79-2020 dated June 27, 2020, as well as the Law of Assistance to the Productive Sector and Workers Before The Effects of the Pandemic Caused by COVID-19 contained in Decree 33-2020 dated April 3, 2020 among others

Do you want to save your results and quit? *
Yes No
Area 9 - Cross-border situations
67 (MS). The requesting state should notify the taxpayer of cross-border requests for information, unless it has specific grounds for considering that this would prejudice the process of investigation. The requested state should inform the taxpayer unless it has a reasoned request from the requesting state that the taxpayer should not be informed on grounds that it would prejudice the investigation. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
67 (BP). The taxpayer should be informed that a cross-border request for information is to be made. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

67 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
68 (BP). Where a cross-border request for information is made, the requested state should also be asked to supply information that assists the taxpayer. *
No changes
Shifted away Shifted towards
68 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
69 (BP). Provisions should be included in tax treaties setting specific conditions for exchange of information. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

69 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
70 (MS). If information is sought from third parties, judicial authorisation should be necessary. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
70 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
71 (BP). The taxpayer should be given access to information received by the requesting state. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

71 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
72 (BP). Information should not be supplied in response to a request where the originating cause was the acquisition of stolen or illegally obtained information. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
72 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
73 (BP). A requesting state should provide confirmation of confidentiality to the requested state. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

73 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
74 (MS). A state should not be entitled to receive information if it is unable to provide independent, verifiable evidence that it observes high standards of data protection. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards
74 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
75 (BP). For automatic exchange of financial information, the taxpayer should be notified of the proposed exchange in sufficient time to exercise data protection rights. *
No changes
Shifted away
○ Shifted towards

75 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
76 (BP). Taxpayers should have a right to request initiation of mutual agreement procedure. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
76 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
77 (MS). Taxpayers should have a right to participate in mutual agreement procedure by being heard and being informed as to the progress of the procedure. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

77 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
○ Yes
No
Area 10 - Legislation
78 (MS). Retrospective tax legislation should only be permitted in limited circumstances which are spelt out in detail. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
78 (BP). Retrospective tax legislation should ideally be banned completely. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

78 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
79 (BP). Public consultation should precede the making of tax policy and tax law. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
79 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
Do you want to save your results and quit? *
YesNo

Area 11 - Revenue practice and guidance

Only if ar enacted,	Summary of relevant facts in 2020 swered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if intent is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is
∫ Sh	fted towards
	changes fted away
	. Where legal material is available primarily on the internet, arrangements should be o provide it to those who do not have access to the internet. *
Only if ar enacted, some co	Summary of relevant facts in 2020 aswered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if intent is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is ninimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.
	fted towards
	changes fted away
♠ Na	
legislat	ion, administrative regulations, rulings, manuals and other guidance. *

82 (MS). Binding rulings should only be published in an anonymised form *		
No changes		
Shifted away		
Shifted towards		
82 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020		
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.		
83 (MS). Where a taxpayer relies upon published guidance of a revenue authority which subsequently proves to be inaccurate, changes should apply only prospectively. *		
No changes		
Shifted away		
Shifted towards		
83 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020		
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.		

Do you want to save your results and quit? *
○ Yes
No
Area 12 - Institutional framework for protecting taxpayers' rights
84 (MS). Adoption of a charter or statement of taxpayers' rights should be a minimum standard. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards
84 (BP). A separate statement of taxpayers' rights under audit should be provided to taxpayers who are audited. *
No changes
Shifted away
Shifted towards

Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you. 85 (BP). A taxpayer advocate or ombudsman should be established to scrutinise the operations of the tax authority, handle specific complaints, and intervene in appropriate cases. Best practice is the establishment of a separate office within the tax authority but independent from normal operations of that authority. * No changes Shifted away Shifted towards Shifted towards Shifted away' or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.	84 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020		
operations of the tax authority, handle specific complaints, and intervene in appropriate cases. Best practice is the establishment of a separate office within the tax authority but independent from normal operations of that authority. * No changes Shifted away Shifted towards 85 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is	enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a no some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate	n-judgmental way. Specify if	
operations of the tax authority, handle specific complaints, and intervene in appropriate cases. Best practice is the establishment of a separate office within the tax authority but independent from normal operations of that authority. * No changes Shifted away Shifted towards Shifted towards Shifted towards Shifted towards Shifted towards Shifted away of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is			
Shifted away Shifted towards Shifted towards Shifted towards Shifted towards Shifted towards in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is	operations of the tax authority, handle specific complaints, and intercases. Best practice is the establishment of a separate office within	rvene in appropriate	
Shifted towards 85 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is	No changes		
85 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020 Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is	Shifted away		
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is	Shifted towards		
enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is	85 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020		
	enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a no some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate	n-judgmental way. Specify if	

86 (BP). The organisational structure for the protection of taxpayers' rights should operate at local level as well as nationally. *		
No changes		
Shifted away		
Shifted towards		
86 (S). Summary of relevant facts in 2020		
Only if answered "shifted away" or "shifted towards", please give here a summarized account of facts (legislation enacted, administrative rulings, circulars, case law, tax administration practices), in a non-judgmental way. Specify if some content is no longer applicable, due to other developments. If applicable, indicate whether the fact reported is under a minimum standard or fully complies with the best practice. Thank you.		

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OPTR - 2020 Questionnaire 1 - Country Practice

Question: 19. Is there a system of protection of legally privileged communications between the taxpayer and its advisors? *

Annexed:

Code of Ethics for the Honduran Legal Professional.

"Journalistic Publications and Professional Secrecy

Article 22. The lawyer must not use the written or spoken press to discuss the matters entrusted to him or to publicize the pieces of the file in the trials in process, unless this is necessary for the correction of concepts or errors when the justice or morals demand it. Once the process is concluded, the Lawyer may publish the documents and actions with his comments on them, in a measured and impartial manner.

The foregoing does not include studies or comments made in professional publications that must be governed by general principles of ethics. If the publication harms any person or persons in his honor and good reputation, the proper names should be omitted.

Article 23. The Lawyer must keep the strictest professional secrecy, even after having stopped rendering his services to the client. The lawyer has the right to refuse to testify against his client and may refrain from answering any question that involves the disclosure of the secret or the violation of the confidences made by his client. Nor may the Lawyer communicate to third parties what comes to his knowledge on the occasion of his profession, judicial or administrative functions. Everything that a lawyer deals with the representative of the opposing party, or knows about his status as an official of the justice or public administration, is included within the professional secrecy.

Article 24. The duty to keep professional secrecy extends to the confidences made by third parties to the Lawyer by reason of his profession and to those derived from the conversations necessary to reach an agreement that he does not make. The secret must also include the confidences of colleagues. The lawyer must not intervene in matters that may lead him to reveal a secret, or to use for his own benefit or that of his client the confidences that he has received in the exercise of his profession unless he obtains the prior written consent of the confident. The previous prohibition extends to the secrets that the Lawyer knows through his associates, employees or dependents of these.

Article 25. The lawyer who is judicially accused by a client will be released from keeping professional secrecy within the limits necessary for his own defense".

Question: 20. If yes, does this extend to advisors other than those who are legally qualified (e.g. accountants, tax advisors)?

Annexed:

Professional Code of Ethics

College of Mercantile Experts and Public Accountants from Honduras

"Article 5. ... 5.5 Confidentiality and Professional Secrecy.

The relationship of the Collegiate with the client is the primary element in professional practice. For such a relationship to be fully successful, it must be based on a responsible commitment, loyal and authentic, which imposes the strictest professional secrecy.

The Collegiate is obliged to keep professional secrecy and not to reveal for any reason the facts, data or circumstances of which he has knowledge in the exercise of his profession, unless authorized by him or the interested parties or is required to do so by court order. In these cases, their responsibilities must be safeguarded in the leave no room for doubt. However, you can consult or exchange impressions between the members of the College on matters of judgment or doctrine, without identifying the persons or business in question.

The evidences of the work of a Collegiate, are private documents submitted to reservations that can only be known by third parties, prior authorization of the client and the same Collegiate.

The Collegiate shall take the appropriate measures so that both the staff at his / her service, as well as those from whom you get advice or assistance, faithfully respect basic ethical principles.

The Collegiate will be obliged to maintain a reservation on books, papers or information of institutions or people to whom he has provided his professional services, except in the cases contemplated by legal provisions".

Question: 40. Is there a procedure for an internal review of an assessment/decision before the taxpayer appeals to the judiciary? *

Annexed:

Honduras Tax Code

"Article 168. GENERAL LAYOUT. The resolutions that determine taxes and their accessories, those that impose sanctions or those that deny the refund or return of taxes can be reviewed by:

- 1) Ex officio review procedures; and,
- 2) Procedures through administrative remedies.

Article 169. KINDS OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES.

- 1) The taxpayers, the intervening in a process, as well as the third parties to whom an actor resolution directly causes a prejudice, they have the right to appeal it in the terms established in this Code. Who appeal an administrative resolution, can withdraw the appeal at any time prior to the resolution;
- 2) The resolutions indicated in the numeral above, can be appealed through:
 - a) The Appeal for Replacement;
 - b) The Appeal; and,
 - c) The Extraordinary Appeal for Review.
- 3) Only administrative resolutions can be reviewed to which the numeral 1), when they recognize rights or establish obligations, as well as the formalities that resolve directly or indirectly the matter;
- 4) Administrative remedies must be exercise only once in each administrative procedure and never simultaneously; and
- 5) The error in the qualification of the resource by the appellant is not an obstacle for processing provided that the written is deduced its true character".

Question: 41. Does the taxpayer need permission to appeal to the first instance tribunal? *

Annexed:

Law of the Jurisdiction of Administrative Litigation

"Article 30. General acts or provisions dictated by the Public Administration, may be appealed directly before the Contentious-Administrative Jurisdiction, once they have entered into force through administrative channels. It will also be admissible the action against acts of a particular character that occur in application of general administrative acts, based on the fact that they are not according to law..."

Question: 42. Does the taxpayer need permission to appeal to the second or higher instance tribunals? *

Annexed:

Law of the Jurisdiction of Administrative Litigation

"Article 30. General acts or provisions dictated by the Public Administration, may be appealed directly before the Contentious-Administrative Jurisdiction, once they have entered into force through administrative channels. It will also be admissible the action against acts of a particular character that occur in application of general administrative acts, based on the fact that they are not according to law ... "

Question: 43. Is it necessary for the taxpayer to bring his case first before an administrative court to quash the assessment / decision, before the case can proceed to a judicial hearing? *

Annexed:

Law of the Jurisdiction of Administrative Litigation

"Article 42. To admit the contentious-administrative claim, it will be an essential requirement to exhaust the administrative route. Administrative remedies shall be deemed to have been exhausted: a) When the administrative appeals provided for in the case in question have been filed in due time and form; b) When expressly provided by law. "

Question: 44. Are there time limits applicable for a tax case to complete the judicial appeal process? *

Annexed:

Law of the Jurisdiction of Administrative Litigation

"Article 103. When the action consisted of challenging any act on the setting or liquidation of taxes, contributions, fees, fines and other income or public credits definitely established through administrative channels, and it was not the administration that sued against its own act, the procedure shall be will adjust to the provisions of this Section."

"Article 105. The deadlines for the presentation and answer of the claim, for the proposition and evacuation of the evidence and to formulate conclusions, are reduced by half in relation to this procedure."

Question:78. Is there a taxpayers 'charter or taxpayers' bill of rights in your country? * Question:79. If yes, are its provisions legally effective? *

Annexed:

Honduras Tax Code

CHAPTER V RIGHTS OF THE TAX OBLIGATES

- "Article 55.- RIGHTS AND GUARANTEES OF THE TAX OBLIGATES. In addition to those established by other laws, the following are the rights of taxpayers:
- 1) Right to be treated with decorum, respect, dignity, impartiality and ethics by the personnel at the service of the Secretary of State in the Office of Finance (SEFIN), Superintendency of Customs Tax, Tax Administration and Customs Administration;
- 2) Right to register and obtain your National Tax Registry (RTN). Issuance for the first time must be immediate and free, in accordance with the procedure contained in this Code. When it is issued by electronic means, its emission and replacements must be free:
- 3) Right to the confidentiality of the data, reports and tax and customs records, as well as the information contained in the declarations, reports and studies of the taxpayers presented before the Secretary of State in the Office of Finance (SEFIN), Superintendency Customs Tax, Tax Administration and Customs Administration, in the terms provided by Law;
- 4) Right to be informed in writing and verbally; and be assisted personally, by the Secretary of State in the Finance Office (SEFIN), the Customs Tax Superintendency, the Tax Administration and Customs Administration, in the exercise of their rights and the fulfillment of their obligations;

- 5) Right to carry out all the requests and questions that are formulated in the tax application procedures, as well as to obtain access to the files and other cases brought before the competent administrative instances;
- 6) Right to obtain a copy of: a) The documents that make up the files as long as they are not in the process of resolution; b) The declarations, reports and studies that the Tax Obligor has submitted; c) Other actions carried out under the terms provided in the Law, except those derived from tax investigations that have not been concluded; and, d) Right to obtain a full copy of all the actions contained in the file, which must be delivered once the respective administrative instance has concluded an audit and the corresponding resolution is notified.
- 7) Present complaints or complaints to the National Human Rights Commission (CONADEH) and other competent bodies, when the corresponding administrative body does not guarantee or respect their rights;
- 8) The right not to provide the documents already presented in any diligence, file or procedure, which are in the possession of the Secretary of State in the Office of Finance (SEFIN), the Customs Tax Superintendency, the Tax Administration or the Customs Administration;
- 9) Right of repetition of the payments made and return of the excess payments that proceed within the period established in this Code;
- 10) Right to be applied ex officio or at the request of a party, the prescription of the corresponding action, to determine obligations, impose sanctions and demand the payment of the tax or customs debt in the cases provided for in this Code;
- 11) Right to know the status of the administrative actions and the processing of the procedures in which it is a party and to have physical access to them;
- 12) Right to identify the personnel of the Secretary of State in the Finance Office (SEFIN), the Customs Tax Superintendency, the Tax Administration and the Customs Administration, under whose responsibility the procedures in which they are a party are executed:
- 13) Right to be informed at the beginning of the verification or inspection actions, about their nature and scope, as well as their rights and obligations in the course of such actions and that they are developed within the legal deadlines;
- 14) Right to rectification of statements in accordance with the provisions of this Code;
- 15) The right that no material action limits the rights established in this Code and other tax and customs laws, without the decision that serves as a legal basis having been previously adopted and legally communicated;
- 16) Right to challenge the resolutions issued by the Secretary of State in the Finance Office (SEFIN), the Customs Tax Superintendency, the Tax Administration and the

Customs Administration, that affect them, in accordance with the provisions of this Code and to obtain an express statement of the same within the terms contained in this Code;

- 17) Right to the presumption of innocence, due process, to be heard and defeated in court and to the right of defense; Y,
- 18) Right to present allegations and evidence, within the terms of the Law. Valid evidence in favor of the taxpayer is any information that has been published in official electronic media of the Tax Administration or the Customs Administration, when applicable.

The taxpayers can act by themselves or, through a procedural representative or legal representative.

The aforementioned rights do not exclude those set forth in other laws and those derived from International Treaties or Conventions.. "

"Article 56.- INFORMATION RIGHTS IN FAVOR OF THE TAX OBLIGATOR AND OBLIGATION OF STATE ASSISTANCE TO FACILITATE VOLUNTARY COMPLIANCE. The Tax Administration and the Customs Administration must provide assistance to taxpayers in the voluntary fulfillment of their obligations, through the means they deem appropriate, in particular their sites or other electronic mechanisms and, for this, they must:

- 1) Provide the taxpayers with computer assistance programs for the preparation and presentation of returns, self-assessments and data communications, as well as for the fulfillment of other obligations;
- 2) Explain the tax and customs regulations using clear and accessible language as far as possible and, in cases where they are complex in nature, prepare and distribute by physical or electronic means, explanatory brochures to taxpayers;
- 3) Prepare, socialize and distribute the declaration forms so that they can be completed by the taxpayers and informing the dates and places of presentation;
- 4) Disseminate, publish and update the procedures and requirements of all the actions that, by mandate of this Code, other laws or regulations must be carried out before specific administrative bodies of a tax and customs nature, and must also publish the flow charts of the processes corresponding, detailing the instances and agencies that must dictate and pronounce for each process;
- 5) Indicate precisely which is the document to present, in the requirements by which the taxpayers are required to submit declarations, communications, reports and other documents to which they are required;

- 6) Disseminate and keep updated all the information that refers to instructions, help software, procedures, procedural norms for the application of regulations in tax and customs matters, among others, on its electronic portal;
- 7) Systematize by dates and thematic axes the legislation, regulations and other promulgated and current norms, in such a way that they facilitate their knowledge by the taxpayers. Likewise, it must keep separately, all those rules that have been repealed for permanent consultation;
- 8) Maintain available to taxpayers, by electronic and similar means, the updated versions of the tax and customs procedural rules. Administrations must update their files of standards within a period of no more than ten (10) business days after their publication in the Official Gazette "La Gaceta";
- 9) Disseminate among taxpayers the resources and means of defense that can be asserted against the resolutions and acts of a general nature issued by public entities related to tax and customs matters;
- 10) Promote training workshops for taxpayers from different social sectors and the country's economy, on the application of tax and customs regulations; likewise, install tax and customs help and instruction tables during the main periods for filing declarations or when it is intended to approve new laws of a tax or customs nature;
- 11) Disseminate, publish and keep updated information on tax collection goals and the behavior of tax revenues; all information related to imports through the country's customs, informing at least about the imported goods and merchandise, their tariff positions and taxes paid; as well as all the statistics that the Secretary of State in the Office of Finance (SEFIN) and the Tax Administration and Customs Administration produce on the fulfillment of income goals, tax evasion, the behavior of taxpayers, among others;
- 12) Publish and update the programs, projects and operational plans of the different work units on an annual basis. Likewise, the criteria for classifying the different categories of taxpayers, the criteria for carrying out the collection functions; Y,
- 13) Take any other action to achieve the stated objectives. "

"Article 57.-SPECIAL DEFENDER'S OFFICE FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE TAX OBLIGATOR. The Special Ombudsman for the Protection of the Tax Obligor is created, as a unit or agency attached to the National Commissioner for Human Rights (CONADEH), so that within the framework of its powers in the defense of the fundamental rights of natural or legal persons, With or without legal personality, ensure the rights of taxpayers, before the tax and customs authorities."